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The Irish Times.

14 PAGES. PRICE 2D. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1927. VOL. LXIX. NO. 21,[illegible]

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ROLL OF HONOUR.

IN MEMORIAM.
(1914-1918.)

LINDE—In loving memory of Harry Eyre Lindé, who died of wounds received in France 24th June, 1917.

BIRTHS.

NIXON—June 11, 1927, at "Home Farm," Glassiough, to Mr. and Mrs. Eric E. Nixon, "Prospect House," Ballymahon, a son (Osmond James George).

O'LEARY—June 20, 1927, at The Pharmacy, Boyle, County Roscommon, to Mr. and Mrs. M. C. O'Leary, a daughter (Orlaith Angela).

SINCLAIR—June 21, 1927, at Srinagur, Kashmir, to Marjory, wife of Captain M. C. Sinclair, 2nd Assistant Resident, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BYRNE and SMYTH—June 14, 1927, at the Church of Our Immaculate Lady of Refuge, Ratiminies, with Nuptial Mass, by the Rev. John MacMahon, C.C., Kevin P. Byrne, 151 Rathmines road, Dublin, to Roseanna (Rose), Smyth, Oldcastle, County Meath.

McGRATH and PHILLIPS—June 2, 1927, at the University Church, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, with Nuptial Mass, by the Rev. Canon Cawley, P.P., Collooney, County Sligo, John F. McGrath, Provincial Bank, Kilmallock, eldest son of Mrs. and the late Patrick McGrath, New street, Carrick-on-Suir, to Elsie, second daughter of the late John and Mrs. Phillips, Rhinn, Collooney, County Sligo.

PARKER SMITH and CROSBIE—June 8, 1927, at St. Gwynan's Church, Dwygyfylchi, Wales, Henry Parker Smith, Westernin, Penmaenmawr, to Dorothy, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Crosbie, Craig Wen, Penmaenmawr.

WEST and REYNOLDS—June 18, 1927, at St. Paul's, East Kolsey, by the Rev. H. MacMullen, Augustus Cuthbert Erskine West, 10th Baluch Regiment, I.A., elder son of Erskine Eyre West, of Sheyswell, Highfield road, to Mabella Lyall, elder daughter of Charles Hilton Reynolds, of 7 Rusthall avenue, Bedford Park, London, W.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

BARRY—June 22, 1927, at his residence, Oldcastle, County Meath, Patrick Barry, ex-Sergeant, R.I.C. R.I.P. Funeral to-day (Friday) to Oldcastle Cemetery at 2 o'clock.

BOAKE—June 23, 1927, at Craceville, Carlow, Grace Boake, widow of the late William Henry Boake, Carlow. Funeral leaves for Killeshin on Sunday at 3 o'clock (summer time).

BRADY—June 22, 1927, at Mountain View, Clonmel, Elizabeth Jane (Liz), the dearly-loved wife of Henry Brady, ex-Head Constable, R.I.C. "At rest." Funeral to St. Patrick's Cemetery at 2.30 p.m. to-morrow (Saturday), 25th inst.

CAMPBELL—June 23, 1927, at his son's residence, 41 Heytesbury street, suddenly, William James Campbell, aged 73. "Peace, perfect peace." Funeral private

GARDINER—June 18, 1927, Elizabeth, dearly-beloved wife of Mathew John Gardiner, late surveyor, General Post Office, of "Lisduane," Rowlands Castle, Hants.

HUSTON—June 23, 1927, at County Infirmary, Armagh, Robert Todd, M.R.C.V.S., Dean's Bridge, Armagh, son of the late Charles Todd Huston, M.D., Tynan. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 25th inst., at 12 noon from Dean's Bridge.

MACKINTOSH—June 23, 1927, at her son's residence, 6 Alexandra terrace, Enniskillen, Elizabeth, widow of the late John Mackintosh, N.T., Rossnowlagh. Funeral at Ballyshannon 2 p.m. to-morrow (Saturday).

ROPER—June 23, 1927, Alexandra Fanny, eldest daughter of the late Alexander Roper, of 55 Leeson Park, Dublin, and grand-daughter of the late Charles FitzGerald, of Lackagh, and Rathgar, County Dublin. Funeral private.

STOKES—June 22, 1927, at his residence, The Hermitage, Dungarvan, Arthur James Stokes, son of the late Major-General Oliver Robert Stokes, of Lossiogh, Tralee. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 4 p.m., from house.

TYRRELL—June 22, 1927, at his residence, Clough, Gorey, County Wexford, John J. Tyrrell. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral to Ballycoogher Cemetery to-day (Friday) at 2 o'clock (old time). Office and High Mass to-morrow (Saturday) morning at 11 o'clock (old time).

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mrs. Brangan and family return sincere thanks to their many kind friends who sympathised with them in their recent sad bereavement.

IN MEMORIAM.

ARIGHO—In loving memory of Mary Josephine Arigho (Mamie), Eglinton Lodge, Monkstown, who died June 24th, 1926. Inserted by her loving husband and family.

FITZMAURICE—First Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of our dear mother, Anastatia Mary Fitzmaurice, who died June 24, 1926, at 2 Orchard terrace, N.C. road, Dublin. R.I.P. Inserted by her sorrowing sons.

JEFFARES—First and Fourth Anniversary—In loving memory of William Joseph and Richard Gerard Jeffares, whose anniversaries occur at this time. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on them.

KAY—In loving memory of our dear Daddy, William Robertson Kay, whom God called 24th June, 1926. Sadly missed by Mamie and the children. "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes, and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain . . . and there shall be no night there."

TENNANT—In loving memory of William Collier Tennant, Carrigbeg, who fell asleep June 24th, 1926

All is dark within our dwelling
Lonely is our home to-day,
For the one that smiled to cheer us
Has for ever passed away.
Inserted by mother and brother.

TENNANT—In ever-loving memory of my dearly-beloved brother, Willie, who fell asleep in Jesus 24th June, 1926. "For ever with the Lord."—Fannie.

TENNANT—In loving memory of dear Uncle Willie, who was called Home 24th June, 1926.
'Mid pastures green He'll lead His flock,
Where living streams appear:
And God, the Lord, from every eye
Shall wipe off every tear.
Evelyn and Freda.

WEBB—In loving memory of our beloved son, Wilson Webb, R.A.F., who died, Mesopotamia, 24th June, 1926, late of Winder place, Greystones, County Wicklow.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

RE JOHN KELLY, late of Curraghlarana, Fethard, County Tipperary, Farmer, Deceased, who died 24th October, 1924.—Creditors are requested to send forthwith particulars of their claims to the undersigned. Dated this 23rd day of June, 1927.—MALLEY and CO., Solicitors, 32 Nassau street, Dublin.

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A copy of the plans and specification may be obtained on application to this Office on deposit in each case of £1, which will be refunded on return of the Plans and Specification.
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LONDON—Ritz Court Hotel, Leinster square, Hyde Park, W.2. Bed and breakfast 6/6, Dinner 2/6. Weekly terms on application. Also Ritz Court Hotel, Brighton, from £3 3/- weekly. Facing sea.

LONDON—TAVISTOCK HOTEL, Covent Garden (2 min. Tube); bedroom, breakfast, bath attendance, 9/6; Double Bedroom, 16/6.

SOUTHPORT—"Clifton Hotel." Prom (Largest Unlicensed); Orchestra, Garage; Splendid Golf and Tennis centre. Tel 641. Grams. "Marine."

ILFRACOMBE—CRESCENT HOTEL, New Ball room; R.A.C., A.A.; facing Capstone; accommodation for 120. Illustrated tariff, E.6. 'Phone 13

LLANDUDNO—Ormescliffe Hotel, sea front accom. 300; orchestra; dances daily; garage

LLANDUDNO—GLENORMES, cen. of Prom.; entirely up-to-date; ex.cu. Terms mod. Tel. 643

HOTELS AND HEALTH RESORTS.

ISLE OF MAN for Happy Holidays. Offers greatest variety within smallest area. Special attractions during June. Full particulars free from Tourist Agents, or J. K. Clague, Advtg. Dept., I.O.M.

DOUGLAS, I.O.M.—Illustrated Guide free, 104 Pages full of interesting information, and list of best houses.—A. VICK, Town Hall, Douglas.

DOUGLAS—HOTEL SEFTON—First class, with exceptionally reasonable tariff; centre sea front, accommodate 200; Tennis Courts; Mansland's Brightest and Best Hotel. Booklet from Manager.

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man.—Castle Mona Hotel, formerly residence of Duke of Atholl; most central position in Douglas, in own private grounds; every modern convenience; tennis and golf within easy reach. Apply Manageress.

DOUGLAS—"TETLOW'S," QUEEN'S PROMENADE FOR A GOOD HOLIDAY. BEST OF EVERYTHING. TERMS REASONABLE.

DOUGLAS: Belvedere | Loch Promenade (R.A.C. & A.C.U.) Electric light. Bed, B'fast, A late Hotel. | Dinner, 9/6. Booklet.—ADAMS.

DOUGLAS.—ANTRIM PRIVATE HOTEL, Central Promenade. Sea view every room. Excellent Tariff. Booklet from D. SPENCER.

DOUGLAS, ISLE OF MAN
THE CARLTON RESIDENTIAL HOTEL.
Loch Promenade. Liberal table. Personal supervision. Satisfaction guaranteed. Inclusive terms, 10/6 per day.—F. HODGKINS.

DOUGLAS.—"Ducker's Trevelyan" Residential Hotel. Queen's Prom. (R.A.C. & A.C.U.). Garage. Telegrams: "Ducker, 'phone Douglas."

DOUGLAS.—"CRAWFORD" PRIVATE HOTEL, Central Promenade. Personal Supervision. Tariff and Booklet T. WORDSWORTH, Proprietress

DOUGLAS.—HOLMES' "SANDYFORD," Queen's Prom. Refs. 1904. New Lounge & Dance Room, 1926. Illus. Tariff from T. HOLMES.

DOUGLAS.—Ashfield Private Hotel, Central Prom. All rooms face sea. Excellent Cuisine. Terms on application to T. SIMPSON, Proprietress.

DOUGLAS.—AVONDALE Central Promenade, Facing Sea. Personal Attention. L. BEARD.

DOUGLAS.—BERESFORD PRIVATE HOTEL, Central Promenade. Economy with Luxury. Attractive Early Season Terms. Late Dinner. Illustrated Tariff and Menus Free. Jay Hotchkiss.

DOUGLAS, "Grosvenor," Cen. Prom. High-class Bdg. Est. Finest position on front. Everything the best. A real holiday retreat. Hearty welcome to our Irish patrons. Terms very moderate.—Mrs. Carine.

DOUGLAS.—DOMINION PRIVATE HOTEL, Queen's Prom. Late Dinner. Elec. Light. Dance Room. Excellent Catering. Tariff. Arthur Hotchkiss.

DOUGLAS—IMPERIAL PRIVATE HOTEL, Central Promenade. Separate Tables. Sea view every window. Illustrated Tariff.—WALKER.

DOUGLAS—RUTLAND PRIVATE HOTEL, CENTRAL PROMENADE. SEA FRONT. TERMS MODERATE.—M. E. MULVANEY.

DOUGLAS—EMPRESS PRIVATE HOTEL, CENTRAL PROMENADE. SEA FRONT. 250 GUESTS. DANCING, ENTERTAINMENTS, BILLIARDS. GARAGE.—I. T. BOYD.

DOUGLAS—STAFFORD HOUSE PRIVATE Hotel (Licensed), Queen's Promenade; electric light, late dinner, separate tables.—Mrs Tattersall.

DOUGLAS—MILNE'S WAVERLEY, Queen's Prom. The Island's most beautiful guest house. Accom. 200. Ent. Lounge. Old English entertaining rooms. Dance room. Lift. Illus. tariff.—T. MILNE.

DOUGLAS. PROMENADE "CLAREMONT." Excellent Menu and Service.—Tariff, H. Chadwick.

DOUGLAS—Hadfield, Private Hotel, Cent. Prom. Ideal situation; electric light; separate tables. 26 years' experience.—H. Spafford, late Marlborough.

DOUGLAS—"CLIFTON" PRIVATE HOTEL, CENTRAL PROMENADE.
FOR A PERFECT HOLIDAY. R. H. Hampson.

BEVERIDGE'S PRIVATE HOTEL, BROADWAY
Tariff and Menus from T. WAITE, Prop.

DOUGLAS.—Eyton House, Bdg. Est., Metropole of Mansions, Queen's Prom.—Terms: Miss Burrows.

DOUGLAS, ISLE OF MAN—The "Irish Times" can be had from Mr. B. M. Keogh, 2 Seamount, Queen's Prom.

ISLE OF MAN—Castletown Golf Links and Hotel. Under new management. Premier 18-hole links on island. Excellent cuisine. Inclusive terms from 13/6. Apply THE SECRETARY.

PORT ERIN.—GOLF LINKS PRIVATE HOTEL, Prom. Elec. light. Hot & cold water all bedrooms. Close to links and tennis. Tariff J. Latimer.

PORT Erin, Isle of Man—Belle Vue Hotel, beautifully situated, overlooking bay; electric light, dancing, excellent table, golf, tennis, bathing. Apply R. Gray, Manager.

PORT ST. MARY.—"GOLF LINKS" HOTEL, Built on Cliff. Fishing, Boating, Bathing and Dancing. Booklet from SCHOFIELD.

COLWYN BAY, Rhos. The Towers, Whitehall road.—Tennis, Golf, Dancing, Bathing. Tel. 253

OSTEND—ROYAL PHARE HOTEL, Facing Sea. 150 Rooms. Inclusive terms from 12/6 per day. Running water, h. and c. English Proprietor.

CITY OF DUBLIN ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

Items of interest from Directors
REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET
for year ended 31st December, 1926.

Certified by Purtill & Co., Auditors, 16 College Green . . . . Dublin.

TOTAL INCOME FOR YEAR - - £90,150 18 4½
CLAIMS AND SURRENDERS - - £31,928 18 9
TOTAL ASSETS - - - - £117,132 1 7½

C. W. GUEST, F.C., F.F.I., Managing Director.

WE REQUIRE SEVERAL ADDITIONAL AGENTS

The figures excludes

Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

A FEW good bargains in Secondhand Cars are available at Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., 57 and 58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin. Call and inspect. T

IRISH FREE STATE'S LARGEST SUNBEAM DISTRIBUTOR.
Sunbeam Specialties for 19 years:
T. J. ROGERS, 42-3 SOUTH KING ST., DUBLIN T

ANSALDO—THE ITALIAN ENGINEERING MASTERPIECE.
13-40 h.p. Tourers, £375 delivered.
T. J. ROGERS, 42-3 SOUTH KING ST., DUBLIN.

ABSOLUTELY new 11/50 h.p. Rhode Saloon, 20 per cent. off retail price; also one Demonstration Car, 6-Seater Tourer, in perfect order, at greatly reduced price.—A. F Hues, 106/107 Middle Abbey street, Dublin. 20 A

ABROL Johnstone 5 Seater, well preserved, in good order, 6 wheels, tyres almost new. Seen at M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 21 F

A TRIUMPH (1926) 15 h.p. Five Seater, all weather body, leather upholstery, four wheel brakes, 6,000 miles only, lately repainted and 1927 improvements added, specially tuned; indistinguishable from new, guaranteed perfect; any trial given; list price £475, accept £360.—Triumph Company, 12 St. Andrew street. 22 A

AUSTIN Saloon, 20 h.p., 1922, self starter, electric light, in very good condition, any trial, bargain for immediate sale, £70.—P 923, this office. 23 B

A TRIUMPH 1926 15 h.p. Five Seater, all weather body, leather upholstery, four wheel brakes, 6,000 miles only, lately repainted and 1927 improvements added, specially tuned; indistinguishable from new, guaranteed perfect; any trial given; list price £475, accept £360.—Triumph Company, 12 St. Andrew street. 22 A

CITROEN 1925 2/3 Seater, equal new, tax paid; also Clover 2/3 Seater, in excellent condition and guaranteed; reasonable prices; any trial.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 20 F.

CLINO Car for Sale, all on, electric light, etc.; small mileage done; late 1925 model, perfect order; £295.—P 905, this office. 23 F

CHALMERS for Sale; no reasonable offer refused; deposit and instalments accepted.—Cherrick's Garage, Rathmines road. 22 A

DRIVE Yourself—A large selection of good Cars to choose from; charges moderate; 2 and 4/5 seaters.—Andrew J. Doyle, 51 South King street, Dublin. 'Phone 2721.

DODGE Touring Car, in good condition, cash price £60; any trial or examination invited.—Andrew J. Doyle, 51 South King street, Dublin. 22 A

DRIVING Lessons given by Gentleman Owner Driver, with thorough mechanical knowledge; efficient teaching on any make of car.—P 884, this office. 23 B

FIAT CARS
Authorised Dealers:
JOHN O'NEILL, LTD.,
25 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

FIAT Cars, all the newest models in stock, for immediate delivery.—Andrew J. Doyle, Fiat Depot, 51 South King street, Dublin. 'Phone, 2721. T

FOR Sale, Whitelev Car, suitable for taxi. Apply Fitzgerald, 134b Rathgar road. 20 F

FORD Car, Sedans, Trucks, Vans, and Tractors in stock; easy payments arranged privately.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 21 F

FORD Fordor Sedan; Comfort tyres; as new, £125.—Lanceist, 12 Brighton road, Rathgar. 22 A

FIAT Four Seater, 10/15 h.p., 1926 Model; perfect; owner purchased Saloon; reasonable price.—Scullan's Garage, Lower Pembroke street. 22 A

FIAT 10/15 h.p., 1926 model 2/3 seater, with dickey seat, tax paid, grand condition, £210 or nearest offer; guaranteed.—Andrew J. Doyle, Fiat Agent, 51 South King street, Dublin. 'Phone 2721. 22 A

FORD, 1927 Sedan, done 1,000 miles, as new; £300 (instalments). Address "Z 3391, Ford," this office. T

FOR Sale, Morris Oxford 2 Seater and Double Dickey, in perfect order, appearance as new; trial given. Address "Z 3352, Car," this office. T

GENTLEMAN owner driver light car will teach Motor Driving or Hire self and Car out for any time or distance, careful driver; moderate charges. Apply A. H. W., 42 Grove road, Balham, London, S.W. 12. T

HUMBER CARS
Authorised Dealers:
JOHN O'NEILL, LTD.,
25 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

HOLIDAYS—Hire a Car and drive yourself.—O'Connell Bridge Garage, 2 Aston's place. 'Phone 1261. 20 E

HILLMAN 1921 2 Seater, with dicky, perfect running order, self starter, electric light, two spare wheels; recently overhauled.—P 860, this office. 22 A

HILLMAN 1925 Four Seater, all weather body, tax £11, perfect mechanical condition, owner driven, mileage 7,000; cost £390, accept offer nearest £220. Tidmarsh, Lota, Limerick. 22 F

HUMBER Five Seater, thoroughly overhauled; any trial. Seen any time, 2 Hendrick street. 23 F

LADY, with own car, would arrange Excursions till end of July, whole day or half day; luncheon or tea baskets supplied at moderate price.—P 890, this office. 23 F

MOTOR Hoods Re-covered Curtains, Loose Covers.—Harris, 11 South King street. 20 A

MORRIS 2 Seater, blue, just arrived; first cheque secures, £193, plus carriage.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 21 F

MORRIS Oxford 1925 Five Seater, in perfect condition, tor Sale; owner drives; any trial.—P 856, this office. 22 A

MORRIS Cowley, late model, 4 seater, small mileage, self starter, speedometer, electric light, splendid order, £100.—P 1964, this office. 23 B

REPAIRS under personal and qualified supervision. We are always ready to tackle the most delicate repair job to any make of motor car; moderate prices for guaranteed work.—Ashenhurst, Williams and Co., Ltd., 12/15 Talbot place, Dublin. 21 E

SECONDHAND Cars, guaranteed condition, two and four seaters, at greatly reduced prices, cash or deferred payments. Seen, The Garage, Dawson lane, Dublin. T

SUNBEAM Touring Car, roomy, self starter, electric light, tax paid, 16 h.p.; any examination invited; cash price £130.—Andrew J. Doyle, 51 South King street, Dublin. 22 A

SECONDHAND Cars; good condition, moderate prices. Touring Cars, Riley Special, Rhode 20 Model, Hupmobile, Windsor Two Seater, 27 Model Austin Landaulette, suitable for hiring.—Grady, Dawson street. Agent for Riley and Singer Cars.

TROJAN Car on pneumatic tyres, convertible to Coupe and Van, in good order and condition, £45.—Apply Ashenhurst, Williams and Co., Ltd., 12/15 Talbot place, Dublin. 21 E

TROJAN 5 door Model on balloon tyres, ready for immediate delivery from stock; price £180, delivered.—Ashenhurst, Williams and Co., Ltd., 12/15 Talbot place, Dublin. 21 E

TALBOT Limousine (1914), very sound, excellent coachwork proposition; reasonable offer accepted.—P 703, this office. 21 F

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

TWO Sester, 9 h.p. Dickey Seat, E.L., 36 miles to gallon; also two street Taxis. Seen year 30 Harcourt street. 23 B

VAUXHALL 14-40 h.p., tax £14, in new condition, only wants to be seen. Apply F 731, this office. 21 F

VELIE 4-5 Seater 6-cylinder all weather Touring Car, as new, only run 5,000 miles, owner driven; cost £550. What offers?—P 894, this office. 21 F

10 H.P. Swift Car, late 1926, condition as new.—P 703, this office. 21 F

15.9 H.P. Fiat Landaulette, good condition, owner driven would make excellent taxi; any trial; cheap to immediate purchaser. Apply Buckley's Motors, Ltd., 24 Lower Abbey street. 20 E

1924 MORRIS Cowley Two Seater; splendid commercial bargain.—65 Lower Leeson street. 21 F

WANTED.

LANDAULETTE required, suit high class taxi work; late model preferred.—P 620, this office. 20 E

WANTED, Chevrolet or Ford Saloon, cheap; state year to matter what condition. Address "Z 3338, Motor," this office. 17 D

WANTED, good, reliable 2 Seater Car, with dicky; must be in good condition and cheap; privately owned; send particulars.—John Lynch, Streamstown. 21 E

GARAGE ACCOMMODATION AND REPAIRS.

GARAGE Wanted, small, lock-up accommodate two motor cycles, Island Bridge or vicinity.—P 857, this office. 22 A

GARAGE or Store (one car), water; cement.—7 Upper Pembroke street. 23 B

GARAGE to let, good yard and water; front entrance.—137 Rathgar road.

LARGE Lock-Up Garages from 5/-; also Assorted Premises, suitable storage, manufacturing purposes, Rathmines road. Apply Barron, 3 Upper Camden street. 'Phone 52188. 12 T

MOTOR CYCLES.

A1—INSPECT the Renowned Supercharged Dunelt, £45, delivered; also Sunbeams and New "Imps." Easy payments on all.—Wayte Bros., 1/4 Harry street.

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, 3a Pembroke, Wintetavern street (opposite Post Court); new garage.

ALL B.S.A. Models from £44 10/-, or £5 1/- monthly.—Woods, Westland row. 24 21

NORTON, NEW IMPERIAL MORGAN
RUNABOUTS
Cash or Easy Payments.
Full Range on View
J. J. KELLY
27 BACHELOR'S WALK. 26 X

MOTOR Cycle—1925 New Imperial, 21; Terry saddle, mileage 1,400, condition perfect; guaranteed.—P 748, this office. 21 F

MORGAN Aero Sports Model on view; £4 road tax; 50 m.p.g.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk T

NORTON—A complete range of new Models and Sidecars on view. Ask for particulars of easy payments.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

TRIUMPH Motor Cycles, all models, for cash and easy payments. Authorised Retailers' Depot.—Andrew J. Doyle, 51 South King street, Dublin. T

VELOCETTE Motor Cycles, all K. Models on view, Henlil Motors, Molesworth place. 23 D

31 P. AND M. Combination, fully equipped (speedometer), £17, any time.—23 Sandymount Green.

8 H.P. Matchless, Model H (1921), in perfect mechanical order; fully equipped.—Brewster's, Bank street, Oldcastle. 20 D

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

COMMER Cars can now be obtained on the Hire Purchase System. Apply Collier, Main street, Bray, Co. Wicklow.

CROSSLEY Chassis, suitable for 14 seater Charabanc or bus body, full nosed type; cheap. Apply Ashenhurst, Williams and Co., Ltd., 12/15 Talbot place, Dublin. 21 E

LEYLAND and Dennis Lorries Wanted for cash.—J. Campbell Parr, East street, Waterloo, Liverpool. 22 F

LEYLAND and other Lorries Wanted.—Lawther, 126 Disraeli street, Belfast. 23

METALLURGIQUE Motor Chassis for Sale, 36-40 h.p., in good working order; suitable for lorry.—P 908, this office. 23 B

WANTED, solid or semi solid wheel One Ton Ford Lorry.—Tighe, Rathmew. 20

5 TON Lorry Wanted, particulars; price.—Address "Z 3523, Lorry," this office. 23 A

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

ALL Dominion Royal Cord Tyres are good Tyres; all sizes in stock.—R. Sinclair, 35 Westland row. 'Phone, 62749. Telegrams, "Mototyres." Open until 6.30 Saturdays. Tyres fitted free.

ROBERTS' Tyre Depot for best value in New and Re-cut Tyres. Experts in vulcanising. Goodyear, 30 x 3½, £1 6s; 29 x 4.40, 24/-.—Foley street, near Amiens street, Dublin. 20 E

BICYCLES.

A1—THE World's Best (Sunbeam), also Centaur and Sparkbrook. Cash or easy payments.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Harry street.

AGENT for all leading makes of Cycles; cash or easy payments.—Kelly, 27 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

A TRUSTY TRIUMPH BICYCLE,
FROM £6 7/6, or 11/3 MONTHLY.
Fully Guaranteed.
Free Catalogue and Easy Payment Form from TRIUMPH COMPANY, 12 Saint Andrew street, Dublin.

BICYCLES Stocked—Ariel, Douglas, Enfield, Humber, Pierce, Raleigh, Rover, Rudge, Triumph. Easy payments arranged privately. Old Bicycles taken in part payment.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 21 F

FOR Sale, Rudge Cycle, good condition; cash—P 746, this office. 21 F

HUMBER Cycles—Get your 1927 Model. Cash or Easy Payments, at Keating's, 5 Bachelor's Walk (near Metal Bridge). 17 E

PIERCE Irish Made Cycles, new steel light models, ring or write for particulars. £21 secures any model from Keating's, 5 Bachelor's Walk (near Metal Bridge). 17 E

WANTED.

WANTED, Boy's Bicycle, 18"; must be in perfect condition and cheap.—P 892, this office.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

MECHANIC Driver required, capable doing repairs; garage experience necessary; state wages, experience, copy references.—Higgins, Garage, Limerick. 23 A

WANTED, Driver for private Car; must be experienced, and understand repairs and gardening, handy man. Apply Davis and Co., West Essex street.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR, 12 years' experience; well recommended; Protestant; married. Address "Z 3386, Chauffeur," this office. 20 E

CHAUFFEUR-Mechanic, 18 years' experience all cars, seeks position; highest references. Address "Z 3417, Chauffeur," this office. 21 F

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As letters addressed to initials or to Christian or fictitious names at a Post Office will not be dealt with, but immediately sent to Dead Letter Office, Advertisements with such addresses will not be inserted.

TRADE AND "MATRIMONIAL" ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS 1/- PER LINE.

SITUATIONS VACANT.
ORIGINAL Testimonials should not be enclosed with Replies to Advertisements.

24/11/'25

IRISH TIMES, LTD.
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos. 5036—5037.
BRANCH OFFICES:
RATHMINES—Castlewood Avenue.
'Phone—Rathmines 951
BELFAST—139 Royal Avenue.....'Phone 1787
CORK—33 Mar ·oro' Street.....'Phone 1064
LONDON—59 Fleet Street, E.C.4.....Central 4350
MANCHESTER—24 Market Place.....City 3084

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, Wicklow street, Diamond and Enamel Ring. Reward, 30 Wicklow street 20 E

LOST, Dresden Pocket Folding Camera, between Dublin and Kilcool; reward.—P 542, this office. 20 E

LOST, Monday, Blue Roan Cocker (Female), vicinity 64 North Circular; answers to "Bonso." Anyone found on paws; good reward.—10 Beaconsgh avenue, North Strand. Phone notified. 22 A

LOST, Thursday, Nassau street, Letterook, Driver's Licence, 2 R.D.S. Badges; reward.—P 931, this office or 5 Allesbury road.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

APPRENTICE Wanted for Ironmongery and General Hardware, well educated Protestant Youth, by leading City Firm; progressive salary; state age, preference copies.—P 763, this office. 21 F

A BANDON Unemployment—Parents and Guardians desirous of placing their boys to best advantage in Wireless, Electrical or Submarine Cable Services are requested to write for Prospectus, post free 6d., to Secretary, Atlantic College, 45/47 Henry street, Dublin. Established nearly 20 years. 13 Z

A WOMAN'S True Character is revealed in her handwriting. Thousands of Irishwomen have had their character delineated in the "Weekly Irish Times." Secure the coupon from to-day's issue, and send a specimen of your handwriting. 17 E

ADVERTISER wants Upright or small Grand Piano for state particulars.—P 723, this office. 21 F

A BOY Round Piano for Sale, £65; would take Cottage Piano or Motor Cycle up to £30 in part payment.—P 749, this office. 21 F

A BEAUTIFUL Upright Full iron frame Piano; £35; cost double; bargain.—P 901, this office. 23 B

A FOR Sale, good Cottage Piano, in excellent condition.—P 927, this office. 23 F

A GRAMOPHONE Stores. Only address, Johnston's Court (beside Clarendon street Church). Grafton street. Buy Baltons Records

A PIANO, 8ft. Boch, check action, new; cost £120; bargain.—492 North Circular road. 21 F

A PIANO Wanted by country Buyer; state price, make, particulars.—P 780, this office. 21 A

A WANTED, Cottage Piano, needing slight repairs no objection; please state price.—P 893, this office.

ADVANCES on Endowment Policies, Deeds, War Loans, Post-dated Cheques.—Elkman, 49 Aungier street. 26 16

AN old established Firm of Readymade Clothing Manufacturers requires the services of experienced men in the Free State (each a separate district), on commission basis. Must have good connection, and be well recommended. Replies treated as strictly confidential.—P 741, this office. 21 F

AN energetic, tactful Outdoor Sales Representative, with initiative, about 25, to handle a high class Household Product, through leading Dublin firm; post carries free training and high returns for hard work; good appearance essential; give full particulars.—P 905, this office.

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GENERAL Agent required for Ireland, able to take consignment stock of First Class Motor Cars; 10 guineas required for samples. Write to the Sole Manufacturers, Dr. Schroder and Co., Bahnenfeld, Germany. 22 F

RELIABLE Agent Wanted for the Free State, to Sell leading Scotch Manufacturer's Frocks, Jumper Blouses, and Overalls on the best Mill Prices. Reply stating towns called on regularly. F 773, this office.

WANTED, reliable Yarn Agent for Ulster, also for the Free State of Ireland for Hosiery Yarns; good connection essential. Apply to Atkinson and Ledlie, Ltd., St. Peg Mills, Cleckheaton, Yorkshire, England.

AGENCIES AND SITUATIONS WANTED.

AGENCIES Wanted—Cattle Feeding, Calf Meal, A. Pollard, Bran, etc. Good traders' connection South of Ireland. Address "Z 3536, Agencies," this office.

TRAVELLER, own motor, wants position. Address "Z 3399, Traveller," this office. 20 B

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ALL Expert Work—Manuscripts Typed rapidly, Confidential Correspondence, Duplicating, Accurate Reporting. All translations.—Emergency Secretarial Service, 76 Dawson street. 'Phone 4559.

DUPLICATING and English Typewriting—Take your work to the most famous Firm for this work in the world. Quick, accurate, reasonable. All languages. Illustrations, Tabulated Plans.—Roneo Agency, 8 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. Wire—Roneo. Tel. 1782. T

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS, OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

POSITIONS VACANT.

EXPERIENCED Hotel Cook required immediately; small number of residents. Reference; hours 11 and 3.30.—Vaughan's Hotel, Dublin. 23 B

STILLROOM Maid Wanted; must be experienced. Apply Royal Hibernian Hotel. 22 B

WANTED immediately, good Cook, also good table Waitress; state wages, etc.—Mrs. Cheevers, Taylor's Hill Private Hotel, Galway. 21 F

WANTED, General, for Taylor's Hotel, Ardrahan. For particulars apply to R. Taylor, Ardrahan.

WANTED for hotel in Midlands, a Lady Bookkeeper (R.C.), tabulat system, capable taking complete charge office. Address, stating age and salary expected, "Z 3476, Bookkeeper," this office. 22 F

WANTED, first class Cook General, with good experience; wages £35.—Queen's Hotel, Kingstown. 22 A

WANTED immediately, thoroughly experienced Waitress; wages £30.—Apply, between 2 and 3, with references, Royal Marine Hotel, Kingstown. 22 B

WANTED, Cook (general), Heath, commercial hotel; good cook; satisfactory references. Address "Z 3389, Cook," this office. 20 F

WANTED, Dish Washer, for first class Restaurant; also Door Man, strong physique; ex-Service man preferred; good references essential.—Apply, this office.

WANTED immediately, first and second Bookkeeper for seaside hotel, near Dublin; must be experienced. Apply stating fully experience and references, to F 867, this office. 23 F

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

EXPERIENCED young Porter, day or night; hotel, club, institution.—P 870, this office.

HOUSEMAID or Housemaid Waitress, hotel or R.I. institution; good papers.—P 864, this office.

THOROUGHLY experienced Hotel Housekeeper or Assistant Manageress; highly recommended.—P 937, this office. 23 A

THOROUGHLY experienced Motel Cook wishes engagement, city or country; highest references.—P 914, this office.

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

A JUNIOR (17), smartly engaged, desires change, to gain more experience. Solicitor's Office.—P 931, this office. 20 E

SOLICITOR, experienced, requires position as Assistant to Dublin Firm; moderate salary.—P 883, this office. 23 F

WANTED, by Solicitor's Office, Temporary Typist and Bookkeeper; state experience and salary.—P 846, this office. 23 F

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

ASSISTANT required, Dispensing and Retail, country town; Qualified preferred; good experience necessary; full particulars, salary expected (indoor).—P 571, this office. 20 E

APPRENTICESHIP—Boy, aged twenty, R.C., wanted to serve apprenticeship to Dispensing Chemist (indoor); state terms. Address "Z 3459, Apprentice," this office. 22 A

A QUALIFIED Dental Surgeon has vacancy for a Pupil.—P 769, this office. 22 A

CHEMIST Business for Sale, good marketable town, low rent, country premises; retiring; full price, stock, £400; suit young chemist desirous of commencing; Ennis and Mediterad Wine Licence; exceptional, genuine opportunity. Address "Z 3433," this office. 21 E

£5 TO £500 Advanced Privately on approved personal security of borrower at an extremely low rate of interest; loan can be repaid by small instalments to suit. Call or write for particulars. S. Freeman and Co. 1 Garfield street, Belfast. T

EMPLOYMENT WANTED CONTINUED.

REFINED young Lady, willing to assist at any business, specialises in typing and clerical work, also nursing and cutting out; wishes to hear of suitable vacancy, Dublin (indoor); well recommended; state salary. Address "Z 3360, Assistant," this office.

SHORTHAND Typist (lady), fifteen years' varied experience, electrical engineering, confidential, legal, etc., is anything or both considered; references, disengaged; no anywhere.—P 866, this office.

TYPIST, experienced, own machine, would take work to do at home; moderate charges; satisfaction and prompt execution guaranteed; terms moderate.—P 501, this office. 21 F

YOUNG Man, with little property, wishes to learn motor combination would be useful.—P 849, this office. 22 F

YOUNG Lady (Protestant), Mother's Help, Companion, Governess; England, Ireland; references. Address "Z 3409, Help," this office. 20 E

YOUNG Girl, experience Bookkeeping and Office work, wishes to hear of vacancy.—P 765, this office.

YOUNG Man, Protestant, single, skilful, technical training woodwork, experienced gardener, inside and outdoor, wishes hear of any vacancy. Address P 5496, Man," this office. 23 F

YOUNG Lady seeks any position of trust, Clerical work, Reception Clerk; highest references.—P 907, this office. 23 F

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

A COMPETENT Herd, General Man, Wanted, indoor, single, middle-aged, to take sole charge stock and farm; man giving security preferred; state wages expected.—P 877, this office. 23 F

WANTED, General Man, good milker, gardener; state wages, send copies.—Butler, Maiden Hall, Bennettsbridge, Kilkenny. 20 F

WANTED, middle-aged Protestant Married Couple, without children; Man as plain gardener and general man, milk cow, fatten pig and fowl; Wife good plain cook; live in, all found, comfortable home; send copies of references. £70 per year. Address "Z 3464, Couple," this office. 22 A

WANTED, good, experienced Herd, capable of taking entire charge of Dairy Herd; 2 two-year-olds; recommendations, to F. M. Bryan Beaumont, Dromheda. 22 A

WANTED, Butler (single-handed); well recommended. R. Longfield, Esq., Longueville, Mallow. 23 B

WANTED, General Farm Man, milking, turf, mowing; character; £30 year; Boy, milk; wages £14. Address "Z 3510, Man," this office. 23 F

WANTED, General Man, I.C., married, without family; good milker; state age, wages, copies.—Crofton, Ashford, Co. Wicklow. 23 B

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

CAN anyone recommend Young Man for Nursery near Dublin? C.I. preferred.—F 488, this office. 17 E

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

FIRST class Ploughman, all farm work; 5½ years last place; married, age 30; excellent references; state terms.—P 821, this office. 22 A

HERD General, I.C., single; highest reference.—P 691, this office. 21 F

HERD or (general Man (I.C.) seeks situation; married; highly recommended. Address "Z 3442, Herd," this office. 21 F

MAN Servant to Bachelor Gentleman; good cook, valet, chauffeur.—"Z 3491, Male," this office. 22 E

MIDDLE aged Man, married, R.C., seeks situation; thoroughly understands cattle, yard and farm work.—"Z 3436, Man," this office. 20 A

ORPHAN Boy, 18, requires situation (indoor).—McCarthy, Ullard House, Borris, Carlow.

PROTESTANT Young Man, single, R.C., seeks Yard work; quiet gentleman's place (indoor); milk, meals.—P 810, this office. 22 E

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

AN experienced Gardener requires work, daily or permanent; house or housework.—812, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagnot street Bridge. 22 F

GARDENER (Working), excellent vegetable grower, well recommended, 6 years; offers for engagement; if required.—Apply J. Brindle, The Lodge, Kennedy Hall, Malahide.

GARDENER, head, working, Protestant, age 29, seeks situation; married, one girl, age 13½; thoroughly qualified in all branches; long and excellent testimonials. Apply James Luttrell, The Gardens, Mountjoymount, Dundrum. 22 E

GARDENER, first class, working; experienced market and glass; highest references. Terms; Rock Cottage, Loreto Convent, Bray. 22 F

WORKING Steward wants situation; single; understands tillage; mixed farming in all its branches; care of all class of stock, buying and selling; long experience to that effect. Address "Z 3531, Steward," this office. 23 F

DOMESTICS WANTED.

CAN any Lady recommend a Schoolroom Maid (R.C.), with a thorough knowledge of dressmaking? Address "Z 3437, Maid," this office. 21 E

CAN any lady recommend a clean, respectable woman for Housework; hours, 8—815, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagnot street Bridge.

GIRL Wanted for Daily Work, housework, cooking; must be thoroughly Protestant; preferred.—805, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagnot street Bridge. 20 E

SERVANTS' REGISTRY.

IRISH TIMES

Under New Management.
HOURS: {10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants.
11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies.
Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
The Matron has several vacancies on her books for well recommended Domestics, trained or untrained. No fees charged.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

A WELL recommended Cook General, about 30 years, required immediately.—Wilton House, Wilton place.

COOK General Wanted, about 30 years; good wages. Call this week, after 6-7, 56 Leeson Park. 22 E

CAPABLE Cook General for London; good home, good wages, family away; nurse kept; references essential. Apply 24 Longwood avenue, S.C.R.

EXPERIENCED Sangeabands Cook Wanted at once for small household; three in family, maid kept; kept; good wages. Apply Viscountess Lifford, Wedhampton, Devizes, Wiltshire, England. 21 E

EXPERIENCED Cook General Wanted (all), by Protestant lady in family. Apply Mrs. Colman, Fairy Hill, Bray.

GOOD Cook Wanted, £40-£45; kitchenmaid kept; also Housemaid, £30-£35; good copies, age, particulars.—Rawlen's Agency, Limerick. 23 F

SINGLEHANDED Cook required, quiet country place, three adults; £40; two maids kept; good reference; wages £30.—Cooper, Killenure, Dundrum, Tipperary.

WANTED, good (R.C.) Cook and House Parlourmaid; wages £30 and £35; country place. Address "Z 3440, Cook," this office. 21 F

WANTED, good Cook, 23rd July; state age, reference.—Mrs. Chearsley, Salterbridge, Capoquin.

WANTED, good Cook General; no washing; must be well recommended, early riser; good wages. Apply "Belclare," Temple Gardens, Rathmines. 21 F

WANTED, Cook, for Rectory 2 miles from Dublin, young Co.; General and House Parlourmaid; 4 in family; laundry done at home. Apply Rectory, Rathmines road, Rathmines. 22 A

WANTED, young Cook General for Lucan district; wages £24; must be well recommended; house parlourmaid kept; good copies.—P 886, this office. 23 F

WANTED, good Cook General, age 25 to 30; good wages; must be clean and quiet; single preferred; kitchenmaid employed. Address "Z 3522, Cook General," this office. 23 F

WANTED, Dairymaid, for Co. Wicklow (Protestant); must be first class buttermaker; good post for suitable person. Apply, stating age, and enclosing copies of testimonials, "Z 3441 Dairymaid," this office. 21 B

GENERALS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED, capable General Wanted; family of two; nurse and baby. Apply Lamb, 39a Mountjoy street.

EXPERIENCED young General, good cook, small washing, small family; send particulars.—P 729, this office. 21 F

WANTED, General, good cooking essential; must be well recommended; Kingstown.—F 815, this office. 23 F

GOOD young General Wanted, small house, Ballsbridge; help given; £26-£30; send copies.—F 917, this office. 23 F

GENTLEMEN—Wanted, young General, clean and tidy, for boarders. Address "Z 3544, General," this office.

WANTED, General; country girl preferred; small family. Address "Z 3391, General," this office.

WANTED, superior General, near London; good wages; references.—Ritchie, Stonebrook Lodge, Ballymore Eustace, Co. Kildare.

WANTED, General, for Dublin; good wages; to enclose references; wages £22—£26, Wilde's Office, Bray.

WANTED, for July 1st, experienced General; good cook and laundress; family three. Apply by letter, enclosing copies references, 30 Corrig avenue, Dun Laoghaire.

WANTED, 1st July, young, experienced General; must be good cook; £36; swimming kept; one little Irishwoman.—P 800, this office. 22 A

WANTED, smart young General as useful help (some cooking); good home. Apply after 5 o'clock, 23 Terenure Park, Terenure.

WANTED, superior General, Orwell Park, Middle Abbey street; must be good cook; family three; wages £30.—R 0 158, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 21 F

WANTED, General, used to children.—A 43, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid Wanted, £35-£40; carve, valet; other vacancies. Housemaid, House Parlourmaid; send copies, age, particulars.—Rawlen's Agency, Limerick. 23 F

HOUSE Parlourmaid—Smart, capable Girl Wanted for country; one with slight knowledge would suit; training given. Age, wages, recommendations, to "Z 3466, House Parlourmaid," this office. 22 A

WANTED, Housemaid; Protestant preferred; must be well recommended, able to wait at table, do needlework. Apply Mrs. Purdon Coote, Beaforest, Mallow, Co. Cork. 20 E

WANTED, experienced Parlourmaid; Protestant preferred; must be well recommended; four maids kept; state age, wages. Apply Mrs. Purdon Coote, Beaforest, Mallow, Co. Cork. 20 E

WANTED, Girl, acute experience, to train House Parlourmaid; £20 to start. Address "Z 3416, House Parlourmaid," this office. 21 F

WANTED, House Parlourmaid for Co. Kildare. Address "Z 3411, House Parlourmaid," this office. 21 F

NURSES WANTED.

A GENT for NURSES, MAIDS and ATTENDANTS. Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton street, Dublin. Interviews daily. Tel. No. 5258.

WANTED for end of June, experienced Nurse, to take baby from month; also two children, ages 3 and 2½ years; nurse-maid kept; best references essential; good wages to suitable person.—Mrs. Regan, Arranbeg, Kilbarrack, Raheny. 20 E

WANTED, educated girl, Howth, Catholic, take charge Children; needlewoman.—P 756, this office.

WANTED, R.C. Nurse, capable of taking entire charge of baby, night and day. Address "Z 3525, Nurse," this office. 23 F

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

LAUNDRESS Wanted for country, Singlehanded, and do a little kitchen work. Wright, stating age, wages, religion, reference, etc.—Z 3385, Laundress," this office. 20 E

WANTED, Kitchen Housemaid, country girl preferred; understand poultry. Apply, stating age, wages, religion, James Locke, Archangles, Kilkenny.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

AUSTRALIA—Free Passages for Women Domestics (Northerners); approved by the Australian Government; employment guaranteed; thousands of vacancies.—Accredited Agent, Stewartstown. 20 E

A WORKING Housekeeper desires situation to two or three Gentlemen; Dublin or suburbs; has a long experience, excellent papers.—P 871, this office.

A RESPECTABLE Girl wants Morning or Daily Work; recommended.—817, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagnot street Bridge.

COOKS (C.I.), Parlourmaids or Housekeepers, Generals, daily, Soon Miss Mulpeter's, 17 South Anne st.

CHAIRWOMAN—Respectable Woman wishes work; for Tuesdays and Saturdays; well recommended.—P 946, this office.

COUNTRY Woman seeks situation, laundress, housework, cook; well recommended.—P 785, this office.

LADY recommends strong young Daily Maid, in or outdoor.—P 786, this office.

RESPECTABLE young Girl (indoor), clean offices, in city; highly recommended.—P 853, this office.

RESPECTABLE, elderly, reliable, trustworthy person (Protestant) seeks situation; small family, useful help; comfortable home preferred to wages; highly recommended. Address "Z 3514, Domestic," this office. 23 F

A RESPECTABLE Widow wishes two days Daily Work, would caretake, clean office; highly recommended.—P 923, this office.

A RESPECTABLE Girl, Protestant, wishes post daily, Maid; good plain cook; highly recommended.—816, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagnot street Bridge.

A RESPECTFUL Maid, experienced needlewoman, go to seaside; understands cooking.—P 903, this office.

A WORKING Housekeeper or experienced General, business house; excellent references.—P 854, this office.

A WORKING Housekeeper, good plain cook; settled person; help or gentleman; country town preferred; highly recommended. Address "Z 3540, Housekeeper," this office. 23 B

"IRISH TIMES" SERVANTS' REGISTRY.

Under New Management.
HOURS: {10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants.
11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COOK General; good plain cook; small family; highly recommended.—11 Woodfield place, Templeogue. 20 E

COOK Housekeeper, city, suburbs; good cook; good references.—Matron, Irish Times Registry. 22 A

COOK General, small family, adults; state wages; Meath, Westmeath, or County Dublin preferred; disengaged 4th July; good references. Address "Z 3516, Cook," this office.

YOUNG Cook General, highly recommended, seeks situation; Killiney or Dalkey.—40, Mrs. Daley.

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

COUNTRY Girl desires situation, General; experienced; well recommended.—818, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagnot street Bridge.

GENERAL, disengaged June 29th; good cook, good at washing; well recommended. Address "Z 3473, General," this office. 22 E

GENERAL House Parlourmaid disengaged, city, suburbs; highly recommended.—P 795, this office.

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus:—"Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope.

LADY recommends trustworthy General.—P 827, this office. 22 A

SUPERIOR young General, city, suburbs; experienced; to go Home Parliamentary. Address "Z 3484, General," this office. 23 E

YOUNG General, plain cooking, small family; Inchicore direction; highly recommended.—P 599, this office. 20 F

YOUNG General (outdoor); plain cooking; North side; satisfactory paper.—P 869, this office.

YOUNG Protestant Girl, Home Helper, fond of children; recommended.—F 795, this office.

YOUNG General disengaged, good plain cook, good laundress; city; highly recommended.—P 768, this office.

YOUNG country Girl, train General, city, suburbs; Catholic preferred; small family.

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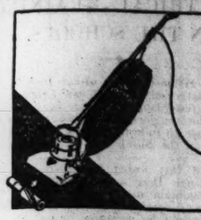

Don't Take Up That Carpet!

It can be beaten where it lies, and dustlessly.
Let us do this for you, free, with the New Hoover—the only cleaner employing POSITIVE AGITATION, the new discovery in home cleaning.

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The New HOOVER
It BEATS—as it Sweeps—as it Cleans

"Gets It"

Ends Corns Pain Gone in 3 Seconds

World's Fastest Way

"GETS-IT" is a scientific liquid that millions use, among them famous dancers, athletes, doctors and people who walk a lot. It ends corns and calluses. One drop stops pain in 3 short seconds. Then the corn loosens and comes off . . . all gone, forgotten. You walk in peace. There are imitations of "Gets-It." So look out. Get the genuine at all good chemists and druggists. Enough to kill a dozen corns costs only 1/6.

Wholesale Distributor for I.F.S.:
R. J. GROVES,
16, South Frederick Street, Dublin.

GETS-IT 20c.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Higgins, Aston's quay, highest prices Ladies', Gentlemen's, Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received.—T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies', Gents' Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection.—Mrs. White, 15 Aungier street.

A BOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 58 Aungier street, A gives highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection. Telephone 435, Rathmines.—Wellington House, 35 Wellington quay.

CASH paid for Left Off Clothing, Jewellery, Furniture, Pictures, China, False Teeth; postcard immediate attention. Telephone 435, Rathmines.—Wellington House, 35 Wellington quay.

DUN Laoghaire—Goodwin's, 110 Patrick street. We Buy Left-off Clothing. Parcels Collected.

GENTLEWOMAN, wishes sell privately girls' dainty Frocks, ages 5, 7; Kingstown district.—Z 25, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

HELEN Wills contributes her eighth Lawn Tennis Lesson to the readers of the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day. Price twopence. At all newsagents.

ONE Valve works a wireless loud speaker, as illustrated in the Wireless Page of the "Weekly Irish Times." Now on sale at all newsagents. Price twopence.

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

COBS—Two handsome, strong, useful harness and saddle Cobs.—Glenageary Park, Glenageary, Kingstown.

HARNESS, all sizes in stock. Estd. 1880.—P. Smith, 93 Marlborough street, Dublin.

HUNTERS Wanted, up to weight, with quality, ages 5 to 8, heights 15 to 16.2; green and in rough coat admitted, but must be sound; prices moderate. Address immediately, with particulars, "Z 3447, Hunters," this office.

MORGAN'S Hand Sewn Harness gives entire satisfaction. Repairs carefully attended to.—Upper Kevin street.

WANTED, a Silvermount Set of Harness, in perfect condition, to fit a small pony. Particulars and price to "Z 3512, Harness," this office.

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

ANGORA Rabbits for Sale, all ages, from prize winning stock. Apply Miss O'Meara, Carlow.

BRITISH Friesian Bull, "Barnhill Duke," 3 years old.—L. Walker, 20 Sandycove road.

COW (Kerry), due calve about 27th June, 3 gallons rich milk.—Dr. Tweedy, Carrick, The Burrow, Howth.

CALVES—Two Bulls, over month old, extra fine, £5 each.—Blackrock House, Blackrock.

COWS—Two half Shorthorns and two Kerries, just calved, extra good milkers.—Glenageary Park, Glenageary, Kingstown.

COW, superior Shorthorn, due first calf; also some good Stores.—Belcourt, Bray.

FOR Sale, a few Black and Red small Cows and Heifers, calving September and October (Shepherd). Address "Z 3457, Cows," this office.

FOR Sale—Owner not wanting them, will sell 20 Heifers and Bullocks, 2½ years old, at £9 each. Address "Z 3426, Heifers," this office.

FOR Sale, British Friesian pedigree Bull, Ashborough Dragon, two years and two months. Price and particulars from Mrs. Kathleen De Courcy, Cooleraine House, Limerick.

JERSEY Springer, second calf, large milker.—Blackrock House, Blackrock.

JERSEY Cow and her first Calf for Sale.—St. Margaret's, Donnybrook, Dublin.

KARSWOOD Fig Powders put profit into pig keeping. Get Pigs market weight in shortest time. Twelve 1/-, bulk tins 21/-.—Ludlow's, General Merchant, Delgany.

PURE Bred young Blue Beveren Rabbits for Sale.—J. C. Barton, Waterfoot, Leggs, County Fermanagh.

PERSIAN, young Cat, eight months, male, beautiful blue, pure bred, pedigree.—Mooney, Leixlip.

SOME very promising 3 bred Friesian Heifers, due September; also pure bred Cow, third calf. Address "Z 3471, Cattle," this office.

TWO Bull Calves for Sale, Jersey Dexter and Jersey; cheap to clear.—Ballywaltrim Grove, Bray.

DOGS.

ALSATIAN Dogs for Sale, aged three months, good pedigrees.—F 597, this office.

A POWERFUL young Kerry Blue and splendid young Irish Terrier (Males), demon guards and ratters, champion pedigrees, 80/- each.—Clisterville House, Avondale road, Phibsborough.

ALSATIANS, Dog and Bitch, Puppy Dog, winner at Championship Show; splendid specimens.—Rosslan, Kimmage road, Terenure.

BEFORE leaving for your Holidays, Board your Dog at Pine Cottage, Dundrum.

FOR Sale, Kerry Blue Bitch, 3½ years, splendid pedigree, keen hunter.—F 574, this office.

FOR Sale, Pointer Bitch, 3 years old, perfectly trained. Apply R. Fleming, Magherafelt.

GORDON Setter, magnificent dog, just one year, untampered; Sell, or require a reliable Man to Train him. Address "Z 3461, Dog," this office.

IRISH Water Spaniel Pups, whitepaids, brown, eight weeks, one male, £4; four females, £3 each; parents registered I.K.C.; father first prize winner.—Mansfield, Manager, Bacon Factory, Cappoquin.

PEDIGREE Black Cocker Dog, retrieves land and water; Black Bitch, three months, retrieves rabbits, etc.; 25/-; overstocked; approval—Gamekeeper, Milverton Hall, Skerries.

PURE Bred Irish Setter Pups, six months, splendid pedigree; Bitches two guineas, Dogs three guineas.—Doran, Kilcurry, Dundalk.

SALE, two Black Cocker Pups, pedigree; 2 guineas; 6 months.—Walker, Cloneymore, Athboy, Co. Meath.

SEALYHAM Pedigree Bitch, 3 years; also Female Puppies.—Hood, Bank, Aughnacloy.

THE "Irish Field" is the only weekly canine journal in Ireland. Interesting news articles and best reports of shows. On sale at all newsagents, price 2d. Subscription terms—Yearly 13/-, half-yearly 6/6, post free. Head Office—11 D'Olier street, Dublin.

TRAINED Setter Bitch for Hire during shooting season.—F 919, this office.

WANTED, a few Greyhounds, Dogs, registered 1 to 3 years.—F 878, this office.

YOUNG Lady, experienced, with large country places, takes Dogs during owners' holidays; best feeding, modern kennels; inspection invited.—Newtown House, Swords.

STABLING AND GRAZING.

GOOD Grazing Land (6 acres), Claremont road, Sandymount, for Sheep only.—F 823, this office.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 14.

Books of the Week.

RUSSIA FROM WITHIN.

BISHOP BURY'S BOOK.

IT is only those who visited Russia both before and since the Great War who are really competent to write about the problem of that country as it presents itself to the world to-day. For this reason alone Bishop Bury's book, "Russia From Within," is a more valuable contribution to the study of the Russian revolution than many more pretentious books and articles. For fifteen years he was Bishop of North and Central Europe. He knew the Tsar, he was in Russia during the war, he visited it a number of times between 1923 and 1926; above all he learnt to know intimately the Anglo-Russian colonies concentrated in Moscow and what is now Leningrad. His qualifications for writing this book are undoubted; one could only wish that the pressure of other work, of which he speaks in his preface, had allowed him leisure to develop some other aspects of Russia of to-day.

Yet it may be that purposely he has omitted things that he knew might interest. He explains in one passage how impossible it always has been for a Russian to conceive that a high dignitary of the Church should possess no political power or diplomatic credentials. He, therefore, in his dealings with Russia, especially post-Revolutionary Russia, has exercised great care to avoid anything that might be interpreted in the slightest degree as espionage, and so react on private individuals whom he had met in Russia. This is no doubt the reason why the book is silent on the question of the Russian Army of to-day—where its allegiance rests, how is it to be reckoned with as a force to spread Communism at the point of the sword. So, too, there is little on the subject of propaganda. His only reference to it is in his description of the different aims at the moment of the little group of extremists in Leningrad as contrasted with the larger administration in Moscow. The latter has recognised, as Lenin did before his death, that Communism as a system of government is impossible; the former, composed of Trotsky, Zinovieff, and Lenin's widow, is more and more exploiting the international side of the dying cult.

* * * * *

In dealing with Russia, the Bishop more than once impresses on us the necessity of keeping quite distinct in our minds two things: one, Russia as a land of individuals, nine-tenths of whom—the agriculturists—have never bowed the knee to Communism; the other, the present Soviet administration. He believes that the latter, at no distant date, may find itself forced by circumstances once again to allow an election of a properly constituted assembly—not an election of Soviets by Soviets, where the voting is carried out by an open show of hands with the ever-present agents of the Secret Police keeping watch in factory, in office, in religious assembly, to mark down those who transgress the rules that Communism has ordained. At the present time the whole country is in a state of abject inertia, and the administration has sense enough to realise that this must lead to political death.

The cause of this inertia is not far to seek. The whole system of education and life-outlook is material. Nothing has an ethical value. "When children are taught in school that there is no spiritual foundation on which to base a moral law, no sense of duty to home or parents, or Church, or God, or country, where work of any kind is to be viewed from the one idea of what you are to get out of it, with no corresponding and higher thought of what you are to put into it, there seems to be absent and wanting everything that is essential and vital to national progress and improvement." This materialism has had one strange—and dangerous development. Bishop Bury dreads that Russia may be about to create a new religion, the worship of the dead Lenin. The dimmed red lights, the soft hangings, the burning lamp—all leading to the embalmed figure lying in his mausoleum before which tens of thousands pass in silence for one hour each day—these are the trappings out of which a new species of saint may be created, a new god for those who have denied the existence of any God.

* * * * *

Religious worship is still allowed in Russia; marriage is also an institution; the right of trade and private property to some extent has been allowed by force of circumstances to reassert itself. Where, however, will be the end of religion when no child is allowed to be taught it at home or in school, and none can attend a church Service till over eighteen? What can be the fate of marriage, when divorce is allowed within one hour of the ceremony, and a type of marriage officially termed "unregistered" is recognised by the State? Bishop Bury believes that such an outlook on life cannot continue: the age-long institution of the family must reassert itself at last.

Despite all the depression that he finds, Bishop Bury is an optimist in regard to Russia's future. He sees its religion purified by oppression and martyrdom as exemplified in the person of the Patriarch Tikhon, whom he counted among his personal friends. In its peasant life he sees a virile force that eventually will permeate through the Communist-ridden and immoral city life. In its tremendous natural resources he sees a new field for enterprise, where the Englishman, with his sense of upright dealing, that made him such a power in Russia in the past, again will take a leading part.

"Russia from Within." By Bishop Herbert Bury. London: The Churchman Publishing Co. 8/6 net

IRISH COLOUR PRINTS.

POEMS by Padraic Colum, Monk Gibbon and Ruth Duffin have been printed, with designs by Beatrice Campbell, Mrs. Jack Yeats and Brigid O'Brien, and hand-coloured by the Cuala Press.

We admire especially "The Cradle Song" (Colum) and "To Travellers" (Ruth Duffin). In the former, Beatrice Campbell gives us a Western cottage interior by dim evening light, the rocking of a cradled infant to sleep, and the entry of the big men from the fields. The design catches, not merely the dreamy and tender beauty of the poet's lullaby, but the very atmosphere of the West, so that whoever views it will recall the homely and happy emotions of that life. "To Travellers" is an exquisite little Dublin poem, which we cannot refrain from quoting:—

"When you have left us, keep in mind
The things that you have left behind:
The skies' inconstant blue and grey;
The peacock hues of Dublin Bay;
The 'purple spears' when twilight's veil
Turns Wicklow to a fairy-tale;
Killiney and Ben-Edar's frown,
And the wide-streeted friendly town:
O stranger from beyond the seas,
With friendly thoughts remember these."

The picture is one of a corner of a Georgian square, seen across the typical railings and greenery, round which children play, while far beyond the dignified tall walls the blue line of the hills is seen. A flower-girl in the foreground looks back from a door or classic portico; seagulls are overhead. Here is a perfect image of Dublin as strangers must remember it if they are lucky in seeing it at its best, with its calm air of the past, its clearness of line and light, its kindly humanity.

The prints range in price from 2s. 6d. to 5s. net.

A beautiful new "magasine of domestic ornament" makes its first appearance in the June issue of "Old Furniture" (2s. net). Sumptuous illustrations accompany articles on furniture at Windsor Palace, Chinese carpets, Old English chimney pieces, etc.

ESSAYS OF TO-DAY AND YESTERDAY.—Two new volumes in this dainty series are selections from Francis Thompson and Austin Harrison respectively. Portion of the Shelley essay is given in the former. The latter contains "Not Idle Enough to Read," and eight other essays. (Harrap. 1s. net each.)

"WHO'S WHO IN BURNS."

THE POET AS FARMER.

DR. JOHN ROSS'S book, "Who's Who in Burns," will be welcome to readers of Burns. There are many quotations from the Centenary Edition of Burns's Works, edited by W. Scott Douglas, an antiquary; but by not going farther back than the poet's grandfather, Robert Burness, of Clochnahill, in the parish of Dunottar, we miss the noteworthy fact that Burns was a Gael. His great-great-great-grandfather was a Walter Campbell, of Argyllshire, who left his native districs early in the seventeenth century, called himself Burnhouse or Burness, and settled in the parish of Glenbervie in the Mearns; his son Walter was the father of James, born 1656, died 1745, whose son was the above Robert Burness of Clochnahill.

In the account of Sir Walter Scott there is nothing said of his setting himself at fifty-five to pay by the labour of his brain and hand a debt of £120,000 incurred by Constable's failure. In these days, when debt seems no longer to be felt as a disgrace, that should be had in remembrance. Dr. Alexander Wood, of Edinburgh, was a Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, "highly gifted, active and benevolent . . . a man after Burns's own heart, quaint, kind, fond of children and animals": he had at one time a pet sheep that trotted by him through the town on his professional visits.

* * * * *

There are some misprints: Basil Montagu's third wife was a Mrs. Skepper, not Skipper. She had met Burns in her girlhood, and said that he was "the most royally courteous of mankind, as the first mark of his genius." Dr. Ross has not noted that her daughter, Anne Skepper, was the wife of "Barry Cornwall" and the mother of Adelaide Anne Procter, and also the friend of Tennyson, Thackeray, Monckton Milnes, the Carlyles, and many other notable people. In Ireland a man that ploughs only his father's fields or his own is not called a ploughman. From this book we find that Burns's father had a ploughman at one time, and so had he himself. One of them was living in 1838, and said that Burns was "a kind and indulgent master, and as good a manager of land as the generality of the farmers in the neighbourhood, and that Mrs. Burns was a good and prudent housewife, kept everything in neat and tidy order, and was well liked by the servants, for whom she provided an abundance of wholesome food." Here also you may learn who invented the threshing-mill and who the plough without wheels, called a Scotch plough for many a long day; and that when Burns gave a silk dress to his bride he ordered fifteen yards of lusterine silk and paid five shillings and sixpence a yard for it. Mary Woolstonecraft, as it is spelt here, knew Burns well, "her father was of Irish descent, and her mother, Elizabeth Dixon, was a native of Ireland." Thus Shelley's descendants are partly Irish. (Sir Oliver Lodge belongs to a Queen's County family; so did Delane, of *The Times*, who cut off the y at the end.).

* * * * *

John Hamilton, a music seller in Edinburgh, and the author of several Scottish songs and melodies, added two verses to "Of a' the airts the wind can blaw," those beginning

"O blaw ye westlin winds, blaw saft
Amang the leafy trees;"

Burns wrote to an old friend: "Among some distressful emergencies that I have experienced in life, I ever laid this down as my foundation of comfort—That he who has lived the life of an honest man has by no means lived in vain."

In 1794 it was proposed that he should go to live in London and join the staff of *The Morning Chronicle*, but he refused to do so. The Duchess of Gordon told Sir Walter Scott that Robert Burns was the only man whose conversation ever fairly carried her off her feet. There is a map of the Burns country, but not so full as the one in Carlyle's Reminiscences—for their country was the same—where you will see, among other places, Linsden Abbey, where Burns used to walk, silently musing, with his little six-year-old boy's hand in his. K.

"Who's Who in Burns." By John Ross, LL.D. Selkirk: Ewan Mackay. 10/6.

A NAVAL CHAPLAIN'S DIARY.

HENRY TEONGE was a clergyman whose financial embarrassments forced him to leave his Warwickshire home and seek service as a chaplain in the navy in 1675. He was then over fifty and "lacking in almost everything but a light heart." His narrative of his first voyage, in the Mediterranean, besides being extremely vivacious and readable, is not without some historical value. On his return to England the presence of creditors soon forced him to set out on his travels again—"I lived very uneasy, being daily dunned by some or other, or else for fear of land pirates, which I hated worse than Turks." He thought that no life "comparable to this at sea, where we have good meat and good drink provided for us, and good company."

The book abounds with descriptions of feasts and "divertisments." Judging by the amount consumed, war ships in these days must have carried enormous quantities of "answerable" liquor—"Canary, sherry, Rhensh, claret, white wine, cyder, ale, beer, all of the best sort, and punch as plentiful as ditch water." It was the invariable custom to make every visitor to the fleet drink to St. George "in a rummar as he went over the ship side"; but, in spite of his habit of "ending the day with much civil mirth," Henry Teonge seems to have discharged conscientiously his duties as chaplain. The diary is now printed in full for the first time from the original manuscript.

"The Diary of Henry Teonge" (The Broadway Travellers). Edited by G. E. Manwaring. London: Routledge. 12/6 net.

A BOOK ON BIRDS.

THERE are many bird-books, but few, if any, are equal to those written by T. A. Coward. In "Bird Life at Home and Abroad," he has collected about a score of articles on his favourite theme, some of which already have been published in magazines. His observations cover a large area—France, the Pyrenees, Holland, the Shetland Islands, etc. Now he leads us to the sea and now to the inland lake, and out of the treasury of his knowledge he brings forth things new and old.

In one very fascinating essay, called Nature's Broadcasting, he puts forward the suggestion that other vibrations may possibly regulate and explain some of those marvels of bird life which we call instinctive. If a bird finds its way home, seemingly without difficulty, is it possible that by thought transmission, perhaps unconscious, its mates have called it? Can thought set up energy? Can scent set up wireless electrical vibrations? Can trees and plants call to their aid by something other than colour and scent the insects on whose fertilising assistance they depend? We do not know; but it is possible we are on the borders of discovery, and Mr. Coward would have us examine every path.

"Bird Life at Home and Abroad." By T. A. Coward. London: Warne. 7/6 net.

"Tom Webster's Annual, 1927," has been published by the Associated Newspapers, Ltd. (1s. net), and contains over 100 pages of cartoons, in which last year's sport is surveyed in a humorous light.

THE TRAVELLER'S LIBRARY.—The latest addition to this beautifully-produced pocket series is Mr. John Masefield's fine sea story, "Captain Margaret." It runs to over 400 pages. (Cape. 3s. 6d. net.)

LATEST FICTION.

MR. BENNETT'S STORIES.

IN Mr. Arnold Bennett's new volume of short stories, he tells of love and jealousy, of foolish romantics and married folk whose tiffs end in the renewal of love. His scenes are Continental. Always he writes with that air of one accustomed to good living and tolerant of human vagaries, which is, no doubt, the secret of his popularity. Here is an author who wants all the world to have a good time, and a good time means luxury, a life in the best Continental hotels, and a happy marriage. There is nothing profound in this book. The recipe for the tales is as simple as the recipe for life. The higher emotions, and all questionings of the soul of man, are unknown in the suave, superficial, good-natured society which we meet here, in a glittering environment, splendid animals all. Some of the stories have a smartness of finish that recalls O. Henry—for Mr. Bennett is a craftsman who knows every trick of his trade.

"The Woman Who Stole Everything, and Other Stories." By Arnold Bennett. Cassell. 7/6 net.

The versatility of Mrs. E. Adams Beck is one of the wonders of contemporary letters. Under one name this writer gives us the story of Gautama Buddha as some old religious chronicler might have written it; under the name of E. Barrington she gives us one ingenious *pastiche* after another of eighteenth century biographies; and now, under the name of Louis Moresly, she emulates Robert Louis Stevenson. "Rubies" is a tale of modern mystery and adventure on the Cornish coast and in Burmah, put in the mouth of a half-Scot, whose mother has the Highland second-sight. The diction is elegant and pungent, like Stevenson's, and the events have an old-world colour which sits strangely on present-day doings. So magical a gift has Louis Moresly's pen, however, that we never question the probability of smugglers and wicked lords and fantastic chivalry in this modern setting.

"Rubies." By Louis Moresly. Harrap. 7/6 net.

"Kong," by Harold Kingsley, is a tale of pirates and their lurid deeds in pursuit of booty in China seas and of adventure of a joyous nature in the ports they favour with their presence. Kong, the chief figure in the book, is an awesome personage, described as "barbarous, compelling and lovable—and he knew it." He brings everywhere with him a parrot, Hang-Ho, his familiar spirit and seemingly rather like his master, who, we read on his first appearance in the book, placed the parrot carefully on a table—"so as not to excite the bird, which had always a way of making his moods known"—a manner of treatment rather like the usual attitude of Kong's own acquaintances towards him. Kong was not a person to treat casually.

"Kong." By Harold Kingsley. T. Fisher Unwin. 7/6 net.

In "The Eternal Lover" Edgar Rice Burroughs has linked the Stone Age with the twentieth century with much the same magnificent disregard for the obstacles in the way of such a tale as Nu, the mighty hunter in the book, shows for the stumbling-blocks that lay across his path when he found himself divided from his mate by a little matter of a hundred thousand years of civilisation, and all the handicaps included therein. As well as the hair-raising rush of wild adventure and the clash of primitive man with civilisation, we meet in this book an old and well-tried friend, whom many followed with bated breath through the pages of several of Mr. Rice's former stories.

"The Eternal Lover." By Edgar Rice Burroughs. Methuen. 7/6 net.

Miss Clare Scarlett has created a very charming heroine in Rosalie Maitland, and if the remaining characters in "Fairyhood" are not particularly original, Rosalie stands out all the more in relief as a creature of flesh and blood. The background of this story is Bohemian, for Rosalie has in her a certain amount of artistic genius, and she is supported in her contest with her family by her playwright uncle, John. His work is of the Barrie-type type, and he encourages his niece in her hopes and dreams and gives her substantial assistance. She makes a success of her work and a foolish marriage, but she retains through her trials and difficulties that vision of fairyland which so attracted her uncle when she was a child.

"Fairyhood." By Clare Scarlett. Stanley Paul 7/6 net.

Mr. Charles Barry is an unpretentious writer of detective fiction, and contents himself with a murder of which half a dozen people equally well might be guilty, and a solution at which the average intelligent reader is capable of arriving half-way through the tale. There are one or two ingenious touches which are clever enough to make the reader who guesses them for himself feel a slight glow of triumph, and the story is well worth the modest price at which it is published.

"The Witness at the Window." By Charles Barry. Methuen. 3/6 net.

"POSTAGE STAMPS OF THE FREE STATE."

Mr. A. E. Hopkins, of Bath, has just published the fifth edition of his priced catalogue of the Stamps of the Free State (1s. 6d.). The catalogues of the surcharged issues get more and more detailed as time goes on, and prices continue to rise, not only for the normal stamps, but also for the almost innumerable varieties. The 1d. without accent on last "a" of Saorstat still holds pride of price at £25, and the 10s. ditto is second in order at £20. The 1s. without accent is offered at £10; but it is rarer than the 10s. The prices of some of the inverted overprints still rages, and it is probable it will continue to rage until all these stamps have passed as genuine issues.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

FICTION.

Polly's Handbook. By Mary Agnes Hamilton. Cape. 7/6 net.

Dear Fools. By Andrew Soutar. Hutchinson. 7/6 net.

The Fine Lady. By Helen Eastwood. Long. 7/6 net.

My Escape from the Auto-da-fé at Valladolid. By Don Fernando de la Mina. Old Royalty Publishers. 3/6 net.

Shepherd's Pie. By Owen Archer. Lane. 7/6 net.

Giants in the Earth. By O. E. Rölvaag. **The Rim of the Bowl.** By George Bickerstaff. Benn. 7/6 net. each.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ayrs' Lawn Tennis Almanack, 1927. London: Ayres. 2/6 net.

Ayres' Cricket Companion, 1927. London: Ayres. 6/- net.

Warne's New Hoppus's Measurer. London: Warne. 2/- net.

Warne's Model Ready Reckoner. London: Warne. 1/6 net.

The Prevention of Dampness and Condensation by the Knapen Systems. By E. G. Blake. Liverpool: Blake. 2/6 net.

Descriptive Economics. By R. A. Lehfeldt. London: Milford. 2/6 net.

The Remaking of Modern Armies. By Captain B. H. Liddell Hart. London: Murray. 10/6 net.

Your Children. By Muriel Wrinch. London: Williams and Norgate. 6/- net.

Vulcan, or the Future of Labour. By Cecil Chisholm. London: Kegan Paul. 2/6 net.

Hours in the National Portrait Gallery. By John Steegman. London: Duckworth. 3/6 net.

Masses, My Other. By Frances Pitt. London: Arrowsmith. 5/- net.

English Gothic Churches. By Charles W. Dugdale. London: Batsford. 7/6 net.

Official Year Book of the Union of South Africa, 1910-1925. Pretoria: Government Stationery Office. 8/- net

NEW EDITION.

Captain Margaret. By John Masefield. London: Cape. 3/6 net.

POETRY AND DRAMA.

Poems by Thomas Parnell. Selected by Lennox Robinson. Dublin: Cuala Press. 10/6 net.

TRAVEL.

The Balearics and their Peoples. By Frederick Chamberlin. London: Lane. 18/- net.

Touring England. By Sydney J. Ives. London: Bateford. 7/6 net.

NEW FORESTERS' HALL.

The formal laying of the foundation stone of the Irish National Foresters' new hall at Navan took place on Monday, being performed by the Rev. J. O'Reilly, Adm. Current coins of the realm and other records were placed beneath the stone. Father O'Reilly expressed his pleasure at the society's progress and expressed the hope that in years to come they would be able to make still further provision for the growing membership.

The new hall will be a substantial one of concrete, three storeys high.

Thousands of ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Price 5s. Sold by all Chemists and Stores; or post free from Proprietors, Martin, Chemist, Southampton.—(Advt.)

BROADCASTING

TO-DAY.

DUBLIN (2RN)—319.1 Metres.

1.30-2.0—Weather forecast and Gramophone Records. 6.30—Uair i dTir na n-og—Una Kenny, Carmel Ni Ghuinnea, and the Choir of O'Connell Schools, conducted by Louis O'Brien. 7.0—Gramophone Records. 7.30—Talk. "Attie O'Brien." C. M. Ni Dhubhghaill. 7.45—Selections from James Clarence Mangan's Works, J. Lyle Donaghy. 8.0—Station Orchestra—Songs of Scotland (Lampe), Slovak Melodies (Leopold), Irish Melodies (Larchet). 8.45—Frank Fay and Company, Scenes from Richelieu (Lord Lytton). 9.15—Gearoidin Ni Shuilleabhain (piano) (Cork)—Symphonic Variations (Schumann). 9.35—Kathleen Roddy (soprano), Love Songs of Ireland: "Ringletted Youth of my Love" (from Love Songs of Connaught), "The Boatman of Kinsale" (trad.), "The Lad from the Mountains" (S. O. hAodha), Rory O'More (Lover), "An Banchaillin Ban." 9.50—Station Orchestra, Request Music. 10.0—Men's Chorus and Station Orchestra—National Hosting Songs. 10.30—Weather forecast.

BELFAST (2BE)—306.1 Metres.

11.0-1.0—From Daventry. 2.25—From London. 3.0—Broadcast to Schools. 3.15—Quartet. 3.30—From London. 4.45—Gramophone Records. 5.0—From London. 5.15—Children. 6.0—From London. 7.45—Maytair Glee Singers. The Station Orchestra. 8.45-11.0—From London.

LONDON (2LO)—361.4 Metres.

1.0-2.0—Orchestra Columbo. 2.55—Reading: "An Inland Voyage." (Stevenson). 3.0-3.25—Sir Ernest Gray: "How English Laws are Made by King and Parliament." 3.30-3.45—Mr. Clifford W. Collinson: "Let's Go 'Round the World." 3.50—The Kingsley Quartet and Olive Bloom (pianoforte). 4.45—Anna Tibell (soprano). 5.0—Commandant Allen: "How Women Police Work." 5.15—Children. 6.0—Orchestra, Greenwich Time, Weather, and News. 6.45—Orchestra. 7.0—Mr. Percy Scholes, the B.B.C. Music Critic. 7.15—The Sonatas of Beethoven. 7.35—Prof. Joseph Barcroft, F.R.S.: "The Art and Practice of Breathing—II., The Nose as Detective." 7.45—Ica Shanlites, arranged and introduced by Sir Richard Terry. 8.15—Murray Ashford's Concert Party (relayed from Westcliff). 8.45—Capitals of Europe—V., Mr. Colin Coote, "Rome." 9.5—"Carmen," Act II. (relayed from the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden). 9.50—Weather and News. 10.10—"Pixie Led," a Fantasy with Music for a Midsummer Night, by L. du G. Pixie Songs specially composed by Kenneth A. Wright. 11.0—A Bridge Hand will be played.

DAVENTRY (5XX)—1,600 Metres.

10.30 a.m.—Greenwich Time and Weather. 11.0—Big Ben. The Daventry Quartet and Sybil Slanes (soprano), Reginald Paul (pianoforte). 11.45 app.—"Nymphs and Shepherds," a selection of Purcell's music arranged by R. Barclay Wilson, performed by himself and the Wireless Chorus. 12.0 app.—Concert. 12.30—Organ Recital by Leonard H. Warner (relayed from St. Botolph's, Bishopsgate). 1.0-2.55—From London. 10.5—Shipping Forecast. 10.15—From London. 11.0-12.0—Lou Raderman and his Embassy Club Orchestra.

BIRMINGHAM (5IT)—328.1 Metres.

4.45—Azaline Lewis, in collaboration with Mme. Moll-Weiss (Directrice, L'Ecole Domestique et Sociale, Paris): "How We Cook in Paris—I., Quick and Savoury Methods of Cooking Meat." 5.15—Children. 6.0—Orchestra. 6.30—From London. 7.45—Chamber Music. Frank Cantell (violin), Leonard Dennis (violoncello), T. W. North (organ). 8.45—From London. 10.10-11.0—Station Orchestra. Winifred Davis (mezzo-soprano); Richard Merriman (cornet).

BOURNEMOUTH (6BM)—491.8 Metres.

5.15—Children. 6.0—Orchestra. 6.30—From London. 7.45—Midsummer Day Concert. Station Octet. Leonard Gowings (tenor). Poems. 8.45-11.0—From London.

CARDIFF (5WA)—353 Metres.

4.45—Mrs. Irene Cracknell: "The Art of Story-Telling to Children." 5.0—Dance Music. 5.15—Children. 6.0—From London. 6.50—Miss Bronwen Davies: Eye-witness account of the Welsh Ladies' Golf Championship at Porthcawl. 7.0—From London. 7.45—Midsummer Magic. Station Orchestra. 7.57—"A Test and a Match," by Isabel Shaw. David Brynley (tenor). 8.45—From London. 10.10—"Blondes and Brunette" (entertainers). 10.40-11.0—My Favourite Songs—XII. A Recital by David Brynley (tenor).

MANCHESTER (2EY)—384.6 Metres.

1.0-2.0—Station Quartet. 3.30—Madame Ruth (Auto-Piano Recital). 3.45—London Programme. 4.45—Clara Brook (soprano). 5.0—Miss Kate R. Lovell: "Midsummer Day." 5.15—Children. 6.0—The Majestic "Celebrity" Orchestra. 6.30—From London. 6.45—The Majestic Orchestra. 7.0—From London. 7.45—Orchestra. Dale Smith (baritone). 8.45—From London. 10.10—Pianoforte Recital by Cicely Hoye. 10.30-11.0—Charteris and Dickson (entertainers at the piano), John Henry and Blossom (entertainers).

NEWCASTLE (5NO)—317.5 Metres.

11.30—Jean Bruce (soprano), T. Brimer (cornet), Hugh G. Lowes (baritone). 12.0-12.30—Gramophone Records. 2.55—From London. 5.0—Talk. 5.15—Children. 6.0—Station Octet. 6.30—From London. 8.15—Whitby Municipal Orchestra. 8.45-11.0—From London.

LIVERPOOL (6LV)—297 Metres.

3.15-3.45—Broadcast to Schools. 4.0—Gladys Buchanan (mezzo-soprano). 4.15—Pianoforte Quartet. 5.0—Mr. Charles W. Budden: "The Isle of Skye." 5.15—Children. 5.58—Weather for Farmers. 6.0—Music. 6.10—Talk. 6.30—From London. 6.50—From Edinburgh. 7.0—From London. 9.15—Orpheus Ivy Gentlemen in a Recital of Maori Songs. 8.45—From London. 10.10-11.0—"Oor Ain Fireside."

COUNTESS OF WICKLOW HOSPITAL.

SHELTER FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN.

Speaking at the annual meeting of the Committee of the Countess of Wicklow Memorial Hospital, which was held last Wednesday, Lord Wicklow, who presided, said that it gave him great pleasure to propose a heartly vote of thanks to the staff of the hospital, the Race Committee, the auditor, the people who collected through the town for the Pound Day, and to Mrs. Jackson for getting up the entertainment in aid of the hospital. The matron and her staff were most attentive to their duty, and deserved nothing but praise from the governors of the hospital. They could not thank enough the medical staff, and particularly Sir William Wheeler, who came down whenever he was wanted.

He was sorry to say that the shelter for crippled children was still in a very unadvanced state. With the help of Mr. Dixon, architect, and Sir William Wheeler, they hoped to come to some agreement as to the precise form that the shelter was to take.

The Rev. Mr. Colthurst said that he wished to mention the name of Miss Beauman, who had contributed a supply of linen, in the vote of thanks.

IRELAND'S CRIPPLED CHILDREN.

Sir William Wheeler said that he wished to thank them for the very kind references they had made to his work at the hospital. He had visited the hospital that morning, and seen there some cases which he had treated in Mercer's Hospital, and he could say without exaggeration that with some of these patients it would be quite impossible to get the same results in a Dublin hospital as they were getting in Arklow. One man was brought to him, and they asked him to amputate his leg, the injury was so great. He sent this man to Arklow, and had seen him that morning. The leg was almost healed up, and the foot was going to be a useful foot.

He was delighted that they had decided to undertake the erection of a shelter for crippled children. There were 10,000 crippled children in Ireland, and a great number of these children could be cured. He belonged to one of the oldest hospitals in Ireland—the Children's Hospital, Harcourt street—and he was happy to say that they had prevailed upon Lord Wicklow to become one of the Committee of Management of that hospital, which was associated with some of the greatest surgeons that ever practised in Ireland. They had unanimously decided to scrap it. They felt it a crime to treat those children in a city hospital, and all children for the next ten years would be treated in little hospitals such as the Countess of Wicklow Hospital. They had decided to start another centre near Dublin.

The Chairman proposed a vote of thanks to the hon. secretary, Miss Bayley, for her unremitting work on behalf of the hospital.

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT

SHOPBREAKING AND POCKET-PICKING.

TWO MEN SENT FOR TRIAL.

(BEFORE MR. COLLINS.)

Michael Murray, cabinet-maker, Lower Drumcondra road, and Laurence McDonnell, labourer, Albert place, off Charlemont street, were charged with breaking into the Killester Cash Stores, Howth road, and stealing therefrom bacon, tobacco, wine, cigarettes, fruit, fish, cheese, cakes, tea and cash, to the value of £32 18s. 10d. On a further count they were charged with stealing cash from the pockets of John and Frank Davidson, 6 Prospect road, Glasnevin, and John Mulveen, 19 St. Malachi's road, Glasnevin.

Murray was further accused of stealing a Burbery overcoat, value £2 5s., the property of John Kiernan Dunbohill, Howth, and a bicycle, value £5 17s., the property of Walter Shortal, 17 Finglas road.

Evidence of arrest was given by Detective Victor S. C. Lockhart, who said that all the property had been recovered.

Both accused were returned for trial to the Circuit Court.

Smartly dressed men

SCENES IN THE STREETS.

DEMONSTRATION BY FIANNA FAIL.

MR. DE VALERA AND HIS EXCLUSION.

Disappointment awaited those who had hoped to see a great demonstration in the streets of Dublin yesterday in sympathy with the Fianna Fail deputies who claimed the right to enter the Dail without taking the oath of allegiance.

The expectation was created by the publication of a circular sent out last week from Fianna Fail headquarters to every branch of the organisation.

"We are very assiduous," said the circular, "that a monster demonstration should be held in Dublin. If at all possible, get as many of our supporters in the Cumann area to travel to Dublin that day. . . . From some areas parties of young men should be organised to march into Dublin. . . . In the show which we make on this occasion will particularly depend the extent of our success at the next election, within twelve months."

There was a demonstration in support of Mr. de Valera and his policy, but it was not of the impressive character desired by the heads of Fianna Fail.

Early in the day police were on duty to prevent unseemly scenes in the vicinity of the Parliament building. Molesworth street and Kildare street on the one side of Leinster House, and Merrion street and Merrion square, West, on the other side, were closed to all who could not show that they had business there. Civic Guards were posted at every corner to see that the regulations were observed. At no time throughout the day was it necessary for the police to resort to force.

Up to two o'clock in the afternoon nothing happened, and the number of people in Nassau street and the other thoroughfares leading to Leinster House was much the same as on any other week-day. At that hour the 44 Fianna Fail deputies, with Mr. D. Corkery, T.D., Independent Republican, left the Republican headquarters in Abbey street and walked to Leinster House. They were accompanied by a cheering crowd, most of whom were women. Mr. de Valera, who walked in front of the party, was the object of much enthusiasm. There was no attempt at a formal procession.

The party of deputies, with a number of prominent supporters of Fianna Fail, went to the foot of Kildare street, where Civic Guards were drawn across the street. The Republican deputies and some others were passed through the police cordon and made their way to the front gate of Leinster House. At the entrance office their summonses to attend were examined by an usher, to whom Mr. Sean Lemass, T.D., vouched for the identity of those who had neglected to bring the necessary documents with them. The formalities at the gate were similar to those observed in the case of Deputies of other parties, and they occupied but a few minutes.

TRAFFIC STOPPED.

In the meantime the crowd remained singing and cheering in Nassau street. For fully half an hour the assemblage did not pack the street so closely that tramcars and motor cars could not pass through, but by 3 o'clock vehicular and pedestrian traffic at that end of the street became impossible. It was estimated at that hour that between 3,000 and 4,000 people were packed in Nassau street between the Kildare street Club and Frederick street, South. The crowd, however, were orderly and good-humoured, and at no time did they give the police the slightest trouble. It was noted that they made way respectfully for Dr. Gregg, the Archbishop of Dublin, who passed through to Kildare street.

At 4.20 some of the Republican Deputies left Leinster House, but the greater number remained behind. Among those who came out was Mr. de Valera, who got a tremendous ovation from the gathering in Nassau street. He and his fellow-Deputies were rushed in the middle of the crowd all along Nassau street and through College Green and College street, where it was arranged that a meeting should be held. Cheering, yelling, shouting, rushing, the crowd brought all traffic to a stop. In the thick of it were many women with young children in their arms, but no one was hurt.

In College street Mr. de Valera and his friends mounted a lorry, from which they were to address the gathering. A Guard officer approached and informed Mr. de Valera that a meeting could not be held there. The Republican leader at once accepted the police decision, and announced that the crowd would be addressed from the Fianna Fail offices in Abbey street. There followed a rush through D'Olier street and across O'Connell Bridge, in the course of which not a few women and men came to grief on the footpaths and tarred roadway, which had been rendered slippery by a heavy fall of rain.

THE MEETING.

MR. DE VALERA'S SPEECH.

It was with no little difficulty that a passage was made through the dense mass of people in Abbey street for Mr. de Valera and the other Deputies to get into the building. The crowd packed the very wide street from wall to wall. There was no question about their enthusiasm for Mr. de Valera. When he appeared at the window there was tremendous cheering, and the waving of hats and handkerchiefs showed that the gathering was with him to a man.

Mr. Sean Lemass opened the meeting by saying that they had come down from Leinster House to tell the people that their elected representatives had been flouted by a little clique of officials in Merrion street. By armed force the men who had been elected were prevented from entering the Dail. For the first time they had asserted their right to represent the people who had elected them. They did not succeed, but they would try and try again in the belief that no constitutional barrier and no puppet Government could stand for ever against the will of the Irish people.

Mr. de Valera, who followed, said that forty-five of the elected representatives of the people had just been prevented by the orders of forty-six from exercising their right to represent those who elected them. It was not the wishes of the electors that they should take an oath of allegiance to a foreign king, and they had refused to take such an oath. They would never take that oath. They were not allowed to take their places as representatives of the people because they would not take a false oath, or prove recreant to the aspirations of the Irish people. The matter now came back to the people.

They had built up the organisation of Fianna Fail in the confidence that the old spirit of Irish nationality was not dead yet. They would now go to the people for the pressure that would quickly break down the barrier of the oath. The clique expected that criticism of their extravagance and their maladministration would be prevented by excluding the Fianna Fail deputies from the Dail. The platform for that criticism, denied to them in Merrion street, would now be found at every cross-road in Ireland. He promised that the criticism of that maladministration would be so effective that the Irish people, unless they were slaves, would rise up against it.

SEEKING UNITY.

That day he and his colleagues had done their part to try to bring about the unity of the Irish people; it was now for the people to say that they would not be kept asunder by any small group. When the Irish people relied upon their own strength they were successful in preventing conscription. In the same way, if they rallied to the ranks of Fianna Fail, the barrier of the oath could not last long.

Their work was only in the beginning. That day they had taken the first necessary step in order to saddle the right horse. They had to do that, because there was a Press that misrepresented their attitude, and tried to picture them as dreamers. The issue was now knit, and there was no doubt of the result. He had not the slightest doubt that all the Irish representatives would be able to meet shortly without first having to take an oath of allegiance to any king.

Mr. P. J. Ruttledge, T.D., Mayo, said that the junta had kept them out of the Dail to which they were elected, even against legal opinion, and against the constitutional usage that they themselves pretended to observe. That day's proceedings showed what was the cause of the division in the Irish people. The barrier against elected representatives was not maintained because of any threat of outside interference, but simply and solely to keep the clique in office, with all the good that comes from office. The fine spirit that Dublin had manifested that day was but an indication of the rising tide that was going to sweep the clique away.

Mr. Sean French, T.D., Lord Mayor of Cork, said that the exercise of the will of the people had been denied by definite physical force. Now, however, the junta in Merrion street would have to face the storm of the wrath of the people.

Mr. Sean McEntee, T.D., said in 1923 Mr. Cosgrave made it an issue of the election that the will of the people must prevail. That day forty-five representatives were refused admission to the Dail to express there the will of the people who had elected them. Admission was refused on the personal responsibility of one man—the paid hireling known as the Clerk of the Dail.

This week the legal correspondent of the London *Times* wrote that unfortunately there was a loophole in the Constitution of the Irish Free State which allowed deputies to take their seats without taking the oath of allegiance. That substantiated the opinion of three eminent Dublin lawyers. The Fianna Fail deputies wanted to take advantage of that loophole for the purpose of inviting the people of Ireland to take counsel together in the interests of the nation, but the men who were England's compliant tools in the attack on the Four Courts had now refused to allow unity to be brought about.

Mr. Eugene Mullan, T.D., said that to take an oath of allegiance to the English King was simply to admit that England had a right here—a right to our wealth and markets in time of peace; a right to our railways, our roads and our men in time of war. The policy of those who would not admit any right of England here was now a policy of action—a policy of work, and not of feeling, of thinking, or speaking. That work would be carried on vigorously only if the people joined Fianna Fail, established branches in every part of the twenty-six counties, and kept those branches alive.

Mr. Lemass, in a concluding speech, said that the fight against the oath would be won if the people wanted it to be won. Cumann na nGaedheal had no more right to govern the country than had any other minority party. The Government formed that day in the Dail would be only a patchwork combination, bound to collapse in a few months' time. That was the chance of Fianna Fail to see to it that never again would that Party have power to exclude from the Dail any representatives elected by the people. At last Irish nationality was on the winning side. They now had a better chance of success than at any time since 1916. Victory as now within arm's length.

MR. DE VALERA IN AN ACCIDENT.

MOTOR CAR BADLY DAMAGED.

Mr. de Valera met with an accident while driving his two-seater motor car along Lower Grafton street towards College Green yesterday morning.

As he drew out on the tram-lines to pass a horse and cart the car was struck by a city-going tramcar. The rere wheel was hit, and the car was turned towards the footpath where it struck a tramway standard. A tyre was burst and one of the wheels was buckled.

Mr. de Valera, who endeavored to extricate the car, but failed, walked away and left it on the street.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

ATTENDED BY MEMBERS OF BOTH HOUSES.

Yesterday morning special Services were held in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, and St. Andrew's Church, Westland row, for the members of the Senate and the Dail. The Archbishop of Dublin, the Most Rev. Dr. Gregg, was the preacher in St. Patrick's, and the Most Rev. Dr. Byrne, Archbishop of Dublin, presided at the Votive Mass in St. Andrew's.

In addition to the Governor-General and President Cosgrave, the congregation at St. Andrew's included members of the Senate and Dail and Mr. de Valera and the Fianna Fail deputies.

THE CATHEDRAL SERVICE.

ARCHBISHOP'S SERMON.

At St. Patrick's Cathedral the psalms were the 48th and the 133rd, and the lessons were read by the Very Rev. the Dean of Christ Church and the Rev. Canon Foley. Wesley's anthem, "Lead me, Lord, in Thy righteousness," was sung by the choir, and the prayers offered were for the King and Commonwealth, for Ireland, for Christian citizenship, and for unity.

The members of the Oireachtas present were:—The Right Hon. Lord Glenavy (Chairman of the Senate, who occupied what used to be the Viceregal seat, now the Governor-General's seat), Senators Sir John Keane, Benjamin Haughton, S. L. Brown, K.C.; W. B. Barrington, H. S. Guinness. Members of the Dáil—Mr. Ernest Blythe (Minister for Finance), Sir James Craig, M.D.; Professor Thrift, Major Myles, Major Bryan Cooper, Mr. A. E. Alton.

THE SERMON.

The Archbishop, taking as his text, "By Me (*i.e.*, by Wisdom) kings reign and princes decree justice," Proverbs VIII. 15, said:—A new Parliament meets to-day, and its members before taking their seats, present themselves before Almighty God and ask His blessing upon their labours. I rejoice to think that even though other members of the Dáil cannot meet before the one earthly altar, we can all consent to meet around the one throne of the heavenly Grace. This national acknowledgment of our dependence upon God is a happy feature of life in Ireland, whether public or private; that men should confess that they have a Master in heaven cannot but give a sense of responsibility to their actions, and raise most surely the character of their standards and their ideals.

It is a remarkable thing that the Old Testament which enshrines the revelation of God to the Jews is in a very large measure a book of political history. In other words, the way which God took to make Himself known was to use the life of a people, and to cause the various events and crises of its development to be in their turn the occasions for a new communication of Divine truth. Prophets and law-givers and kings were the subjects of the Divine leading and the instruments of the Divine will: at each stage the impact, the constraint of Providence, was looked for and felt. Now it is possible to say that all this is surely an indication that the Jews were a chosen people; that the special overruling of their history was due to the particular office to which they had been assigned in the Divine world plan.

POLITICAL LIFE.

It is possible, but it is also true (and no less true), to say that the political life of a people, not of the Jews only but of any people, offers the most appropriate stage upon which the Divine wisdom may play its part. There is continuity; there is diversity in unity, and unity in multiplicity: there is length of time in which the full fruit of actions and policies can be seen in the reactions which follow inevitably, even if after long years; there is opportunity of experiment, there are great moments of decision, there is the increasing call to blend the practical and the near with the ideal and the further off. I doubt if anywhere more than in political life is there greater need and greater opportunity for the operation of the Divine wisdom.

Having briefly referred to the part Moses played as the founder of institutions and in the promulgation of laws, to the places filled by Samuel, Solomon, Amos, Elijah, Elisha and Isaiah, as men of affairs intervening in God's name to advise or to denounce national policy, His Grace said that they were not intervening in affairs outside their scope. They were persuaded that public life—the way that the State was conducted—was intimately connected with religion, and they had no conception of a division of affairs into sacred and secular. All life was subject to moral sanctions, and in every department of life God was King.

I say unhesitatingly, continued His Grace, that the statesman who would serve his country well would be very ill-advised if he neglected to study again and again the harvest of political experience garnered in the Old Testament. It is not without significance that that nation in Europe which has led the way in the development of free political institutions is one in which the Old Testament has been for the past four centuries a household book.

TWO NAMES.

Proceeding, His Grace said that they need not think that because they had altered some of their political institutions they had of necessity become any wiser than those who went before. The common stock of political wisdom developed very early, and they could add little to the knowledge of human nature possessed by the men of one thousand years ago. At the same time, every new political genius, whether thinker or man of action, provided them with fresh illustrations of the working of the laws of political life from which they took warning or guidance. Two names occurred to him in that connection. One who was in their minds that day, because he died four hundred years ago yesterday, was the Italian, Machiavelli. His name had become a symbol for cynical and unprincipled statecraft. The common judgment upon what they called Machiavellianism was, in his view, one of those judgments in which the voice of God spoke through the voice of the people.

The other name was that of Edmund Burke, in whom, by the consent of a century and a half, they had one of the greatest political philosophers of European history—a man in whose thinking righteousness came first. He hardly thought that it was an exaggeration to say that that great Irishman, who, for all his thinking, never lost touch with concrete fact, was the gift of God to Irish statesmen for their encouragement and guidance. What made him the commanding figure that he was was his native political capacity, governed by his scrupulous sense of righteousness. He did not always get his way—far from it; but his presence in public life uplifted everything it touched. And if modern Irishmen would learn from him they would learn how to lay solid foundations for our new polity.

The Service concluded with the singing of "O God our help in ages past" and the National Anthem.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

VOTIVE MASS.

The Governor-General, President Cosgrave, his Ministers and supporters; Mr. de Valera and the Fianna Fail members of the Dail, the great majority of the Roman Catholic members of the Dail and the Senate, attended a Votive Mass of the Holy Ghost at St. Andrew's Church, Westland Row, Dublin, yesterday, at which the Most Rev. Dr. Byrne, Archbishop of Dublin, presided.

Every member of the Oireachtas had received a personal invitation to the Mass from President Cosgrave. The church was decorated with palms and flowers, and a crimson carpet was spread from the main door to the high altar.

The Archbishop, the Governor-General, and the members of the Oireachtas were received by the Very Rev. Father Landers, Adm., and the Rev. T. F. Ryan, C.C., and the members of the Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament, and escorted through the main door to their seats. The general public were admitted by the side doors. The Church was crowded by a vast congregation, and a very large number of people outside were unable to gain admission.

The Governor-General was accommodated with a *prie-dieu* at the High Altar rails in the Gospel transept. Behind him sat his *aide-de-camp*, Colonel J. Guilfoyle, and the Roman Catholic members of the Senate. In the Epistle transept President Cosgrave occupied a *prie-dieu* at the High Altar rails. Behind him sat other members of the Executive Council and extern Ministers, his *aide-de-camp*, Colonel J. O'Reilly, the Cumann na nGaedheal deputies, and the Labour, Farmers, Independent, and National League groups. In a section of pews on their right sat Mr. de Valera and the members of the Fianna Fail party.

The assistants at the Throne were the Rev. Canon Cronin, D.D., F.P., Rathgar, and the Very Rev. Canon Boylan, D.D., Vice-President, Maynooth College. The celebrant was the Rev. W. Burke, C.C., St. Andrew's, the deacon the Rev. T. F. O'Reilly, C.C., St. Andrew's; sub-deacon, the Rev. E. McSweeney, and the master of ceremonies, the Rev. P. Rafter, C.C. The music of the Mass was rendered by the Church choir of 80 voices, conducted by Mr. Louis O'Brien.

As the Archbishop, the Governor-General, President Cosgrave, and Mr. de Valera left the Church in turn, they were loudly cheered by the crowds outside.

THE SENATE.

FORMAL APPOINTMENTS.

The Senate yesterday re-assembled after the general election to the Dail.

Lord Glenavy, Chairman, presided.

The proceedings opened with the reading by the Clerk (Mr. O'Sullivan) of the proclamation convening the Oireachtas.

The next business was the appointment of Sessional Chairman. Messrs. Dowdall and Counihan were unanimously appointed.

On the motion of Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. Guinness, the Committee of Selection was unanimously re-appointed as follows:—Messrs. Bennett, Chairman; Douglas, Fanning, Farren, Right Hon. A. Jameson, Sir John Keane, O'Hanlon, O'Rourke and Dowdall.

The Chairman said that it was not possible for him to forecast when they were likely to be called together again. That all depended on a variety of events. There was a number of events on the horizon, but, of course, members would receive ample notice.

The Senate then adjourned *sine die*.

MANNEQUIN MODEL IN A WINDOW.

GLASGOW COUNCILLOR'S OBJECTION.

Glasgow's censorship of a mannequin model was discussed in an amusing manner at a meeting of the Corporation yesterday, when Mr. Clarke, a Labour member, asked the senior magistrate, Bailie Mrs. Bell, if her attention had been directed to the inadequately and suggestively draped female mannequin exhibited in the window of a shop in the Cowcaddens's area belonging to a member of the Corporation. He also asked if she had taken steps to prevent the morals of the youth in that neighbourhood from being endangered by such an inflammatory display of feminine mysteries.

Bailie Mrs. Bell, who, it will be recalled, recently witnessed an execution in Glasgow, said that she had made inquiry and had been informed that there was nothing indecent. The figure was simply an advertisement for corsets. There was no one at the window when the police called.

Mr. Clarke inquired if Bailie Mrs. Bell was aware of the fact that the scandal of undraped or semi-suggestive figures was a menace which could only be improved by putting the living person in the window, which was not permitted, and was increasing, and did she not think that a more rigid censoring should be made by the magistrates.

Bailie Mrs. Bell—I can only say that this is a model, and not a mannequin.

Mr. John Stewart, also a Labour member, remarked that he could understand the motive which prompted Mr. Clarke to put this question. He asked Bailie Bell, if, in view of the fact that no serious damage was being done to the morals of the people by looking at this mannequin, she would agree with him and the old adage that "To the pure all things are pure." (Laughter.)

The subject then dropped.

INTER-CLUB COMPETITION.

Brighton (Rathgar), by defeating Percy 3rd in Class IV., Inter-club Competition (Ladies) on Wednesday, qualified for the final. The team won all their matches in Section B.

WIMBLEDON.

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF HON. CECIL CAMPBELL.

BRILLIANT PLAY BY MISS NUTHALL.

There were wild scenes of enthusiasm at Wimbledon yesterday, for the heroine of the meeting achieved the greatest victory of her career, beating the lady champion of America, Mrs. Mallory, in a game which produced some wonderful lawn tennis. Miss Nuthall has the temperament of a veteran. Neither the apparent imminence of defeat occasioned by Mrs. Mallory winning the first set, nor the mighty cheering of thousands of spectators as she made her recovery affected her calmness.

She opened shakily, it is true, her drives being played loosely, while she hit many balls out of court. Mrs. Mallory, steady as a rock and playing a beautiful length, had very much the better of the first set, and the spectators saddened at the prospect of the English girl's defeat. Then they were galvanised into such enthusiasm as Wimbledon has rarely seen, even round the centre court.

Miss Nuthall suddenly found her length, and she beat Mrs. Mallory with some beautifully-placed forehand drives. Two strokes in the fourth game were exceptionally good. They were wonderful back-hand drives down the side line to pass Mrs. Mallory's forehand, and they were winners as soon as they left Miss Nuthall's racket. The cheers which greeted these shots carried to the crowds who waited outside the packed court, and there were spirited attempts on their part to get more than the fleeting glimpses of the play.

Then Miss Nuthall played at her very best. She drove so well that the American was kept at the base line, while Miss Nuthall came up to volley whenever the opportunity arose. When the English girl took the second set at 6-2, the applause was greater than ever. Mrs. Mallory seemed to be demoralised. She could do nothing, while the other strengthened her game. She took the first three games of the second set, and then forced the issue. She became even more severe, and romped away from her opponent to win a love game and create a real sensation.

Mrs. Mallory, it will be recalled, beat Mlle. Suzanne Lengien by default in America some years ago, the French girl leaving the court in tears, after losing the first set and the first two games of the second set. The result of the match between Miss Nuthall and Mrs. Mallory caused a slump in general interest. The spectators did not fancy modest fare after the rich dish which had been served to them as an *hors d'œuvre*.

Indeed, a moderate programme had been arranged for the centre court, and it was poorly patronised until Jean Borotra and E. Higgs entered it late in the afternoon. But there was a big demand for seats round court No. 2, which offered the best programme of the day, and there was some dissatisfaction on the part of the spectators at the arrangements. Court No. 2 does not provide anything like the seating accommodation which was required, and crowds waited for hours hoping to secure a place for the match between Tilden and Hughes.

The day did not pass without its surprises, the chief of them being the defeat of the French lady champion, Mlle. Contostavlos, by Miss E. H. Harvey.

Jean Borotra played disappointingly in the centre court against E. Higgs. There were brief spells of his fine volleying, but he seemed languid and lacking in the boyish energy with which he usually delights the crowd. After taking the first set at 6-1, he lost the next two, Higgs keeping him at the base line far more than is usual. In the decider Borotra was more like his old self. He was more often at the net and volleyed better. During the fourth game he jumped over the two feet barrier which surrounds the court in an attempt to reach the ball, and fell among the spectators, to whom he apologised profusely. Borotra eventually won the last set at 6-2, but, though he survived, he had a narrow escape, and his play was not convincing.

Ireland's entry is now reduced to one, the Hon. Cecil Campbell, who came through his match against the South African, N. G. Farquharson, now in residence at Cambridge, in straight sets, 6-1, 6-4, 6-1.

Our other representative, E. A. McGuire, put up a right good struggle against one of the coming French players, C. Boussus, who, if rumour is to be believed, will equal the standard set by Borotra and Lacoste. McGuire was slow to start and lost the opening set in the eighth, but improved in the second to square the match at 7-5. He fell away again in the third, which Boussus took to love, and followed it up with the fourth for the loss of a single game.

In the Doubles, Campbell and Mahony came through the first round, but J. F. Miley and E. A. McGuire failed to hold the Indian pair, A. H. Fyzee and K. Prasada, despite a hard-fought second set.

MEN'S SINGLES.
(Centre—J. Borotra.)
THIRD ROUND (CONCLUDED).

C. Boussus beat E. A. McGUIRE—6-2, 5-7, 6-0, 6-1.
H. Cochet beat H. Kleinschroth—7-5, 9-7, 6-0.
R. Lacoste beat H. G. Mackintosh—6-0, 6-2, 6-2.
HON. CECIL CAMPBELL beat N. G. Farquharson—6-1, 6-4, 6-1.
H. Timmer beat H. Landry—7-5, 6-4, 3-6, 8-6.
C. H. Philcox beat H. G. N. Lee—7-5, 5-7, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.
D. M. Greig beat H. K. Lester—3-6, 3-6, 6-4, 6-4, 6-2.
W. T. Tilden beat G. P. Hughes—6-3, 6-4, 6-0.
J. Borotra (holder) beat E. Higgs—6-1, 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 6-2.
F. T. Hunter beat A. H. Lowe—6-2, 8-6, 6-3.

LADIES' SINGLES.
(Holder—Mrs. L. A. Godfree.)
THIRD ROUND.

Miss E. L. Colyer beat Miss J. C. Ridley—6-4, 6-3.
Miss E. Ryan beat Mrs. H. G. Broadbridge—6-2, 6-3.
Miss E. H. Harvey beat Mlle. H. Contostavos—6-4, 6-4.
Mrs. M. Watson beat Miss Heine—4-6, 6-3, 7-5.
Miss V. M. Chamberlain beat Miss C. Tyrrell—6-0, 1-6, 6-4.
Miss E. A. Goldsack beat Mrs. R. Lycett—6-8, 8-6, 6-3.
Mrs. Peacock beat Miss E. R. Clarke—6-3, 6-1.
Miss I. A. Maltby beat Mrs. H. Edgington—3-6, 6-4, 6-4.
Miss Joan Fry beat Mrs. M. L. Morison—6-2, 6-2.
Miss B. Nuthall beat Mrs. Mallory—2-6, 6-2, 6-0.
Miss K. Bouman beat Mrs. B. C. Covell—7-5, 6-3.

FOURTH ROUND.

Señorita de Alvarez beat Mrs. Mavrogordato—6-3, 6-0.

MEN'S DOUBLES.
(Holders—H. Cochet and J. Brugnon.)
FIRST ROUND.

H. Ariens and A. W. Asthalter w.o., M. Davies and H. G. Hellier scr.
M. Danet and A. Gentien beat D. M. Evans and R. G. Nions—6-3, 6-3, 6-3.
H. G. Mayes and M. V. Summerson beat R. T. Hollins and A. M. Wedd—6-4, 10-8, 4-6, 6-3.
R. Daniell and R. B. Poland beat D. Powell and N. Sharpe—6-3, 6-4, 2-6, 3-6, 6-3.
C. Raymond and J. Condon beat A. W. Buzzard and R. K. Worthington—6-4, 6-4, 2-6, 6-2.
C. B. de Ricon and W. E. Lingleheit beat A. E. Browne and D. A. Hodges—2-6, 6-4, 10-8, 9-7.
C. R. O. Crole-Rees and C. G. Eames beat Sir C. E. Lyle and A. D. Prebble—6-2, 6-1, 6-4.
J. Kozelish and E. Gottlieb beat F. H. Jarvis and S. R. Wood, jun.—7-5, 6-1, 6-1.
H. Timmer and D. Bryan beat H. R. Price and H. N. Read—7-5, 6-4, 6-3.
C. Boussus and H. Landry beat G. F. Mathieson and J. S. Pittman—7-5, 6-4, 4-6, 6-2.
C. H. Kingsley and J. G. Gregg beat A. R. F. Kingscote and A. F. Teacher—6-4, 6-2, 6-4.
H. de Lesbrina and K. Kleinschroth beat J. T. Barnes and J. Leonard—6-4, 7-5, 6-2.
L. A. Godfree and D. M. Greig beat W. H. M. Aitken and A. G. Holmes—6-3, 6-3, 6-1.
H. G. Mackintosh and Prasada beat E. A. McGUIRE and J. F. MILEY—6-3, 10-8, 6-2.
J. Brugnon and H. Cochet beat A. N. W. Dudley and C. Hobart—10-8, 6-3, 8-6.
HON. C. CAMPBELL and Sir T. MAHONEY beat H. G. Mackintosh and W. E. Shortt—6-4, 6-2, 7-5, 6-1.

SECOND ROUND.

W. E. T. Cole and E. C. Wackett beat W. A. Inerarn and W. Tuckfield—6-4, 6-1, 7-5, 6-3.
LADIES' DOUBLES.
(Holders—Miss Ryan and Miss M. K. Browne.)
FIRST ROUND.

Misc. Borden and Misc. Mathieu beat Miss C. Hardie and Miss D. J. Shaw—6-2, 4-6, 6-2.
Miss M. V. Chamberlain and Mrs. C. O. Tuckey beat Miss J. I. Brown and Mrs. V. Galley—6-3, 6-0.
Mrs. Lambert Chambers and Mrs. R. D. Tapscott beat Miss B. C. Brown and Miss D. Bushy—6-2, 6-1.
Mrs. R. C. Covell and Miss G. R. Sterry beat Mrs. A. V. Bridge and Miss Mosel—6-3, 7-5.
Mrs. Burgess Smith and Miss Valker, w.o.; Baroness Von Reznicek and Miss S. C. Lumley Ellis scr.
Miss P. Drandfield and Miss Hogarth beat Miss E. Pearce and Miss M. Pearce—6-4, 6-1.
Misc. H. Wills and Miss Ryan beat Mrs. Whitley and Miss Colyer—6-3, 6-4.
Miss D. Alexander and Mrs. Mavrogordato beat Mrs. M. F. Ellis and Miss Ellis—6-2, 6-2.

SECOND ROUND.

Mrs. D. M. Evans and Mrs. R. B. W. Jackson beat Miss K. T. Ashington and Miss G. J. Gilder—6-3, 6-4.
Miss E. F. Ross and Miss K. Johnson beat Mrs. Bowerie and Miss J. G. Ridley—6-2, 6-3.
Miss L. Colyer and Mrs. Lycett, w.o.; Miss E. D. Holman and Mrs. H. Edgington, scr.
Miss C. Beckingham and Mrs. Macready beat Miss M. E. Dix and Miss R. Watson—3-6, 6-1, 6-4.
Miss B. I. Heine and Mrs. Peacock beat Mrs. J. L. Colegate and Miss C. Tyrrell—6-3, 6-4.
Miss E. Harper and Mrs. Mollenhaur beat Mrs. J. Hill and Miss E. Bennett—6-4, 6-4.
Miss Dransfield and Miss Hogarth beat Mrs. Burgess Smith and Miss Kelber—6-0, 1-6, 7-5.
Mrs. L. A. Godfree and Miss E. Nuthall beat Miss Radcliffe Platt and Miss P. M. Radcliffe—6-3, 6-0.
Miss K. Bouman and Mrs. Satterthwaite beat Miss M. P. Davies and Miss D. Gordon—6-4, 6-3.

MIXED DOUBLES.
(Holders—L. A. Godfree and Mrs. Godfree.)
FIRST ROUND.

O. Kreuger and Frau O. Friedlehen beat R. D. N. Pryce-Jones and Miss A. Maltby—12-10, 4-6, 6-2.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

Centre Court—J. C. Gregory v. F. T. Hunter (U.S.A.); Mrs. Godfree v. Miss Evelyn Colyer; C. H. Kingsley v. J. Brugnon (France); Miss K. Bouman v. Miss Joan Fry; W. T. Tilden and F. T. Hunter (U.S.A.) v. L. A. Godfree and D. M. Greig.

Court No. 1—W. T. Tilden v. C. Boussus (France); H. Cochet (France) v. H. de Kehrling; Miss Ryan (U.S.A.) v. Miss E. H. Harvey; Miss Helen Wills (U.S.A.) v. Miss B. Nuthall; H. Timmer and C. Bryan v. Otto Froitzheim and O. Kreuzer (Germany).

DUBLIN INSURANCE TOURNAMENT.

Play was continued yesterday in the Tennis Tournament of the Dublin Insurance Athletic Society at Pan Lagbaire. Results are:—

MEN'S SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP.—Semi-final. D. Webb beat G. M. O'Callaghan—6-1, 6-3. Third Round—H. Wood v. A. H. MacDonald scr.

MEN'S HANDICAP SINGLES.—Second Round. G. Matthews w.o., J. Gallagher scr.; H. Mooney (scr.) beat G. Wheeler (plus 15)—6-3, 6-3; C. Partridge (plus 15) beat G. Ledwidge (scr.)—3-6, 6-3, 6-3; H. Fleyitt (plus 30) beat J. Cheetham (plus 15)—7-5, 6-4. Semi-final—J. Killen (plus 15) beat W. Delph (scr.), w.o.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.—Semi-final. Fleyitt and Irvine (plus 30) v.s. Rumsay and Webb (minus 30) scr.; Pratt and Shannon (plus 15) w.o. O'Callaghan and McMullan (minus 3) scr.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

3 o'clock.—Inter-office Semi-final—Yorkshire v. Phoenix; R. B. Jackson v. V. Williams.

6 o'clock.—Fleyitt v. G. Hughes, (D) H. Mooney v. C. Partridge, (C) J. Bamsby v. G. Mathews, (B) Thompson and Wheeler v. Blood and Poulter.

6.45 o'clock.—(A) Miss Howe v. Miss Evans, Miss Odlum v. Miss Callow, L. and L. and G. v. L. and L. or C. or D.

7.30 o'clock—Winner of Hughes and Fleyitt v. Killen, winner of Mooney and Partridge v. winner of Ramsay and Matthews, winner of A v. Miss Fogarty, winner of B v. Pratt and Shannon.

8.30 o'clock—Winner of C v. winner of D.

DUBLIN L.T. COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Dublin Lawn Tennis Council was held on Wednesday to consider entries for the Inter-Schools competitions. The Hon. Secretary reported having sent out over forty circular letters and rules to the schools in and around Dublin, and receiving only about twenty replies. Out of these replies only nine schools wish to compete. Much disappointment was expressed that they have decided to run the competition this year with the intention of next year getting the sports masters and mistresses to meet in the year and talk the matter over.

A school, even at this late hour, intending to enter, if they write forthwith to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. A. J. Ferguson, 49 Brighton road, Rathgar, it may be possible to accept their entry.

The following schools are competing, and in the course of the next day or two will receive programmes of their matches:—

Girls—The High School, Kingstown; French School, Bray; Lewis College, Stephen's Green; Lorets Abbey, Dalkey; High Court, Glenageary; Alexandra College, Dublin.

Boys—College of St. Columba, Rathfarnham; Presentation College, Bray; Belvedere College, Dublin.

KING'S CO. (OFFALY) WEST LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

MONDAY 4th JULY, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

Gentlemen's Singles and Doubles (Open Handicaps). Ladies' Singles and Doubles (Open Handicaps). Ladies' and Gentlemen's Doubles (Open Handicaps). Gentlemen's Singles—Challenge Cup and Prize.

Ladies' Singles—Challenge Cup and Prize.

Entrance Fees:—

Gentlemen—Cup, 10/-; Other Events, 7/6 each. General Entry, 2/6.

Ladies—Cup, 7/6; Other Events, 5/- each. General Entry, 2/6.

Entries, which must be accompanied by fees, close with the Hon. Sec., H. R. Fleming, Bank House, Banagher, Thursday, 30th June, 1927. —(Advt.)

CO. WESTMEATH LAWN TENNIS CLUB.

Open Tournament will be held at Mullingar, commencing Monday, 4th July, at 11 a.m. Two Championships and Five Handicap Events. Entries, together with Entrance Fees, must be received by the Tournament Secretary, Rev. A. M. Cave, Moyvear Rectory, Mullingar, not later than first post, Saturday, 2nd July.—(Advt.)

IN THE NORTHERN CAPITAL.

BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Thursday.

The political situation in the South has aroused a good deal of sympathetic interest in the fortunes of Mr. Cosgrave and his party, and it is generally hoped that, as a result of to-day's deliberations in Dail Eireann, the President will be able to form a Government and proceed with his plans for the development and prosperity of the Free State. For several years the people of the North looked with distrust and suspicion upon Mr. Cosgrave and his colleagues, but the establishment of settled conditions and the transforming of strife and chaos into peace and order on the other side of the border have engendered more kindly feelings, and they wish their Southern neighbours well. The river of difficulty has not yet been forded, and the wise old "saw," about not changing horses while the waters are swirling about, seems to be applicable in this case. The ability of Mr. Cosgrave as a statesman is recognised and appreciated; for the Ulster folk have come to understand that, while he holds the reins of office, the Southern area will be governed for the best and most enduring interests of the nation. In this endeavour North and South are one, and in it, as the years pass on, the germ of reconciliation may yet be found.

POSITION OF RAILWAYS.

The supremacy of railways in rapid transit has been challenged within the last few years, and the various companies have suffered severely from the competition of motor 'buses, which have established regular services from the capital city to almost every town, village and hamlet in Ulster. The country districts have been opened up, and even the most remote places may be visited with but little inconvenience, a privilege much valued by people living along the roadsides. In some cases railway dividends have almost vanished in consequence of the reductions of freight and passenger traffic, and the menace to the prosperity of their undertaking has become so formidable that the railway directors have decided to take drastic steps to meet it.

Cheap excursion fares and one-day trips have been introduced in the hope of recovering lost custom; and, on the other hand, the 'bus owners are combining to fight the railway companies.

SENSATIONAL REDUCTIONS.

The Midland Company, whose main system extends from Belfast to Portrush and Londonderry, have made sensational reductions in their fares, the cost being only a trifle more than a third of the old charges, and lower than the pre-war rates. At present the third class return fare from Belfast to Portrush is 19s.; the new rate will be 7s., and proportionate reductions are being made from the other principal stations on the line. These tickets will be available for return on any day within a month of issue, and will entitle the holders to all the privileges conferred by the present ordinary return tickets.

Special one-day excursions from the city to Portrush and back cost only 4s., and the fares to other popular resorts are proportionately low. The new rates will come into operation next Monday. Cheap fares may also be obtained on the County Down Railway—"Belfast to Bangor and back for a bob" is their favourite slogan—while the Great Northern Company cater for the public by running numerous excursion trains. In many instances the fares are much less than those charged by the motor 'bus proprietors, and it is hoped by attracting a large passenger traffic that this enterprise will be justified, and that the railway companies may regain their old position with the travelling public.

A RIFT IN THE LUTE.

A rift has appeared in the temperance lute in Belfast, and its note is not so melodious as of yore. In fact, it is distinctly discordant. The teetotal campaign has been revived with the slogan modified to "local option during the lifetime of the next Parliament," and open-air meetings are being held at street corners. Some of the extremists are displeased with the arguments of members of the Government, which prove that Northern Ireland is flourishing, and the official statement by the Minister of Finance that drink has decreased by two-thirds within the last decade in Northern Ireland has taken the "ginger" out of their contention that the North is going to perdition through the consumption of alcoholic liquors. No one, outside a small coterie, believes anything of the kind, as it is rare to see a drunken man in Belfast.

At a street corner meeting in the city on Monday night, the Rev. T. M. Johnstone adopted a new line of attack, apparently with the object of discrediting the Government. He is reported to have said in reference to the periodical returns of employment:—"The figures of the number of unemployed are delusions. The first reason why they are apparently going down is that men whose names have been on the lists have been turned off, and the second reason is that the young fellows are getting sick, sore, and tired

MR. COSGRAVE RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT BY 68 TO 22 VOTES

WILL NOT ACT AS A SUPER-POLICEMAN.

OATH TO BE RETAINED.

GOVERNMENT TO CARRY ON WITH ITS PROGRAMME.

DEBATE IN THE DAIL.

MR. JOHNSON EXPLAINS WHY HE OPPOSED MR. COSGRAVE'S RE-ELECTION.

WHEN the new Dail assembled yesterday there were many new faces in the Chamber. The Strangers' Gallery was crowded, and there was a good proportion of ladies amongst the spectators. Everyone seemed to be on the tip-toe of expectation as to what course the initial proceedings would take.

The positions of parties in the House was changed somewhat. The Labour Party were early in their places, with Mr. Johnson in his usual seat. Sir James Craig occupied his old place, but his colleagues from Trinity College, Messrs. Thrift and Alton, with Major Bryan Cooper, sat higher up on the opposite side of the gangway. Mr. Vincent Rice, K.C., one of the new members of the National Party, took the seat usually occupied by Mr. Alfred Byrne, and declined to surrender it when Mr. Byrne demanded it. Mr. Gorey, of the Farmers' Party, took a seat immediately behind the Government Bench, and Mr. Martin MacDonagh and Dr. White sat on the next outer bench.

The Ministers present were:—President Cosgrave, Messrs. O'Higgins, Blythe, McGilligan, O'Sullivan, Hogan, Walsh, Burke and Lynch. Mr. Hayes, the Speaker, occupied a seat at the rear, on the top bench.

The Clerk of the Dail (Mr. Colm Murphy) read the Governor-General's proclamation convening the Oireachtas in Irish and English, and then his report as to the issue of writs for the election of deputies, and the names of the deputies that had been elected.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER.

The next business was the election of Speaker (*Ceann Comhairle*).

President Cosgrave, in moving the election of Mr. Michael Hayes, said that this was the third occasion on which he had put before the Dail the nomination of Mr. Hayes. He felt very great satisfaction in nominating Mr. Hayes, because whatever differences there were among deputies there was no difference of opinion as to the fact that Mr. Hayes had given entire satisfaction in the chair. The Speaker was the custodian of the rights of deputies, and he had been a faithful custodian. (Hear, hear.) The office of *Ceann Comhairle* had become, during Mr. Hayes's tenure of it, one of the institutions of the State. The office was filled with great ability, exquisite tact, courtesy and patience; and no man could have filled it with greater satisfaction to every member of the Dail than did Mr. Hayes. (Applause.)

Mr. Johnson said that he had the greatest satisfaction in seconding the motion. Every member of the last Dail was impressed with Mr. Hayes's ability, judgment, courtesy and absolute fairness to all parties. (Applause.)

Mr. Baxter (Farmers) supported the motion, saying that Mr. Hayes had discharged his duties in a manner that would do credit to any country in the world. (Hear, hear.)

Captain Redmond, as an individual deputy, said that he could truthfully say that nothing could have been more dignified or fair than the conduct of Mr. Hayes, as chairman of that assembly, and it was, therefore, with great pleasure that he supported the motion.

Mr. Thrift and Mr. Alfred Byrne also supported the motion, which was agreed to amidst general applause.

Mr. Hayes then took the chair. He said that he appreciated the honour that had been unanimously conferred upon him, and promised to do his best to carry out the duties of this office as heretofore.

CRITICISM OF THE GOVERNMENT.

In considering the present situation we must have regard to the manner in which it came about. For five years the Party which I have the honour to lead has borne the responsibilities of Government. In that capacity we have been subjected to much criticism inside and outside the House. We have had to contend with many difficult problems; we have had to take unpopular decisions in the national interest. I do not intend to make any comment or criticism outside this assembly previous to the elections, and I do not complain of the criticism which we have had to meet here in the House. I am confining myself to a simple statement of facts. The facts are that there was scarcely any member of this House outside the Government Party who did not at one time or another find something on which to disagree with our policy. They were, of course, perfectly within their rights.

We have just completed a strenuous election campaign, in which the rights and wrongs of the last five years of Government activity were exhaustively canvassed. I mean no offence, and I hope no offence will be taken, when I state that there is not a single Opposition Party in this House which has not denounced my Government from every platform in measured or unmeasured terms. The majority of those candidates who were independent of party alignment joined in the general denunciation. We were variously described as an incompetent Government, an autocratic Government, an impudent Government, an extravagant Government. The electorate were rather vigorously requested to throw us out of office.

VISUALISING A COALITION GOVERNMENT.

It is an elementary constitutional principle that there must be a Government. I do not believe that there is any member of this Dail, nor was there any deputy in the previous Dail, who failed to realise this fundamental principle. I should be guilty of disrespect to the House if I thought otherwise. The inevitable conclusion is that when a consensus of the Opposition in the previous Dail invited the people of Saorstat Eireann to cast out the existing Government they should have visualised a successor to that Government. What kind of succeeding Government did they visualise?

It is, perhaps, worth recalling that in no case did any of these constitutional parties in the Opposition put up a sufficient number of candidates to enable it, even if all its candidates were returned, to form a Government by itself. Each of the parties made certain promises as to what its policy would be if it came into power, if its candidates were returned, but I must be forgiven for pointing out that they all took good care that they could not command a majority in the House.

We are, therefore, forced to the irresistible conclusion that in the event of the electorate accepting their invitation to destroy my Government they visualised a Coalition Government. By what means, or upon what basis, that Coalition could be formed, how, or in what measure, their somewhat conflicting views and promises could be reconciled, is for them—not for me—to say.

RESULT OF ANTI-GOVERNMENT CAMPAIGN.

They have succeeded in their first objective. As a result of the combined attacks the party which formed the Government has been reduced in numbers from 57 to 46. We are still the largest individual party in the State, but we are no longer in a majority.

I think every member in this House will admit that in the past we have never shirked our responsibilities. We may have been right or wrong in our decisions, but right or wrong we faced the making of decisions, and, once made, we carried them out. Some of the most onerous of the decisions we took were taken solely for the purpose of vindicating the right of the majority to rule. The majority in this House has now passed from us. We have no intention or desire to hamper those who have secured it in the exercise of their rights.

I do not know whether the leaders of other parties in the House have been able to come to an arrangement which will enable them to nominate a President who will be ensured of sufficient support to carry on a Government. If they have they will, doubtless, make their nomination. I have no desire to make their position difficult, and if they feel that they have not had a sufficient opportunity of composing their differences and arriving at accommodation, then they should be given that opportunity, and I shall certainly be quite agreeable to any reasonable adjournment they may ask for the purpose.

NOT SEEKING OFFICE.

If they should find as the result of their discussions, or if they have already concluded that they cannot so compose their differences, then I realise that in the situation thus created there is no sound alternative but that I, as the leader of the largest party in the House, should accept nomination, and I shall not shirk that responsibility.

I want it to be quite clear that I do not seek office, and that I shall accept office only if the Opposition parties are unable or unwilling to do so, and then upon very definite understandings. Ministerial office is a high honour, but it is neither easy nor profitable. It was not without a very grave sense of personal responsibility that I persuaded certain of my colleagues to sacrifice the last five years—vital years in the career of the majority of them—to the work of national administration, and it is with no easy mind that I shall invite them to prolong their period of absence from business or professional careers.

If I am to accept and continue in office, it will be only on the very clearest understanding that I shall receive sufficient support in this House to carry out my programme. There is no necessity for me to elaborate that programme now—I have stated it up and down the country, and it is well known. I cannot be too specific in impressing upon deputies that I have no intention of accepting office in the mere capacity of a super-policeman, to maintain law and order, while allowing the country to drift along economically, nationally and internationally. Nor do I allow myself to be placed in the position of endeavouring to carry out the policies of others should a majority here agree to disagree with me in any matter of vital importance.

TERMS OF ACCEPTING OFFICE.

I would not stultify myself or my colleagues or my supporters by taking office under such conditions, and I do not interpret the results of the elections—bearing in mind the extent to which every item of our programme was adopted by one or more of the other parties—as indicating a popular desire for the abandonment of that programme in any particular.

It is only fair, too, that I should make it quite clear that, if I accept office, I have no intention of tampering in any way with the Treaty or with the provisions of the Constitution which derive from it. There has been so much loose thinking and loose talk and misleading propaganda about Article 17 of the Constitution that I think it desirable to re-state the position. It is this: that as long as the Treaty remains, neither this House nor any other assembly can remove the obligation which the Treaty imposes upon elected representatives of subscribing to the oath prescribed in Article 4 of the Treaty.

THE DENUNCIATION OF THE TREATY.

The Irish people, through their representatives, can denounce the Treaty. They cannot alter it except by agreement with Great Britain, ratified by legislation on both sides, but until it is either denounced or altered, the oath must remain, because the international obligations of any country over-ride its internal laws.

We have neither sought nor received any mandate for the denunciation of the Treaty, and we do not intend to take any steps in the matter. Nor have we sought any mandate for its alteration. The party which asked for that mandate did not obtain it, notwithstanding the fact that they enshrined their request in a bower of rosy promises. They dangled before the people visions of bread and work for all, smaller taxes, no Land Commission annuities, no emigration, no partition. Now they have taken up the position that, unless some other party saves their faces in the matter of the difference between the oath in the Treaty and the oath which their leader himself drafted, with an annual tribute to His Majesty superimposed, they cannot put their promises to the test of performance.

"A NATIONAL DECEPTION."

We have no intention of imperilling our good relations with Great Britain to secure a dishonest saving of faces, or to acquiesce in a national deception. I use the words "a national deception" in the most deliberate way, because that party, and in particular its leader, concentrated upon one manifestation of the international position of this State, as defined by the Treaty, and consistently abstained from telling the public what attitude they propose to adopt on the various other manifestations which remain in the Treaty, even if it were possible to remove the oath. The only indication of their attitude which has been given since the elections is a return to the word "Republican," from which it would seem as if the national deception was indeed premeditated.

The policy of making promises whose fulfilment is contingent on your opponent doing something which you feel he cannot, and will not, do does not appeal to me as a policy of high public morality. It seems to me to be a policy of cowardice, and neither I nor any of my colleagues are prepared to countenance cowardice or to facilitate deception. The fact is that Fianna Fail are not being kept out of the Dail by the oath; they are sheltering behind this subterfuge because they know that their fantastic promises cannot be fulfilled.

LABOUR ATTITUDE.

MR. JOHNSON INDICTS THE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Thomas Johnson said that it was for the deputies of the House to indicate by their votes exactly what their will was in respect to party allegiance, to the election of President, or in respect to any other matter that came before the House. Newspaper comments, even party returns, were not sufficient to indicate the view of any deputy who had been returned, and he proposed to take a vote of the House on the question of the election of President Cosgrave.

In making his statement Deputy Cosgrave told them something about the views of himself and of his colleagues in respect to a party which was not in the House, and he (Mr. Johnston) proposed to say a word or two to show why he thought that Deputy Cosgrave should not be re-elected President. He passed over what should be an obvious omission—a statement whether there was a vacancy in that office. The House had no explanation as to whether President Cosgrave had resigned his office of President. But the omission had been raised by it being put to the House that he should be re-elected, or, perhaps, he might say, confirmed in his present office. Before the election on many occasions in the House the Labour Party had criticised Government measures. Of late they had laid stress upon what they conceived to be their (the Government's) failure to respond to the needs of the people in respect of social and economic matters.

OATH A MATTER OF SUBORDINATE INTEREST.

"We," he continued, "refuse to be drawn into the controversy which assumes that the question of the taking of the oath, according to the Constitution, is a matter that the people have decided, or even a matter on which they have expressed any strong views. We take that as a matter of very subordinate interest, and we are not going to be diverted by the controversy from dealing with the matters which we have been elected to deal with and, if possible, to force on public attention."

In the election campaign, he continued, they criticised the Government mainly because of its failure to deal adequately, or even deal seriously, with the problems of poverty and unemployment, and problems that arose out of that poverty and unemployment. From the beginning of the last Dail the policy of Ministers, so far as the wage-earning community was concerned, had been one of reduction of the standard of living, the reduction of wages, the reduction of comfort, the removal and decline of the social ameliorative enactments which had been handed over to them by the Treaty Agreement; and their attitude in regard to wages and to the ameliorative measures had been consistently one of declension of the standard of living of the people. That began with the Government's term of office, and ended with the decision of the Ministry to oppose the fair wages clause in the electricity supply scheme. There had been a consistent attempt to deny the common people and deprive them of the rights which had been won—in fact, to deprive them of a place in the sun. ("Hear, hear," from the Labour benches.)

It was because of the electioneering assertions on the part of the Government that they intended to pursue a similar policy, and that they were to be judged by their record, that they (the Labour Party) would oppose the re-election of President Cosgrave or the election of any other member of that party unless there was a pledge to reverse their social operations. (Labour applause.)

COALITION NEVER CONTEMPLATED.

President Cosgrave had spoken of the reconciliation of party leaders' differences. It needed no word from him to any man who had any idea at all of the position of the Labour Party to say that there had not been one word or suggestion as to forming an alliance, coalition, or conference in respect to the future Government in this country. (Labour applause.)

Reminding the deputies of the Government's conduct and the measures they had passed in the last Dail, Mr. Johnson said that they had in the early stages of the Dail the reduction of old-age pensions and the promise to restore them when money was available, but that promise had not been carried out; and the decision of the Government to set up a low standard of wages on the Shannon scheme, and their instructions to local authorities to reduce wages. They would have a bill in two years' time which would make landlords free to extract any rent they could from tenants. The Government had not made any attempt to deal with the revision of unemployment insurance, and the result was that thousands of people had been deprived of unemployment benefit and of the bonus system, and were now on the verge of starvation in the cities and counties today.

These were matters, he said, which made it imperative on the Labour Party to oppose the re-election of President Cosgrave to the head of the Government which had declared that it would continue this policy. In addition to that, they had given intimation that it was their intention to deprive the majority of representation in that House. If there had been any other questions other than those he had indicated needed to show the state of mind of the Government when they came to the House asking for support it was their refusal to recognise the fact that the country had expressed a verdict upon their conduct. (Hear, hear.) He proposed they oppose the election of Deputy Cosgrave.

MR. BAXTER'S VIEWS.

PARTIES JOCKEYING FOR POSITION.

Mr. Baxter (Farmers) said that the President, in speaking, had given the House the impression that he was only going to accept re-election on certain specific conditions, and Deputy Johnson told them that he was going to divide the House on the proposition. One would like to know how much jockeying for positions had been going on in the parties. On behalf of his party he would say that they felt the position in the country was such that they should give their best service, irrespective of class or party. (Hear, hear.) The Cumann na nGaedheal Party was the biggest in the House, and they made a proposition to reelect the President. Mr. Johnson had not indicated what was his alternative, and he (Mr. Baxter) would be slow to believe that Deputy Johnson's policy was a negative one. If there was a division his party's votes would go for re-election of the President, but he would like to make it clear that they were not going to acquiesce in the demand of President Cosgrave that every measure he brought forward would have their undivided support. They would do what they considered in the best interests of the country.

CAPTAIN REDMOND ON THE POSITION.

Captain Redmond said that the first essential for the country was a Government, and it was the primary duty of the largest party in the Dail to take steps to form that Government. He had expected that Deputy Johnson would have put forward an alternative, but he did not do so. He had occasion to criticise the Government, both inside and outside the Dail——

A member of the Government—More outside than inside. (Laughter.)

Captain Redmond, continuing, said that he was not in a position to propose an alternative Government, and had no consultations with other parties. In the absence of a declaration from Deputy Cosgrave as to what his full policy would be if elected, he certainly could not support the proposal to elect him by voting for him. On the other hand, no matter what Government was formed, he could give the assurance that his party would be prepared to support them in the maintenance of peace and order, and in the carrying on of the public services. Deputy Cosgrave said that he would not be satisfied with such assurances, but he (Captain Redmond) was not prepared to go further in that direction. They should be entitled to reserve their judgment and right to criticise any legislation or method of administration. He could not vote for the direct negative proposed by Deputy Johnson, which meant no Government at all.

Several Labour members—No, no. There is another.

Captain Redmond—If there is, let Deputy Johnson propose it.

MAJOR COOPER URGES DAIL TO FACE FACTS.

Major Bryan Cooper asked the Dail to face the situation in which they found themselves. The last Dail did not complete its work. It left three matters of importance unfinished, the most important of which was the financial supplies. They would need the vote on account by the 1st August, and if it were not passed by then there would be no money for old age pensions, for the Army, or Civic Guard, or drainage works. They must have a Government to provide these moneys. There were two bills outstanding, one of which, the Currency Bill, was a very technical matter, and that would require the Minister of Finance to pilot it through the Senate, and he did not care who the man was, he could not become acquainted with the intricacies and technicalities of that bill within the necessary time. They must clear up the mess that had been left. (Hear, hear, and laughter from Labour benches.) "I am glad," commented Major Cooper, "that I have converted the Labour Party." (Laughter.) He did not think they should adjourn, because the continuance of the present situation of uncertainty would be most injurious to the country's credit and welfare. Let them face the responsibility.

Regarding the Government's programme, he said that he did not think the President was committed to electoral reform in the sense that Mr. Johnson referred to it. It was perfectly conceivable to reform the electoral system without making it a highly contentious matter. He did not see any crisis arising in the Dail, nor any difficulty for the parties, other than the Labour Party, in supporting the Government, so far as their limited programme was concerned. His criticism of the Government was that it was apt to "rush the fence," and in the hope that it would be more responsive to public opinion and the opinion of the Dail, he was prepared to vote for its continuance in office.

A CONSTITUTIONAL LESSON.

MR. O'HIGGINS ON CYNICAL DECEPTIONS.

Mr. Kevin O'Higgins said that none of the Deputies who had spoken had touched upon the backbone of the President's statement. That was, that a number of parties went to the electorate, and dangled before them alluring and spectacular promises which were to be fulfilled when and if they were returned. Yet none of those parties put forward a sufficient number of candidates to secure a majority in the Dail, which would put them in the position of fulfilling those promises. It seemed to him a little cynical—building a little too much on Lincoln's statement that "You can fool some of the people all the time"—for a party putting forward 30 or 40 candidates to speak of the wonderful things it was going to do when it was returned to office.

"Let us leave on one side," he went on, "the 57 Independent candidates, and, with a sigh of relief, Clann Eireann, and there remained 30 National League candidates, 40 Farmers and 46 Labour candidates. None of these is a majority of the Dail. None of these parties was looking for a majority or taking the risk of having a majority. The only party taking that risk was the party to which I belong, and another party which is not yet represented there."

They had many lectures in the past fortnight as to what they should and should not do. They had been told it would be a monstrously irresponsible thing for President Cosgrave to refuse to form a Government, and, if he refused, he should be hounded out of public life; and they had those lectures from people who did not support the Government or vote for it in the election. When the responsibility of Government was refused by all other parties the responsibility seemed to revert to Cumann na nGaedheal, despite the fact that it was a mathematical minority in the Dail, and, he added, "we are not shirking the responsibility, but we do think that the people should learn from the position a constitutional lesson, and for future guidance, learn that it was a cynical thing, a fundamentally deceptive thing, for a party to dangle spectacular programmes before them when not seeking a majority in the Dail to put their programmes into operation.

OTHER PARTIES' COLLECTIVE BANKRUPTCY.

If the charge of cynical deception was denied, then they were forced to conclude that these parties were thinking in terms of a Coalition. They had no evidence of constructive thought of that kind. They had an admission of the collective bankruptcy of their position. They had heard that if Cumann na nGaedheal steadfastly refused to form a Government that an *ad hoc* Government should be formed to advise dissolution. He did not know that many people were anxious for another General Election. Personally, he did not; he wanted a rest.

"But," he proceeded, "we are faced with the fact that all the people who were inviting the people to throw out this Government, are now protesting vehemently that there is no responsibility with them alone or with others to find a Government."

Deputy Johnson, he went on, could not vote for the motion because he had certain grievances on economic matters and because the Government did nothing to solve the economic problem and relieve unemployment. "We thought the Government had done quite a lot," added the Minister, "in fact our opinion was that within the limits of our resources we have done as much as men could do in the time. Deputy Johnson safeguarded himself with the word "adequate." It could always be said of a Government that it had not adequately dealt with certain perennial social evils. They had not worked miracles, and they were careful before the election to disclaim any capacity to work miracles. They told the people that they could only get money from their pockets, and that within the limits of their resources they had done as much as men could do to deal with the social evils in their midst. What did the Labour Party mean when it challenged the Government in the country and invited the electorate to throw out the Government, and did not put up a sufficient number of candidates to secure a majority in the Dail. They would not ally or coalesce—they stood alone. They invited the electorate to throw out the Government, and what Government was the electorate to throw in? The Labour Party were not inviting a majority——

Mr. Morrissey—You got more than you expected.

Mr. O'Higgins—Yes; two short of what the deputy expected.

Mr. Morrissey—We went nearer to it than you did.

CAPTAIN REDMOND'S "PHILOSOPHIC DOUBT."

Mr. O'Higgins said that Deputy Johnson was against the motion in principle, and with no alternative, but what the principle was he (Mr. O'Higgins) did not know, but he had no doubt that the deputy himself knew. Deputy Redmond, proceeded the Minister, is neither for nor against the motion. He is in a position of philosophic doubt. It might be right or it might be wrong, but one must not expect Deputy Redmond to say whether it is right or wrong. He will "Wait and see." (Laughter.) Deputy Cooper's contribution to the discussion was to say what the Government should do to clear up the mess. They had cleared up some messes, and they would do that in the future as in the past, but he trusted the President's statement had made the position perfectly clear. "We are not taking office as super-policemen," declared the Minister. "We are not taking office simply to keep the ring and allow the country to drift. We are taking office to go ahead with our programme, and if and when a majority of the Dail agrees to disagree with our programme, then, no doubt, the Dail will be prepared to take up this responsibility which is now imposing on this party. The alternative to that is a general election." Deputy Baxter had said that there was jockeying for position, but he (the Minister) trusted it was clear that there was one party in the Dail which was not jockeying for position. The motion before the Dail would be withdrawn if there was any person in the Dail who was prepared to form a Government and to ensure a reasonable prospect of support for that Government.

It was not in flippancy that the offer of an adjournment was made. They did think that the combination of parties which succeeded in reducing the Government Party to a mathematical minority might well consider whether they could not sink certain differences and find certain points of policy on which they could build a programme and form a Government.

THE GOVERNMENT'S INVITATION.

"They are most cordially invited to do so," he added. "We are prepared to be an intelligent and sympathetic Opposition. We will be more sympathetic because we have been inside and know the difficulties, and we will not talk inside the Dail or outside the Dail about halving taxation and doubling expenditure, because we know it cannot be done. We will be as gentle as lambs. (Loud laughter.) Helpful, sympathetic criticism is what a Government could expect from this Party, and it is a little disappointing to see this tankruptcy of our opponents, who were so eloquent a few weeks ago in promising to end partition and halve taxation, and have every man sitting down under his own vine tree smoking a pipe of Irish-grown tobacco. (Laughter.) They are not here now."

Concluding, the Minister said the Government was prepared to go ahead, not with the policy of any other person or party, but with their own policy, until such time as a majority of the Dail did not agree with them.

When Mr. O'Higgins sat down there was loud applause from the public gallery and from members of his own party.

Mr. Hall (Lab.) drew the attention of the Speaker to the applause in the gallery, and remarked that it should not be allowed.

The Speaker said that deputies were aware that there should not be applause in the public gallery.

Mr. A. Byrne (Ind.) said that President Cosgrave had said that he would only accept office on the definite understanding that he received sufficient support for his programme, but deputies were not aware of what his programme was. He (Deputy Byrne) wanted to know if he voted for the motion would he be pledging himself to support the Government in all circumstances. Would he have to support the abolition of proportional representation? Would it mean that the wives and children of the unemployed in the slums of Dublin would have to remain hungry? If that were so, he could not support the motion to elect Mr. Cosgrave President of the Executive Council. He would support the Government as at all times in what was good and oppose it in what was bad. He asked Mr. Cosgrave to think more of the country and less of himself.

Mr. O'Hanlon (Independent) said that he was elected so that he could help to put a brake on the Government, but he would support the motion. The result of the election clipped the wings of the Government—to make them more mindful of the people and their representatives than they had been in the past.

Mr. T. J. O'Connell (Labour) declared that the Labour Party would not shirk responsibility. It seemed to be suggested by Mr. O'Higgins that the House could not find any other than the present Executive to carry on the Government of the country.

Mr. Brennan (Independent) said that it was unfair to ask them to vote against the motion until the Labour Party offered an alternative. The depleted numbers on the Government benches was due to bungling on the part of the Government's organisation in the country.

On a division the motion was carried, the voting being 68 in favour and 22 against.

[The division list is set out in full on page 7.]

Mr. Cosgrave briefly returned thanks, saying that he would do his best. He moved the adjournment of the House (at 4.50) until 6 o'clock, when he hoped to announce to the House the names of the Ministers that he would nominate.

THE NEW CABINET.

AMALGAMATION OF TWO MINISTRIES.

Upon resuming at 6 o'clock,

President Cosgrave, in submitting the following as members of the Executive Council, said that they intended to amalgamate two Ministries. It was his intention to bring forward legislation after the resumption to set up a new Ministry of Works, which would include the Ministry of Works and Stationery Office and the Ministry of Supplies. The names of the Executive Council were:—

Mr. Kevin O'Higgins—V.P., Minister for Justice and External Affairs.

Mr. E. Blythe—Minister for Finance.

Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald—Minister for Defence.

Mr. McGilligan—Minister for Industry and Commerce.

Professor O'Sullivan—Minister for Education.

Mr. P. Hogan—Minister for Land and Agriculture.

Mr. F. Lynch—Minister for Fisheries.

Mr. R. Mulcahy—Minister for Local Government and Public Health.

Mr. J. J. Walsh—Minister for Posts and Telegraphs.

President Cosgrave said that it was his intention to introduce a bill which would take the administration of the Land Commission from the Ministry of Lands and Agriculture and place it under the charge of the Ministry of Fisheries, as already announced. He would ask Mr. Burke to act as Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Finance. After the introduction of the measure that he had mentioned, he would ask the assent of the Dail to that Ministry, which would not arise until November.

The nominations were then put by the Speaker.

Mr. Heffernan asked would each name be ratified by a vote of the House or would they be voted for *en bloc*.

The Speaker—The nomination of the Executive Council must be assented to *en bloc*.

Mr. Morrissey (Labour) objected to the appointment of the Minister for Industry on the grounds that the administration of that Department was not, to say the least of it, what it should be; and from the declaration made by the President that afternoon they might, he thought, safely assume that the same practice would operate for the future as in the past—that there would be the same want of sympathy with the unemployed, with the employed on the Shannon scheme, and with the extension of unemployment insurance that there had been in the past.

QUESTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT.

There were to-day, he said, in this country 50,000 to 60,000 unemployed, and no serious attempt had been made by the Department to deal with that question, or to find a remedy. They contended that, notwithstanding the statement by the Ministry for Industry to the contrary, that it was the duty of the Government to provide work for people or provide maintenance. The Government had done neither one nor the other. There was no dole in this country, and unemployment money was received only in accordance with the number of stamps on the cards, after which the unemployed had to beg or seek outdoor relief.

The House was entitled to have an expression from the Government as to whether there would be a different policy with regard to the unemployed question. They had heard that 80 new factories had been opened in the Free State, but they were not told the other side of the picture—how many factories had closed down. He hoped that the Government had learned that there was a great deal more poverty—and even starvation—in this country than many members seemed to be aware of.

Mr. Heffernan asked was it proposed that the Ministry for Justice and External Affairs should be made permanent at a later date. If it were it would mean an additional Ministry.

Mr. Anthony (Cork), supporting Mr. Morrissey's objection, said the Free State Government should not take credit for all the houses built in the State, because they should deduct the money paid as compensation for the rebuilding of Cork City Hall by the British Government, which was diverted for the building of houses, and also the money spent on ex-Service men's houses.

Mr. Sean Lemass (Labour) charged the Government with complete lack of consideration for the unemployed. The Department responsible for dealing with the claims of the unemployed did not work in an effective way. Men who were compelled to pay unemployment insurance were being refused benefits when they became unemployed because they possessed small holdings to the value of a few pounds. They had been asked to put down fewer questions on the order paper in regard to unemployment because of the expense involved, and yet he found that communications to the Minister's Department were not replied to in less than a month.

AMALGAMATION OF MINISTRIES.

Mr. O'Connell (Labour) protested against the proposal to hand the Department of Lands over to the Ministry for Fisheries. The Land Commission had bungled matters seriously in the past. If the Minister for Fisheries had been such a remarkable success that he could afford to take on another Department something might be said for it, but the Ministry for Fisheries had been anything but a success. He regretted that the President had said nothing about the setting up of a special Department to deal with problems of the Gaeltacht.

Mr. Baxter complimented the President on the decision to amalgamate two Ministries. That would meet with general approval, but his party viewed with dissatisfaction the proposal to set up a Ministry of Public Works.

Mr. McMenamin (N.L.) protested against the abject failure of the Minister for Fisheries.

Mr. Horgan asked if the proposed amalgamation of Ministries was dictated by reasons of economy. There was one system which had been set up for reasons of economy, namely—the combined purchasing system by public bodies. From his experience that system had not led to economy, but to more expense for those bodies than they had to bear under the old *régime*.

MR. J. J. WALSH'S RE-APPOINTMENT OPPOSED.

Mr. O'Gorman (Farmers) opposed the re-appointment of Mr. J. J. Walsh as Minister for Posts and Telegraphs. They had, he said, doubled charges, while the service was halved, and a statistical tax had been imposed for which no justification could be found.

Mr. M. Doyle asked if the fusion of the Ministry of Lands with the Ministry of Fisheries was a move to expedite the dividing up of lands, and the hastening of the vesting of lands under the 1923 Act. The unpurchased tenants were complaining that there was no sign of their lands being vested, and that they were losing money in consequence. He feared that the matter was being taken out of the hands of an experienced Minister and to be placed in those of an inexperienced one, and if so that would not tend to hasten the vestings.

Mr. T. Johnson said that it was incumbent upon the Labour Party to oppose the nomination of Mr. McGilligan, and he thought the list would be greatly improved if the name of Mr. J. J. Walsh were attached to some other Ministry than Posts and Telegraphs. Recent developments in that department, which had been discussed there, and more freely discussed outside, showed that there was no confidence in the public mind as to the administration of the department. Mr. Walsh had shown himself to be competent in other walks of life, but in this department he had failed, and a change ought to be made. He thought, too, that the amalgamation of the Ministries of Fisheries and Land, and the conjunction of the Ministry of Justice with External Affairs was not satisfactory. The making of those Ministers members of the Executive Council would, he feared, lead to the formation of an inner Council in the Cabinet. He proposed to ask the House not to agree to that.

MINISTER'S ATTACK ON POST OFFICE

Captain Redmond said that the position of deputies was made difficult, because if they objected to one name in the list they would have to vote against the whole lot, which was not his intention.

Mr. Morrissey—Or not vote at all.

Captain Redmond said that he was in agreement with the proposal to amalgamate the Ministry for Justice with the Ministry for External Affairs, but he thought some explanation was required as to why the Ministry for Fisheries should be amalgamated with the Department for Lands. He should also register his protest against the continuance in office of the present Minister for Posts and Telegraphs. The Minister had made an attack on a portion of his own staff who were unable to reply to him in that place, which was not a proper attack for a responsible Minister to have made. Something ought to be done to prevent the recurrence of such a state of affairs.

PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

President Cosgrave said that an opportunity would be given to deputies later on to discuss the matters that were raised that evening. In regard to the amalgamation of the Ministry for Justice with the office of External Affairs, the reason was not that the Minister for the latter was incompetent to discharge the duties of the office. If he were incompetent he would have hesitated before naming him for the Ministry for Defence. He should be sorry that there was any question of Mr. Fitzgerald's competency. It was not necessary to introduce legislation to effect the discharge of those duties by one Minister. He did not know if it was appreciated that for a considerable part of the last five years the Ministers of that State had worked longer and harder than did the Ministers of any other country. (Hear, hear.) The strain was telling upon them. The Vice-President (Mr. O'Higgins) was one of the most hard-working members, but as he said, the work of his Department had lessened somewhat lately, he would be able to take on the office of External Affairs.

The House had approved of his (the President's) appointment, and the other nine deputies that he had named were as well entitled to the support of the House as he was. There never was any intention to have an inner and an outer circle in the Cabinet. One peculiarity of the present situation was that he was attacked by the Right Wing of the Labour Party, and threatened by the Left at the same time if he adopted a certain policy.

He had read with care the reports of the Gaeltacht Commission. The principal recommendation in those reports—that a special department should be set up to deal with the Gaeltacht area—did not commend itself to the Executive Council. The land along the sea coast, which was the area in which the Gaeltacht existed, was suitable for administration by the Department of Lands. For a long time past the Minister for Lands and Agriculture had reported to him that the work of that Ministry was too much for him (Mr. Hogan). There was not a more hard-working Minister than Mr. Hogan. (Hear, hear.) It would be necessary for him to have a Parliamentary secretary.

THE GAELTACHT PROBLEM.

He did not expect that the work of the Gaeltacht would be solved for the next five years; in fact, he believed it would provide work for the second generation. The whole of the work of the Land Commission and land purchase and vesting would be improved, and a better result might be expected. They would have to introduce legislation to effect the transfer of the Land Commission to the Ministry of Fisheries. The last four or five years in connection with fishery were the worst in living memory, but there had been an improvement in 1926 and 1926. There was room for further improvement. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Davin asked if the establishment of the new Ministry would involve the retention of the Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Finance.

Mr. Cosgrave said that it would not.

Continuing, the President said that the difference between the two was about £500 a year.

Mr. Davin asked if it were clear that the Minister would become a member of the Executive Council.

The President said that he thought so. It was not his intention to have External Ministers. There had been a good deal of fire directed towards the Minister for Posts and Telegraphs, and he thought most of it was concerned with administration. He would like to say that they got over a very expensive service from the British. The loss in 1922 was over a million pounds, and last year it was slightly over £400,000, which was a remarkable tribute to the administrative capacity of the person in charge of that Ministry.

Dealing with the main charge, as he described it, concerning the unemployment problem, President Cosgrave said that Deputy Morrissey, in his speech, neglected to give them any indication of what he would propose to the Dail——

Mr. Morrissey—There is time enough to tell you that. (Laughter.)

President Cosgrave — If we were in that position—if we were like the lambs on the opposite benches—and if we had a constructive suggestion which would be for the benefit of the State, we would put it forward.

Mr. Morrissey—We know what we would get—when we offered constructive suggestions they were thrown back at us very often.

President Cosgrave said that they had been asked to resurrect the "dole." Unemployment, the economy of the country, and all those things had relation to the wealth and capacity of the country. He had found very few exhortations from the members opposite to buy Irish manufacture. There was the sledge hammer for Protection and an embargo of goods coming in, but never any praise for goods made here. (Labour cries of "There were.") "Very seldom," commented the President, who continued to refer to the unemployment problem, at the root of which, he said, was the manufacturing of goods in the country and increased production. These must be increased if they were to find employment for all their people. If agriculture was unable to employ more, then they should turn to industry. What were the things that prevented the extension of industrial activity? High rates and taxes. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Davin—What about middlemen's profits?

President Cosgrave—That is a problem not solved by any of our critics. (Laughter.). Continuing, he said that they were not clinging to office for the sake of office, and if anyone made constructive suggestions the Government would bring them forward. They ought to stop this unnecessary denouncing of one another. Surely the country was there, and it was worth working for. (Hear, hear.) On the one side they had those described as the rich people telling them that taxation was too high, and on the other hand they were asked to raise taxation and spend it upon the people. The deputies should remember that raising money cost money, and the wheels of industry would be best sent round by outside sources than by the Central Government.

A RUNNING FIRE OF QUESTIONS.

Mr. Johnson asked what were the unemployed to do; who would feed them?

President Cosgrave said that provision was made by the State for every person who was hungry.

Mr. Morrissey denied this, and several members of the Labour Party followed with a series of questions to the President on the same subject.

The Speaker, intervening, asked for order, and said that it was not fair to the President to put a running fire of questions to him. He added: "One would imagine that you are under the impression that the Dail will adjourn for the next five years." (Laughter.)

Referring to the wages of the Shannon scheme, the President said that they were equal to the wages paid to agricultural labourers throughout the country. The economic conditions of the country fixed these things. If the country could afford to pay more he would be delighted.

Mr. O'Brien—Is it not navvies' work they are doing—an engineering job?

President Cosgrave—Yes; but agricultural labourers were employed; they give a very good return, and they are well satisfied with the wages they are paid.

Mr. O'Brien—And do you say that if an agricultural labourer is taken in the Civic Guards he will receive only the pay of an agricultural labourer?

Mr. Heffernan—Are agricultural wages then, to be the basis of all wages and salaries?

President Cosgrave—That is too wide a question, and it does not need an answer. In conclusion, he said that during the past five years they had tried to improve the industries of the country. It was their maximum effort, and, if there was real consideration of all that they had to do during the past five years, and of the balance sheet that they had submitted, he could not see any justification for voting against the Deputies nominated for the Executive Council.

THE DIVISION.

A division was challenged by the Labour Deputies and the motion was carried by 66 votes to 31.

The voting was as follows:—

For—Alton, Baxter, Beckett, Bennett, Blythe, Burke, Brennan, J. Broderick, J. J. Byrne, Carter, Collins-O'Driscoll, Conlan, Cooper, Cosgrave, Craig, J. Crowley, Davis, Doherty, Dolan, M. Doyle, P. S. Doyle, Duggan, Dwyer, Egan, Falvey, Fitzgerald-Kenny, Garahan, Gorey, Haslett, Hassett, Heffernan, Hennessy, Hennigan, Henry, P. Hogan (Galway), R. Holohan, Jinks, Kelly, Keogh, Law, F. Lynch, McDonough, McFadden, McGilligan, Mulcahy, J. F. Murphy, Myles, Nally, R. O'Connell, O'Connor, O'Donovan, O'Gorman, O'Higgins, O'Mahony, J. J. O'Reilly, O'Sullivan, Rice, Roddy, Shaw, Sheehy, Thrift, Va

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

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TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 7 and 9.
THE MUSICAL BURLESQUE
"LONDON TO NEW YORK."
Powerful Cast includes—
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MONTE BLUE
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"ACROSS THE PACIFIC,"
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A Story of the Spanish-American War.
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Finest Cuisine. Moderate Prices.
EXCELLENT TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON, 2/6.
COMFORTABLE SMOKEROOM.
All Floors Fully Licensed.
TEAS SERVED THROUGHOUT THE DAY AND EVENING.

THE GRAFTON.
RENEE ADOREE with RALPH GRAVES, in
"BLARNEY."
Showing at 2.35, 4.50, 7.0, 9.15.

THE SACKVILLE PICTURE HOUSE. ISOBEL ELSOM, in "THE LAST WITNESS." Also CHARLIE CHAPLIN, in "PAY DAY."

CORINTHIAN.
"THE REVENGE,"
A DRAMATIC STORY OF EGYPT.
Also "THE BLUE BOY."
A Film in Natural Colours.
SELECTED COMEDY, SINGSONG, TOPICAL, Etc.
"Revenge" showing at 3.35, 6.30, and 9.10.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE FOR NORTHERN IRELAND.

APPOINTMENT OF BACTERIOLOGIST.

Applications are invited for the post of Bacteriologist in connection with the Ministry's Dairying Research Division.

Salary, £400—£20—£600, together with appropriate Cost of Living Bonus on the Civil Service scale. The present bonus on £400 is £168 11/-, making initial salary at the rate of £568 11/-.

The candidate appointed will be Head of the Dairying Research Division.

Full particulars of age, education, training, qualifications, and experience, together with copies of three recent testimonials, should be furnished so as to reach the Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland, Wellington place, Belfast, not later than 15th July, 1927. Only candidates with an extensive knowledge of bacteriology and experience of farm practice will be considered.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
In the Goods of
JOHN STEPHEN O'TOOLE, late of 141 Lower Baggot street, and "St. Lawrence," Ballymun road, Glasnevin, Dublin, Cabinet-Maker, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the Deceased, who died on the 14th May, 1927, by his Will dated the 18th August, 1926, made the following bequests:—

To the Parish Priest for the time being of the Parish of Our Lady of Dolours, Glasnevin, the sum of £5, for Masses for the Repose of Testator's Soul, such Masses to be said in Public in some Church in Ireland;

To the Reverend Mother for the time being of the Poor Clare's Colletine Convent, St. Damian's, Donnybrook, in the County of Dublin, the sum of £5; and

To the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, having its Office at 50 South Anne street, Dublin, the sum of £5, for the general purposes of that Society.

Probate of the said Will was, on the 20th June, 1927, granted forth of the Principal Probate Registry, High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann, to Christine Mary O'Toole and Henry McDonagh, the Executors of said Will named.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1927.
EDWARD A. MARGETSON, Solicitor for the said Executors, 11 Ely place, Dublin.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests, and to all whom it may concern.

Notice of Audit and Dividend.—23.
SAORSTAT EIREANN.
HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.—IN BANKRUPTCY.
In the Matter of
MICHAEL MARY RUSSELL (trading as the GLANMORE SUPPLY CO.), of Glanmore, Charleville, in the County of Cork, General Merchant, a Bankrupt.

A Public Sitting will be held before the Court, at the Law Courts, The Castle, Dublin, on Friday the 22nd day of July, 1927, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to audit the Assignee's account and made a Dividend in this Matter.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1927.
JOHN C. MARLOWE, Clerk in Bankruptcy.
A. G. HOLLINSHEAD, Official Assignee, Law Courts, The Castle, Dublin.
J. L. SCALLAN and CO., Solicitors for Assignees, 25 Suffolk street, Dublin.

NOTICE.
In the Goods of
JOHN WHALEN, Deceased.

All persons who claim to be related to Denis Whalen, who was born in or near Ballyporeen, County Tipperary, about the year 1825, and emigrated therefrom to the United States when about 25 years of age, are requested to communicate furnishing particulars of their relationship to the undersigned Irish Solicitors for the Executors of the above-named Deceased, who was a Son of the said Denis Whalen, and who died on 31st December, 1926.

WILLIAM MOONEY and SON, Solicitors, 16 Fleet street, Dublin.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE,
CHANCERY DIVISION—MR. JUSTICE ROMER.
In the Matter of
THE ASSURANCE COMPANIES ACT, 1909,
And in the Matter of
BRITANNIC ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that an agreement, dated 21st February, 1927, and a supplemental agreement, dated 3rd June, 1927, have been entered into by which the undertaking, business and assets (other than uncalled capital) of the British Legal Life Assurance Company, Limited, are to be transferred to the Britannic Assurance Company, Limited, subject to the sanction of the Court, under the Assurance Companies Act, 1909, as modified by the Industrial Assurance Act, 1923.

The effect of the said agreements—shortly stated—is that the assurance funds of the British Legal Life Assurance Company, Limited, will be kept as separate funds for fulfilling the claims under policies granted by the British Legal Life Assurance Company, Limited, and that the Britannic Assurance Company, Limited, shall guarantee all the policies and the annuities of the British Legal Life Assurance Company, Limited, and make up any deficiency of the said assurance funds in the event of the said funds being insufficient to meet all claims upon them, and shall also guarantee to the participating policy holders of the British Legal Life Assurance Company, Limited, a simple reversionary bonus of £1 per £100 assured per annum as from and from the 31st December, 1925, to the 31st December, 1935, and as and from such last-mentioned date bonuses calculated at the same rates and payable at the same times as would have been allotted to them had they been holders of policies issued by the Britannic Assurance Company, Limited, with an immediate participation in profits.

Copies of the two said agreements and of the actuarial or other reports upon which the agreements are founded, including a report by an independent actuary, as required by the Assurance Companies Act, 1909, may be inspected at the registered office of the above-named Britannic Assurance Company, Limited, situate at Broad street Corner, Birmingham, and also at the registered office of the British Legal Life Assurance Company, Limited, situate at 149 St. Vincent street, Glasgow, during usual business hours on any week-day previous to the hearing of the petition hereinafter mentioned.

Notice is also given that on the 13th July, 1927, a petition which was, on the 11th June, 1927, presented for the sanction of the Court to the said agreements, is to be heard before Mr. Justice Eve at the Royal Courts of Justice, Strand, London, W.C., and any person or class of persons interested in the said Companies, whether as a policy holder or otherwise (including employés of either of the said companies), who is, or are, desirous of opposing the making of an Order for the sanction of the said transfer and amalgamation, may appear at the time of the hearing in person or by counsel for the purpose, in which case he is required to give two clear days' previous notice in writing of such intention so to appear, with the grounds of his objection, to the undersigned, the solicitors for the petitioners.

Any policy holder of the said Companies who dissents from the proposed transfer and amalgamation, but who does not desire to appear either in person or by counsel on the hearing of the said petition, should give two clear days' previous notice in writing of such dissent, with the grounds thereof, to the undersigned.

A copy of the said petition will be furnished to any person interested who requires the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1927.
KINGSLEY WOOD WILLIAMS and CO., 15 Waltbrook, London, E.C. 4, Agents for J. G. Copper, of Broad street Corner, Birmingham, Solicitors for the Petitioners.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
WILTON VAUGH, late of Abbeyview House, Dromahair, in the County of Leitrim, Esquire, Deceased.

Pursuant to Statute 21 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the estate or assets of the above-named Wilton Vaugh, who died on the 16th day of October, 1925, are hereby required, on or before the 22nd day of February, 1927, to furnish (in writing) particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors of the Will of the said Deceased, to whom Probate was, on the 14th day of January, 1927, granted forth of the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann.

And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 22nd day of February, 1927, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which such notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1927.
HOEY and DENNING, Solicitors for the said Executors, 12 Trinity street, Dublin.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
THE "MILE-A-MINUTE" COMEDY REVUE,
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DUN LAOGHAIRE. 3.30 to 10.15.
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IN HIS BRILLIANT NEW COMEDY FILM,
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At 4, 6.23, 8.50, "Strauss." Eve. Comedy, etc.
NEXT MONDAY—"SIBERIA."

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TO-DAY ..... Continuous, 3-10.30.
Emil Jannings, Lya de Putti in
"VARIETY."
A Magnificent Presentation of the Alluring Atmosphere of Vaudeville Life. A Story of Love, Passion and Jealousy. "VARIETY" Heads the Poll in America as the Best Picture of the Year. Showing at 4.26, 6.55, 9.22.
Also "NOT SO MAD," with Richard Talmadge. Showing at 3.15, 5.45, 8.15.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
"PICTURES OF NEW DAIL."
A RECORD IN FILM PRODUCTION.
SCENES AT THE OPENING OF THE NEW DAIL TAKEN AT 5 O'CLOCK WERE SHOWN AT 8 O'CLOCK LAST EVENING.
ABBEY STREET SCENES AND LEINSTER HOUSE
Showing at 3 o'clock, 5.30 and 8 o'clock daily.

PHŒNIX PARK RACES,
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),
JUNE 25th.
ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME.
FIRST RACE 3.0. LAST RACE 5.30.
A Special Train leaves Broadstone for Ashtown at 2.15. Returning at 6.0 p.m.
RETURN FARES:
1/- THIRD CLASS; 2/- FIRST CLASS.

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY
DUBLIN HORSE SHOW,
AUGUST 2, 3, 4, and 5, 1927.
GRAND STAND SEATS.
EARLY APPLICATION ADVISABLE.
BOOKING OFFICE NOW OPEN.
EDWARD BOHANE, Director.
BALLSBRIDGE, Dublin.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
THE HALL,
40 WESTLAND ROW.
MR. A. F. POLLOCK,
Will (D.V.) continue his
GOSPEL ADDRESSES
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING at 7.45 o'clock.
All Heartily Invited.

IRISH LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS' UNION.
THE
EIGHTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE
OF ABOVE UNION
Will be held at
CLERY'S RESTAURANT (BALLROOM),
O'CONNELL STREET, DUBLIN,
ON
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),
THE 25th JUNE, AT 1.30 P.M.
Agendas, etc., from the GENERAL SECRETARY, 4 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin.

CONTRACTS.
TO ELECTRICAL CABLE MANUFACTURERS.

THE DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD is prepared to receive Tenders for Two 300-Yard Lengths of 0.4 square inch Single Rubber Insulated, Lead Covered, Single Armoured Submarine Cable, 650 Volt quality, in strict accordance with B.E.S. Specification No. 7, 1926.

Full details of Cable to be given with Tender.

Sealed Tenders, endorsed on the outside "Tender for Electric Cable," must be delivered to the Secretary, Port and Docks Board, Westmoreland street, Dublin, not later than 11 a.m., on Wednesday, 6th July, 1927.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order,
E. H. BAILEY, Secretary.
Port and Docks Office, Dublin,
23rd June, 1927.

THE DUBLIN BOROUGH COMMISSIONERS hereby invite Tenders for Alterations to Lending Department, Charleville Mall Library. Plan and Specification obtainable at City Treasurer's Office, Exchange Buildings, Lord Edward street, on payment of 5/-.

Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tender for Alterations—Charleville Mall Library," should be lodged in Supplies Department, Lord Edward street, not later than 12 noon, on the 6th July, 1927.

JOHN J. MURPHY, Town Clerk.
23/6/1927. K.A.A.

MAYO COUNTY COUNCIL.
NATIONAL ROAD SCHEME.
Tenders are invited from competent Contractors for Tar Spraying 220,000 square yards approximately of National road in Mayo County.

Full particulars, conditions, specifications and tender forms can be had on application to Mr. Thomas P. Flanagan, B.E., County Surveyor, Castlebar.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Mayo Tarring," are to be lodged with the undersigned up to 6 p.m. on Saturday, 2nd July, 1927.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. J. EGAN,
Secretary, Mayo County Council.
Courthouse, Castlebar,
23nd June, 1927.

MAYO COUNTY COUNCIL.
NATIONAL ROAD SCHEME.
Tenders are invited from competent Contractors for laying Two Coat Tar Bitumen Macadam surface on 31,950 square yards approximately of roads and streets in Ballina Urban Area.

Conditions, specifications and Tender Forms may be obtained on application to Mr. Thomas P. Flanagan, B.E., County Surveyor, Castlebar.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Ballina Urban," are to be lodged with the undersigned up to 6 p.m. on Saturday, 2nd July, 1927.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. J. EGAN,
Secretary, Mayo County Council.
Courthouse, Castlebar,
22nd June, 1927.

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

Theatre Royal—"The Shop Window."
Olympia Theatre—"London to New York."
La Scala Theatre—"Pictures of the New Dail," "Variety."
Metropole Cinema—"Across the Pacific."
Grafton Picture House—"Blarney."
Corinthian Picture House—"The Revenge."
Pavilion Cinema, Dun Laoghaire—"Take It From Me."
Sackville Picture House—"The Last Witness."

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At Boyle Circuit Court, Judge Wakely was presented with white gloves.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1927.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Mr. Cosgrave was elected President of the Executive Council of the Irish Free State at the inaugural meeting of the fifth Dail Eireann in Dublin yesterday by 68 votes to 22. Mr. de Valera and his followers who have been elected attended at Leinster House, but, as they refused to take the oath, they were not admitted, and went away again. A crowd of their supporters cheered them in the streets.—(Pages 5 and 7.)

The weather was good and there was another very large attendance at the Munster Agricultural Society's Show in Cork yesterday, when the champion cups and special prizes were awarded.—(Page 11.)

While Mr. de Valera was driving in Dublin yesterday his motor car was struck by a tramcar and damaged.—(Page 4.)

A decree for £10 10s., with £10 10s. expenses, was given against the Irish Land Commission at Ennis Circuit Court for damages in connection with the making of a road through a Dromelliky man's holding without his authority.—(Page 8.)

The Irish Technical Instruction Association's Congress concluded its proceedings at Galway yesterday, when Professor Rishworth read a paper on the "Shannon Power Construction Work."—(Page 4.)

The Local Government Inspector's report on the sworn inquiry which was held recently into the management of the City of Waterford is published.—(Page 5.)

The Londonderry War Memorial was unveiled in The Diamond yesterday.—(Page 8.)

A petition has been organised in Belfast for the exercise of leniency in the case of Lieutenant Duffield, of the 2nd East Surrey Regiment, who is under sentence of death at Gibraltar for shooting the colonel of his regiment.—(Page 8.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

The House of Commons last night gave a third reading to the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions Bill.—(Page 8.)

SPORTING.

At the Curragh yesterday Tom Fair won the Tyros Stakes, Tamarist the Apprentices' Plate, Swift Marten the Waterford Testimonial Stakes, Noble Prince the Harristown Plate, Skidaw the St. Patrick's Plate, and Molloy the Welter Plate.—(Page 12.)

At Newbury Colorado won the Newbury Summer Cup.—(Page 12.)

At Newcastle Carsebreck won the Seaton Delaval Plate.—(Page 12.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets were again idle, with business on a small scale.—(Page 10.)

Credit was in ample supply in Lombard street, and overnight loans were made at 3½ per cent., with money into July at 4½ to 4¾ per cent. Discount rates were inactive.—(Page 10.)

Dublin Market was dull, except for Guinness Shares, which again improved, closing 3-16 up at 50 15-16.—(Page 10.)

Mr. Cosgrave's Task.

Our faith in Mr. Cosgrave's patriotism and in the new *Dail's* common-sense has been justified. To-day the Free State has a Government which, if the patriotism and the common-sense alike endure, may add the last element of stability to the country's young institutions. The news will confirm the national credit, will be a cause of profound relief at home and will gladden Ireland's friends throughout the world. When Mr. Cosgrave was proposed yesterday as President of the new Executive Council he relieved his soul of some part of the bitterness of defeat, but left himself in the *Dail's* hands. He declared, however, that, if he should resume office, he must be assured of such support as would enable him to complete his programme. The Labour Party alone resisted the nomination, in protest against the late Government's social measures; and Mr. Cosgrave, by sixty-eight votes against twenty-two, was charged to form a Ministry. Soon afterwards the *personnel* of the new Government was announced. Some minor changes have been made, and a new Ministry of Works is in prospect, but all Mr. Cosgrave's principal colleagues have been retained. Mr. Mulcahy becomes Minister for Local Government and Mr. Fitzgerald Minister for Defence. The Land Commission is added to the Department of Fisheries, and henceforth Mr. Hogan's whole energy will be free for his prime task. Mr. O'Higgins has served Justice so well that her needs have diminished, and in the new Government he will be responsible also for the Ministry of External Affairs. It is probable that the Government's chief measures will be as familiar as are the faces of Ministers; for the new *Dail* has inherited a large legacy of unfinished work.

The changes in the fifth *Dail* will be changes of manner and method rather than of measures, and we predict that they will be changes for the better. In his opening statement yesterday Mr. Cosgrave sought an assurance that the main features of the new Government's programme would receive a sufficient support from the House. He did not receive that assurance. The Labour members promptly refused it by their votes. Spokesmen of all the smaller parties—Independents, Farmers and the National League—undertook to buttress the Government's defence of truly national interests, but quite definitely withheld any promise of unqualified support for the whole, or any part, of its programme. Nevertheless, Mr. Cosgrave accepted the task of government, and we draw the best omens from his courageous action. We believe, on the one hand, that he has reconciled himself to a new situation in which the Government must be more studious of Parliament's desires and feelings than it was during a lustrum of almost autocratic power. We think that he is showing a generous trust in the *Dail's* readiness to meet him at least half-way and to make no difficulties which are not innate in the new proportions of parties. On the other hand, we may believe that the *Dail*, including the Labour Party, will make an equally generous response to Mr. Cosgrave's act of faith. We may believe that its criticism of reasonable measures will be reasonable, and that the forthcoming debates will reveal a novel temper of moderation and compromise. If our belief is fulfilled, the new *Dail*, despite its precarious beginnings, may run its normal course and may be fruitful in blessing for the State.

There is another factor in the situation which must encourage a working agreement on all essential matters between the new Government and the smaller parties. Mr. Cosgrave must hesitate to ask too much, the *Dail* must hesitate to grant too little, so long as a parliamentary crisis would strengthen the forces of political anarchy. Yesterday Mr. de Valera and the other elected members of his party sought admission to the *Dail*, and were rejected on their refusal to take the Oath of Allegiance. As Mr. Cosgrave told the House, the Oath is not a mere formality. It is a symbol of the whole Anglo-Irish settlement, and, if Mr. de Valera could abolish the Oath, he would proceed, within the very sanctuary of the State, to work war upon the Constitution and to uproot Ireland from her place in the Empire. Against that peril the country's stoutest barrier—indeed, its only barrier—is a strong Government, loyal to the Constitution and fortified, where the Constitution is concerned, by a not less loyal Parliament. Mr. Cosgrave said yesterday that, if he should take office, his Government, so long as it should hold office, would tolerate no tampering with the Treaty or the Oath, and would maintain the Free State's close and cordial relations with Great Britain. Here surely we may find a guarantee of general co-operation between the new Government and all the constitutional parties in all policies that will contribute broadly to the State's security and progress. In that strength, and in the strength of the nation's goodwill, Mr. Cosgrave resumes his heavy task.

A Lead from Germany.

Important changes in Germany's tariff policy were foreshadowed by Herr Curtius, Minister for Economic Affairs, at a meeting in Hamburg, on Wednesday, of the Association of German Chambers of Commerce. At the recent meeting of the Council of the League of Nations at Geneva, Herr Stresemann expressed his general approval of the recommendations that were made at the World Economic Conference, and the German Government proposes now to give Europe a lead in their practical application. The agrarian party in Germany has been trying to secure an increase of the tariffs on agricultural produce. Herr Curtius told the Chambers of Commerce at Hamburg that these tariffs would be increased in the case of potatoes from twenty-five to fifty pfennigs per hundredweight, and in that of pork from twenty-six to thirty-two marks. At the same time, however, the Government intends to bring about a general reduction in industrial tariffs. In this way, while making a slight concession to the agrarians, it hopes to give effect to the proposals of the World Economic Conference, and Herr Curtius declared that Germany was prepared to support action by the League of Nations with a view to the adoption of a maximum tariff level by all the nations of Europe, together with a uniform tariff schedule. He stated also that the German Government was anxious to conclude long-term trade agreements with other nations on condition that the present excessively high tariff rates were reduced. Negotiations already are in progress with Czecho-Slovakia and Yugo-Slavia, and an effort is being made to secure the co-operation of France in this movement. Dealing with general principles, Herr Curtius declared that he and his colleagues were opposed completely to the view that Germany should be regarded as a self-supporting country. No European nation could hope to attain to the position of the United States in this respect, and, so long as countries lived by the exchange of their commodities and services for those of their neighbours, the efforts of Governments ought to be the reduction, rather than the raising, of tariffs. We commend Herr Curtius's speech to the careful attention of those persons in Ireland who still hanker after a general tariff as an economic panacea. This little country probably is more completely dependent on external trade than any other country in Europe with the exception of Great Britain. Its whole prosperity depends on the volume of its export trade, and it must purchase large quantities of its supplies in outside markets. Trade restrictions of any kind in a country like Ireland are foolish, and tariffs on imported goods are indefensible on economic grounds. By her initiative in favour of a general tariff reduction Germany has set an admirable example. If the other nations follow it, one of the most fruitful causes of international misunderstandings will tend to disappear, and Europe at last will have made a definite movement towards a permanent peace.

Bolshevism and Industry.

According to official Soviet statistics, State enterprises now are responsible for over 75 *per cent.* of Russia's industrial output, while private and concessionary concerns account for only 3.4 *per cent.* A writer in *The Times*, who has returned from a business visit to Russia, declares that the improvement in Russian industry is diminishing, and is likely to cease. This he attributes to the difficulties which Soviet control imposes on enterprise. Skilled labour always was scarce in Russia, and efficient apprenticeship cannot be fostered where young workmen are encouraged to trust more to their political activities for advancement than to patient acquirement of skill under the direction of older men. The factor of management is even more important than that of labour. The managing or professional class in industry formerly consisted of that petty *bourgeois* class on which the Revolution bore so heavily. Surviving members of this class realise that they are retained in industry only pending the training up of Communist substitutes. The third factor—that of capital—exhibits most clearly of all the disadvantages of Soviet control. Prospects of foreign investment in Russia are dwindling, and native wealth, so far as it exists, has been frightened by confiscatory policy into hiding. In 1921 Lenin introduced a "new economic policy" which invited the co-operation of private capital. Hidden wealth appeared, and business people threw themselves into the building of a new economic fabric—only to see reaction follow, and the State resume its intolerant control of industry. Moreover, if an attempt were made to-day to resume a tolerant attitude towards private enterprise, the enormous mass of vested interests in the State concerns would make difficulties which the Soviet Government probably could not overcome. Meanwhile the common people are the sufferers. As a result of the scarcity of cheap manufactured goods, home industries have sprung into being. It is thought that these home industries are but a desperate and insufficient remedy and that they cannot survive when normal conditions of economic exchange return.

The Fireplace.

Progress, which has rendered life so full of conveniences and so empty of comfort, promises lastly to rob us of the domestic fire. On these wintry afternoons of midsummer the gas fire, which can be ignited and extinguished at any moment, is a convenience not to be scorned; but we are assured that this, or some other ingenious substitute, ultimately will replace altogether the fire of coal, turf or log-wood, which has been man's winter-time friend for so many ages. In the first number of *Old Furniture* an essay on "Old English Chimney Pieces" reminds us, by means of photographs of admired, antique fireplaces, of the artistic pains which our fathers spent on the shrine of the domestic flame. A fireplace in the twelfth century banqueting hall of Castle Hedingham is a Romanesque arch, nobly ornamented with the familiar zig-zag carving. A chimney piece at Tattershall Castle—preserved by the National Trust for Places of Historic Interest—is a noble fragment of Gothic craft, with armorial shields carven on the stone. A chimney piece at Haddon Hall is encased in a sumptuous oak framework. These pictures might be multiplied *ad infinitum*; for a visit to any old manor house or inn or city dwelling leads admirers to the fireplace. The instinct which made men lavish their most careful art upon the fireplace may be observed in any social gathering on a fireless summer day; for unconsciously the guests will tend to find their places towards the hearth and to group themselves around the fire's empty throne—the focus of friendship. When central heating finally replaces even the gas fire that artificially is made to look like a coal fire, and the fireplace disappears, home will have lost its character.

GRAVE AND GAY IN THE COMMONS.

SUSPENSION OF MR. MAXTON.

The Commons debate last night on the third reading of the Trade Disputes Bill was marked by two incidents—one amusing; the other in bad taste. The Solicitor-General (Sir Thomas Inskip), in an absent-minded moment, addressed the House as "Ladies and Gentlemen." Sir Thomas heightened the amusement of the House by adding: "I have known honourable members opposite to address us as "my dear friends." I hope my mistake was not more insincere."

Mr. J. H. Thomas, after this sally, moved the rejection of the Bill.

This gave Mr. Maxton an opening, and his bad taste brought him into conflict with the Speaker. He charged the Attorney-General with "prostituting his skill on behalf of a body of rich men," in order to deny to the common people the barest existence and the right to struggle for something better. "That," he went on, "is political treachery, and I say that the right honourable gentleman is a blackguard and a liar."

The Speaker called on Mr. Maxton to withdraw the expression, but he made no response, and was ordered to leave the House.

Mr. Maxton, however, remained in his seat, and the Speaker named him for defying the authority of the Chair. Mr. Churchill, as acting Leader of the House, was summoned, and his motion that Mr. Maxton be suspended was carried by 146 votes against 73.

Mr. Maxton then left the House, and as he stepped forth he was heartened in his cause by Labour cheers.

The motion for the rejection of the Bill was defeated by 354 votes against 139, and the third reading was carried.

DUKE AT GIBRALTAR.

GREAT WELCOME FROM THE INHABITANTS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
GIBRALTAR, Thursday.

The people of Gibraltar gave the Duke and Duchess of York a great welcome to-day. Several addresses of welcome were presented to the Royal visitors, and the Governor gave a luncheon in their honour, which was followed by a garden party.

An interesting feature of the garden party was the planting of a cyprus tree by the Duke with the silver spade used on similar occasions by the Prince of Wales, Prince Hirchito of Japan, and Prince Umberto of Italy.

After the party, the Duke and Duchess inspected a large assembly of Scouts and Guides and members of the British Legion on the spacious Alameda parade ground, all the sides of which were packed with enthusiastic inhabitants.

The Duchess has completely captured the hearts of all the dark-eyed Spanish maidens.

Their Royal Highnesses' last engagement of a crowded day is a dinner on board the Renown to-night, at which the Governor and distinguished personages of the Colony will be present. The Renown sails for England at 11 p.m.

I learn that the Duke has received a full account of the Duffield case from the Governor, but that there was no question of His Royal Highness intervening in the matter.

PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I hope that "Gamma" will make a still further study of the transferable vote. The effect of a single vote would be by no means the same as that of the single transferable vote, because it would completely alter the whole elasticity of the present method. It would give a most unfair advantage to an independent candidate, and would be very unfair to a large and strong party. For simplicity, imagine a three-member constituency which is overwhelmingly of one party, but in which there is a 15% minority which is too small to deserve one seat out of only three. The majority is entitled to three seats, and under the transferable vote would get the three seats, no matter how the voters voted, provided that they all voted for the party candidates. Under a single vote system the independent candidate would receive 15% of the votes, and it would take a magician in the party organisation so to allot candidates to the voters—in itself a most objectionable practice—that no one of the three party candidates should receive less than 15% of the votes. If one of them received only 14%, no matter if the three candidates received together 85% of the poll, the independent candidate would get a seat.

Consider the simplicity of the transferable vote; for in this case the surplus from the highest candidate would be transferred and all three candidates belonging to the party would be duly and rightly elected.—Yours, etc.,

E. K. EASON.

90 Middle Abbey street, Dublin,
June 23rd, 1927.

A woman in Raphoe has given birth to triplets (3 daughters).

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The King and Queen inaugurated the centenary celebrations at London University College yesterday afternoon. There was a large gathering of past and present members of the University, who gave Their Majesties an enthusiastic welcome.

The Prince of Wales celebrated his birthday very quietly yesterday at York House, St. James's Palace, where a display of bunting marked the anniversary. His Royal Highness, who lunched with the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace, received telegrams of good wishes from all parts of the world.

The Prince of Wales and Prince Henry will be at Portsmouth next Monday to welcome the Duke and Duchess of York, and will travel with them to Victoria Station, where the King and Queen, with several members of the Royal Family, will receive them. The Duke and Duchess, with a captain's escort, will drive from the station, *viâ* Whitehall and the Mall, to Buckingham Palace, and later in the day will leave for their residence in Piccadilly.

Next Wednesday the Princess Royal, accompanied by Princess Louise Duchess of Argyll and Princess Victoria, will unveil the memorial to the late Queen Alexandra which has been placed in Marlborough House Chapel by the members of the Anglo-Danish Society. It takes the form of an oblong tablet, and bears the inscription:—"To the Glory of God and to the Memory of Her Majesty Queen Alexandra, this Tablet is dedicated as a Token of Gratitude and Respect to their First Patron, by the Anglo-Danish Society, 1927."

Princess Alice Countess of Athlone and Lady May Cambridge will leave London on Sunday for The Hague to visit the Queen-Mother of the Netherlands. They were the guests last night of the Hon. Mrs. W. Ingham Whitaker at the ball which she gave for her daughters at 41 Grosvenor Square. On the previous evening the Princess and her son and daughter were the guests of the Hon. Mrs. Ernest Guinness at the dinner party preceding her ball at 17 Grosvenor Square. The dinner guests included the Netherlands Minister and Mde. Van Swinderen, the Marquis of Londonderry, the Marquis and Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava, the Earl and Countess of Lucan, the Earl of Iveagh, the Earl of Feversham, and the Earl of Rosse.

The Prince of the Asturias is making a good recovery from the recent accident to his knee, and is now recuperating at La Granja, a health resort in the Sierra Guadarrama. It is hoped that the Queen of Spain and the Infanta Beatrice will join the King of Spain in London towards the end of next week.

Lady Albreda Bourke, President, and the Committee of the Cheeverstown Convalescent Home for Little Children have issued invitations for an "at home" at Clondalkin on Wednesday, July 6th, when a musical programme will be rendered by the band of the Metropolitan Division.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Captain (Bt. Major) George Elsmie Hall, M.C., the Royal Scots, only surviving son of Mr. and the late Mrs. Harvey Hall, of Deeside Lodge, Aboyne, Aberdeenshire, and 8 Bonnacord Crescent, Aberdeen, and Mary Noel Stuart, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Law, of Marble Hill, Ballymore, County Donegal, grand-daughter of the Right Honble. Hugh Law, sometime Lord Chancellor of Ireland, and of the Rev. Alexander George Stuart, of Bogay, County Donegal.

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place in October in Penang, Malay States, between James Milo St. John, only son of the late Mr. and Mrs. William St. John Kearney and great-grandson of the late Mr. J. Milo Burke, J.P., D.L., of Dalkey, and Maureen, youngest daughter of the late Dr. M. J. McCartan, J.P., of Rostrevor, and Mrs. McCartan, of St. Heliers, Jersey.

Mr. Hutchinson, Dentist, has left 37 North Strand for a fortnight.

Preparatory to the Sale, Switzers are making some very attractive offers in their Costume Gallery. Tweed Costumes with plain coat and check skirt are marked at 2½ gns.; Two-piece Suits in Navy Velour with Fur Collars are reduced to £4 19s. 6d. Dainty Summer Frocks, Floral Voile Frocks, Tennis Frocks, in great variety for holiday wear, from 8s. 11d.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd. 69, 70, 71 Sth. Gt. George's st.

Distinctive French Frocks and Millinery, all considerably reduced this week.—Nathalie (Ida Fitzgerald), 59 Grafton street.

Slyne's Summer Sale! Afternoon frocks from 2½ gns. at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton st.

PASSENGERS BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals—Sir Edward Bellingham, Lady Bellingham, H. J. F. Gerrard, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Williams, Mr. H. R. Stephenson, Colonel and Mrs. Clive Bolton, Mr. and Mrs. E. Scott Cooper, Dr. and Mrs. E. F. Lund.

Departures—The Earl of Belmore, Mortimer V. Dyas, Mrs. James O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. E. Soloman, J. Soloman, the Rev. J. W. R. and Mrs. Campbell, Dr. and Mrs. Verner Furlong, Miss M. B. Callaghan, Bruce Hamilton, Edward L. Adams, junior; Major and Mrs. Chaddick-Adams.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.
ARRIVALS.—H. D. C. Jones, T. Castlemount, A. Fox, T. Bridgeman, J. Coghlan, A. J. Whyte, S. Allen, T. Devine, E. O'Reilly, J. Watt, R. Wright.
DEPARTURES.—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Griffiths, J. F. Crawford, J. Holt, R. S. Phillips, J. Thompson, B. Woolfe, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bray, R. Power, R. Freeman, W. F. Trench, J. R. Bagshaw, A. H. Moore, H. Knowles.

McBirney's Great Summer Sale commences to-day. Write for Price List.

The Mansfield Sisters are showing some lovely Hats in Bangkok and Crinoline, small and large fittings, at 28 Wicklow street.

Madame Renée's Sale now on. Immense reductions.—51a Dawson street.

Carpets Shaken and Cleaned in our own Works.—Millar and Beatty, Ltd.

SLIGO EX-M.P. RESIGNS FROM THE BENCH.

NEW LONDON MAGISTRATE AP

MR. COSGRAVE'S NEW MINISTRY

LABOUR THE ONLY PARTY TO OPPOSE RE-ELECTION OF THE PRESIDENT.

NO STEPS TO REMOVE THE OATH.

Mr. Fitzgerald Replaces Mr. Hughes. | **Mr. R. Mulcahy for Local Government.** | **Dual Position for Mr. O'Higgins.**

A NEW OFFICE TO BE SET UP.

ALL MINISTERS TO BE MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL: THE REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION.

Mr. Cosgrave by 68 votes to 22 (all Labour) was re-elected yesterday as President of the Executive Council of the Irish Free State. The National League Deputies abstained from voting, but the Farmers and the Independents supported the motion, which was proposod and seconded by two Government Deputies. After an adjournment Mr.Cosgrave announced his new Ministry as follows :—

	NEW	OLD
PRESIDENT ...	Mr. W. T. Cosgrave	Mr. Cosgrave
VICE-PRESIDENT AND MINISTER FOR JUSTICE	Mr. Kevin O'Higgins	Mr. O'Higgins
EXTERNAL AFFAIRS...	Mr. Kevin O'Higgins	Mr. Fitzgerald
FINANCE	Mr. Blythe	Mr. Blythe
DEFENCE	Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald	Mr. P. Hughes
INDUSTRY	Mr. P. McGilligan	Mr. McGilligan
EDUCATION	Professor O'Sullivan	Prof. O'Sullivan
AGRICULTURE ...	Mr. P. Hogan	Mr. Hogan
FISHERIES	Mr. F. Lynch	Mr. Lynch
LOCAL GOVERNMENT...	Mr. R. Mulcahy	Mr. S. Burke
POSTS	Mr. J. J. Walsh	Mr. Walsh
WORKS	To be filled	—

Mr. Seamus Burke, who was Minister for Local Government, becomes Parliamentary Secretary for Finance.

It will be seen that Mr. O'Higgins combines Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald's former position of Minister of External Affairs with the Ministry of Justice.

Mr. Hogan is to be relieved of the administration of the Land Acts, which will be undertaken by Mr. Fionan Lynch, the Minister of Fisheries. A new Ministry of Works is to be set up to deal with the Stationery Office and Supplies, &c., but no one has been nominated for the position as yet.

Formerly Mr. Hogan, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Burke, and Mr. Lynch were extern ministers, but in the New Cabinet all the Ministers are to be members of the Executive Council.

[A full report of the debate in the Dail will be found on page 5. Other news of the re-assembly of the Free State Parliament appears on page 4.]

WHY MR. COSGRAVE ACCEPTED.

Not Taking Office as a Super-Policeman: Government to Carry Out Its Policy.

The following are the main po the Dail yesterday, when he was

For five years the party which I have the honour to lead has borne the responsibilities of Government. We have had to contend with many difficult problems; we have had to take unpopular decisions in the national interest.

There was scarcely any member of this House outside the Government Party who did not, at one time or another, find something on which to disagree with our policy.

There is not a single Opposition party in this House which has not denounced my Government. The majority of these candidates who were independent of party alignment joined in the general denunciation. We were variously described as an incompetent Government, an autocratic Government, an impudent Government, an extravagant Government. The electorate were rather vigorously requested to throw us out of office.

In no case did any of these constitutional parties in the Opposition put up a sufficient number of candidates to enable it, even if all its candidates were returned, to form a Government by itself.

As a result of the combined attacks and promises the party which formed the Government has been reduced in numbers from 57 to 46. We are still the largest individual party in the State, but we are no longer in a majority.

We have never shirked our responsibilities. Right or wrong, we faced the making of decisions, and once made we carried them out.

The majority in this House has now passed from us. We have no intention or desire to hamper those who have secured it in the exercise of their rights.

In the situation thus created there is no sound alternative but that I, as the leader of the largest party in the House, should accept nomination, and I shall not shirk that responsibility.

I want it to be quite clear that I do not seek office, and that I shall accept office only if the Opposition parties are unable, or unwilling, to do so, and then upon very definite understandings.

If I am to accept and continue in office it will be only on the very clearest understanding that I shall receive sufficient support in this House to carry out my programme.

I have no intention of accepting office in the mere capacity of a super-policeman to maintain law and order while allowing the country to drift along economically, nationally and internationally. Nor do I intend to allow myself to be placed in the position of endeavouring to carry out the policies of others should a majority here agree to disagree with me in any matter of vital importance.

I do not interpret the results of the elections, bearing in mind the extent to which parties in Mr. Cosgrave's speech in nominated for the Presidency:—

every item of our programme was adopted by one or more of the other parties, as indicating a popular desire for the abandonment of that programme in any particular.

We have neither sought nor received any mandate for the denunciation of the Treaty, and we do not intend to take any steps in the matter. Nor have we sought any mandate for its alteration.

The party which asked for that mandate did not obtain it, notwithstanding the fact that they enshrined their request in a bower of rosy promises. They have taken up the position that unless some other party saves their faces in the matter of the difference between the oath in the Treaty and the oath which their leader himself drafted with an annual tribute to His Majesty super-imposed, they cannot put their promises to the test of performance.

The fact is that Fianna Fail are not being kept out of the Dail by the oath; they are sheltering behind this subterfuge because they know that their fantastic promises cannot be fulfilled.

THE OATH TO REMAIN.

If I accept office I have no intention of tampering in any way with the Treaty or with the provisions of the Constitution which derive from it. As long as the Treaty remains neither this House nor any other assembly can remove the obligation which the Treaty imposes upon elected representatives of subscribing to the oath prescribed in Article 4 of the Treaty. —Mr. Cosgrave in the Dail yesterday.

HOUR BY HOUR.

9 a.m.—Governor-General, Mr. Cosgrave, Mr. de Valera, and their respective followers, as well as members of the Senate, attend High Mass at Westland Row Roman Catholic Church.

10 a.m.—Senators and deputies attend Special Service at St. Patrick's Cathedral.

11 a.m.—Cumann na nGaedheal deputies hold party meeting at Leinster House.

11 a.m.—Fianna Fail deputies meet at offices in Abbey street.

Noon—Crowds begin to assemble opposite Fianna Fail offices in Abbey street.

2 p.m.—Mr. de Valera passed through the streets towards Leinster House.

2.30 p.m.—Fianna Fail deputies see the Clerk of the Dail and decline to take the oath.

3 p.m.—Dail meets.

3 p.m.—Senate meets.

4.20 p.m.—Republican deputies leave Dail.

4.40 p.m.—Mr. de Valera addresses meeting from Fianna Fail offices in Abbey street.

4.46—Mr. Cosgrave elected President.

6 p.m.—Dail reassembles and Mr. Cosgrave announces names of his Ministry.

8 p.m.—Dail adjourns until next Wednesday.

THE NEW MINISTRY.

POSTS STILL TO BE FILLED.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

Two facts that emerge clearly from the proceedings of yesterday are—(1) that the Government of which Mr. Cosgrave has been elected the President will hold office at the will and pleasure of the much-abused Opposition; and (2) that Mr. de Valera's "no oath" campaign is dead almost at its inception.

On the proposal of his name for the office of Presidency, Mr. Cosgrave was at pains to let the House know that he would accept office only on the very clearest understanding that he would receive sufficient support in the House to enable him to carry out his programme. This, of course, was a proposition that none of the parties would accept, Mr. Baxter, the new leader of the Farmers' Party, expressing the opinion of all when he declared that the President should not expect, and certainly would not get, support for any part of his programme that at any time seemed to be wrong and bad for the country. The end of the matter was that the President accepted office without extracting guarantees from anybody.

EXTERN MINISTRIES TO GO.

It was a day in which virtually everything that was expected by intelligent people to happen happened; everything, that is, with the possible exception of Mr. Mulcahy's inclusion in the Ministry and Mr. Seamus Burke's removal from it.

For the reason that the existence of Extern Ministries as such has been terminated, Mr. Mulcahy, as Mr. Burke's successor to the portfolio of Local Government, becomes a member of the Cabinet, as also do the former "Extern" Ministers, Mr. Hogan, the Minister for Lands and Agriculture; Mr. J. J. Walsh, Postmaster-General, and Mr. Finian Lynch, Minister for Fisheries. Mr. Burke becomes Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Finance, in place of Mr. Eamonn Duggan, for whom another place is certain to be found, possibly as Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry for Defence (which is vacant by the retirement of Mr. George Nicolls), or as head of the new Works Ministry which it is proposed to create by legislation.

VACANT POSTS.

Posts vacant or falling vacant at the moment are—The Deputy-Speakership of the Dail, head of the proposed Ministry of Works, Parliamentary Secretary to the President, Parliamentary Secretaryship for Defence, and (possibly) Parliamentary Secretaryship for Fisheries, now that administration of the Land Commission is to be handed over to Mr. Lynch.

Several names are being mentioned in connection with the Deputy-Speakership, whose late occupant was Mr. O'Maille, an unsuccessful candidate for Galway. Up to last night, however, no selection for the post had been made by the Government Party. There was a good deal of comment on Mr. Burke's transference to the Parliamentary Secretaryship for Finance, but it is believed that he is an even more likely nominee than Mr. Duggan for the new Ministry of Works.

THE FORBIDDEN LOBBY.

HOW THE REPUBLICANS WENT TO THE DAIL.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

By 2 p.m. yesterday everything was in readiness at Leinster House for the reception of Mr. de Valera's little party, and everyone was on the tip-toe of excitement. Deputies of the constitutional parties, before speeding through the narrow little gate giving entrance to the precincts of the House, paused a moment to cast a glance about the curiously deserted spaces separating them from scenes of unwonted stir and bustle in thoroughfares now extraordinarily remote.

Suddenly came the sounds of cheering, faint at first, but gathering in volume and in nearness, and voices shouted: "They're coming." Then out of the crowd which had congregated at the foot of Kildare street swung a small and jagged procession of men, to prove that, true to their word, 44 elected representatives of the people had come to claim their seats in the national assembly.

ESCORT IN WAITING.

On they came, defied at every step by a small battery of camera men, and at last they had reached the gates of Leinster House. Anything spectacular that there may have been about their movements up to this, ceased here. Like every other deputy who had passed through the gate, Mr. de Valera (who, with his chief lieutenants, Messrs. Sean Lemass and P. J. Ruttledge, headed the procession) was politely asked to produce his credentials for inspection.

Taking the Clerk's summons from his pocket, Mr. de Valera showed it to the uniformed attendant, and, without further ado, he was allowed to pass through.

It was not less than his expectation to find awaiting him the affable escort of Colonel Brennan, the Superintendent of the Oireachtas.

The Superintendent seemed regretful that his visitors showed no desire to tarry awhile by the foot of the Victoria Monument, nor any inclination to gaze awhile

(Continued on Page 9, Column 4.)

MR. COSGRAVE'S ELECTION.

National League Abstain: Labour Vote Against the Motion: The Division List.

The following is the division list on the motion for the election of Mr. Cosgrave as President of the Executive Council:—

FOR

GOVERNMENT—44.

BECKETT, J. W. (Dublin, South).
BENNETT, G. C. (Limerick).
BLYTHE, E. (Monaghan).
BRODERICK, S. (Galway).
BURKE, S. (Tipperary).
BYRNE, J. J. (Dublin, North).
CONLON, M. (Roscommon).
CROWLEY, J. (Kerry).
DAVIS, M. (Mayo, North).
DOHERTY, E. (Donegal).
DOLAN, J. N. (Leitrim-Sligo).
DOYLE, P. S. (Dublin, South).
DUGGAN, E. J. (Meath).
DWYER, J. (Leix-Offaly).
EGAN, B. M. (Cork Borough).
FITZGERALD KENNY, J. (South Mayo).
GOREY, D. J. (Carlow-Kilkenny).
HASSETT, J. J. (Tipperary).
HENNESSY, M. J. (Cork, East).
HENNIGAN, G. (Leitrim-Sligo).
HENRY, M. C. (Mayo, North).
HOGAN, P. J. (Galway).
KELLY, P. M. (Clare).
LAW, H. A. (Donegal).
LYNCH, F. (Kerry).
MCDONOGH, M. (Galway).
MCFADDEN, M. (Donegal).
MCGILLIGAN, P. (National University).
MULCAHY, R. (Dublin, North).
MURPHY, J. (Louth).
NALLY, M. M. (South Mayo).
O'CONNELL, R. (Limerick).
O'CONNOR, B. (Dublin County).
O'DRISCOLL, Mrs. C. (Dublin, North).
O'HIGGINS, K. (Dublin County).
O'MAHONY, D. G. (Wicklow).
O'REILLY, J. J. (Cavan).
O'SULLIVAN, Professor J. M. (Kerry).
RODDY, M. (Leitrim-Sligo).
SHAW, F. W. (Longford-Westmeath).
SHEEHY, T. (Cork, West).
WALSH, J. J. (Cork Borough).
WHITE, V. J. (Waterford).
WOLFE, G. (Kildare).

INDEPENDENTS—13.

ALTON, E. H. (Dublin University).
BRENNAN, M. (Roscommon).
BYRNE, A. (Dublin, North).
COOPER, Major B. (Dublin County).
CRAIG, Sir J. (Dublin University).
DALY, J. (Cork, East).
HASLETT, A. (Monaghan).
HEWSON, G. (Limerick).
KEOGH, M. (Dublin, South).
MYLES, Major J. S. (Donegal).
O'HANLON, J. F. (Cavan).
TRRITT, W. E. (Dublin University).
WOLFE, J. T. (Cork, West).

FARMERS—11.

BAXTER, P. F. (Cavan).
CARTER, M. (Leitrim-Sligo).
DOYLE, M. (Wexford).
FALVEY, T. (Clare).
GARAHAN, H. (Longford-Westmeath).
HEFFERNAN, R. M. (Tipperary).
HOLOHAN, R. (Carlow-Kilkenny).
O'DONOVAN, T. (Cork, West).
O'GORMAN, D. (Cork, East).
VAUGHAN, D. (Cork, North).
WHITE, J. (Donegal).

TOTAL 68

AGAINST

LABOUR—22.

ANTHONY, R. J. (Cork Borough).
BRODERICK, H. (Longford-Westmeath).
CLANCY, P. (Limerick).
COLGHAN, H. (Kildare).
CORISH, R. (Wexford).
CULLEN, D. (Dublin, North).
DAVIN, W. (Leix-Offaly).
DOYLE, E. (Carlow-Kilkenny).
EVERETT, J. (Wicklow).
GILL, J. E. (Leix-Offaly).
HALL, D. (Meath).
HOGAN, P. (Clare).
JOHNSON, T. (Dublin County).
KEYES, M. (Limerick).
LAWLOR, T. (Dublin, South).
LYNCH, G. (Galway).
MORRISSEY, D. (Tipperary).
MURPHY, T. J. (Cork, West).
O'BRIEN, W. (Tipperary).
O'CONNELL, T. J. (Mayo, South).
O'SHANNON, J. (Wexford).
QUILL, T. (Cork, North).

TOTAL 22

The eight members of the National Party did not vote, and Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald is in hospital recovering from an operation for appendicitis. Mr. J. Good (Independent) was the only other deputy, outside the Republicans, whose name does not figure in the division list.

THE SCENE IN THE DAIL.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

To the mind of one who was present on that memorable occasion in Earlsfort terrace when the second Dail met to discuss the Anglo-Irish Treaty, the most striking feature of yesterday's assembly in Leinster House was the evidence that it afforded of the Free State's progress since 1921.

Then Dail Eireann, to be quite frank, hardly looked like a national Parliament. It was composed largely of uncouth peasants, with here and there an "intellectual" to leaven the lump, and the figures that one could identify through the clouds of tobacco smoke that filled the room scarcely inspired confidence in the new State's future.

Now all that has changed. The fifth Dail is an enormous improvement on its predecessors. Successive elections have combed out the obviously unparliamentary types. Ministers and members alike have acquired a more responsible demeanour, and the little Parliament that met yesterday, while making no pretensions to distinction, could be compared not unfavourably with any other young assembly of its kind in the world.

THE NEW FACES.

All the Ministers were present in good time, with the exception of Mr. Fitzgerald, whose illness has caused general regret, andMr. Peter Hughes, who occupied a seat in the Distinguished Strangers' Gallery. Mr. Cosgrave, in formal morning dress, seemed to be rather worn after his strenuous election campaign; but Mr. O'Higgins, with his sleekly brushed hair and his look of judicial detachment, might never have exchanged sallies with the hooligans of the hustings, so little effect did his trying experiences seem to have had on his inscrutable mien. Mr. Blythe, smiling as ever, chatted gaily with Mr. McGilligan, while Messrs. Hogan and O'Sullivan looked as if they had not a care in the world.

Many new faces caught the eye behind the Government benches, where Mr. Bulfin's proud moustache no longer dominated the scene, and the frail form of Mr. John McNeill was missing from the seat which he occupied for so many years. Mr. Denis Gorey was seated immediately behind President Cosgrave, a stalwart recruit to the ranks of Cumann na nGaedheal. Mr. Hugh Law, with unnecessary modesty, was hidden away on the top terrace, which in the old days was the special preserve of the "troglodytes," as an unkind observer once dubbed Mr. Cosgrave's more humble followers; and there were several others as yet unknown to fame.

THE NEW PARTY.

The greatest changes, however, were on the Opposition benches. One immediately missed the ingratiating smile of Professor Magennis, that inveterate champion of a lost cause, and the benevolent bulk of his comrade, Mr. Padraig O'Maille. But *le roi est mort; vive le roi!* On the front bench opposite the Speaker's chair was seated Captain William Redmond, with a blue button hole, at the head of his octette of new members. Mr. Vincent Rice, K.C., was beside him, dapper and debonnair, with Mr. Daniel McMenamin, Mr. Horgan, and the redoubtable Alderman John Jinks, from Sligo, on his flank.

Dislodged by the National League from his former seat, Mr. Alfred Byrne, bashfully trying to look as unlike a man with seventeen thousand votes behind him as possible, took refuge in the top tier of seats, where he had Mr. Michael Brennan, of Roscommon, beside him. Lower down were seated Major Sproule Myles and Mr. Haslett, of Monaghan, while on their left two of the members for Dublin University and Mr. O'Hanlon, from Cavan, were in a group.

Incongruously enough, the third Trinity member, Sir James Craig, found himself marooned among the cohorts of the National League. Mr. P. Baxter, the new Farmers' chief, occupied Mr. Gorey's old seat, and Mr. Wilson's place was taken by Deputy Doyle.

Labour, with its twenty-two members, made quite a brave show. Mr. Johnson, as usual, sat in the centre of the front row, with Deputies Murphy and Davin on his left, and Messrs. O'Connell, Corish, and Morrissey, the *basso profundo* of Irish politics, on his right.

THE SPEAKER'S RE-ELECTION.

When the House assembled sharp at 3 p.m. there was an air of tense excitement on all the benches. The galleries were full, and in the distinguished strangers' enclosure one noticed Herr von Dehn, Mr. Hathaway and several other foreign Consuls. The election of Speaker occupied little time.

Mr. Cosgrave made a graceful little speech, in which he referred to the "exquisite tact" of Mr. Hayes. Mr. Johnson followed, and there was a regular procession of warm tributes to the former Speaker from all parts of the House. Mr. Hayes took the chair amid a scene of really spontaneous enthusiasm, and one could see that his re-election was welcomed by every member of the Dail.

This spirit of enthusiastic unanimity, however, did not last long. After his name had been proposed for the Presidency of the Executive Council by two members of the Cumann na nGaedheal Party, Mr. Cosgrave rose quickly to his feet, and, speaking in his *staccato*, quick-firing style, launched a spirited attack on the Opposition groups.

None of them was spared. Labour, the Farmers, the National League, the Independents, all got what was coming to them; but Mr. Cosgrave reserved the real lash of his tongue for the party that, while he was speaking in the Dail, was occupied in the staging of an *opéra bouffe* in the hall of Leinster House, with poor Colonel Brennan filling an unwilling, but not unimportant, *rôle* in its performance.

As an American visitor remarked, the President "told Fianna Fail exactly where it got off the bus," and his vigorous defence of the Treaty made an excellent impression, almost, indeed, causing deputies to forget that he had been unkind to them. Almost—but not quite.

NO BLANK CHEQUE.

When he had announced that he would form a Government only on definite terms the Opposition leaders proceeded to get some of their own back. Mr. Johnson, one thought, was rather ineffective; but Mr. Baxter, who refused to give the President a blank cheque from the Farmers, was clear and to the point. Captain Redmond, who shared Mr. Baxter's view of the situation, was restrained, but definite, while several of the Independents spoke well.

Mr. O'Hanlon, the new Independent member from Cavan, made, perhaps, the best little speech of the afternoon. He challenged Mr. Cosgrave's criticism of the Opposition groups with marked success, and his maiden speech was excellent.

Mr. O'Higgins, forcible as ever, was fighting a difficult battle, and he seemed to know it. His epigrams did not flow quite so smoothly as of yore, and he seemed at times to be at loss for a word; but Mr. O'Higgins always can impress the House, and, although he did not convince the Opposition members that their presence in the Dail was a sign of national insanity, or even of national carelessness, he made a good case for his party.

In the result, Mr. Cosgrave did not get a free hand from the Opposition, but his new Government will be sure of general support from all the groups outside the Labour Party, which does not approve either of Mr. McGilligan, because he does not pay high wages on the Shannon, or of Mr. J. J. Walsh, for reasons not unconnected with recent events in the Post Office.

LATE NEWS.

MR. COSGRAVE'S RETURN.

WORK BEFORE THE DAIL.

The Times, in a leading article entitled "Mr. Cosgrave's Return," says:—Yesterday was a critical day in the history of the Irish Free State, but the optimists who believed that Mr. Cosgrave's patriotism and the good sense of the majority of the members of the Dail would surmount the difficulties of the political situation have been justified in their confidence. A substantial majority of the members of the new Free State Parliament, who accept the present Constitution and have taken the oath of allegiance to the King, have given Mr. Cosgrave a mandate to form an Administration. To-day Mr. Cosgrave and his Ministers will have to abandon the grand strategy of their autocratic period for the study of parliamentary tactics. They will have to walk more warily, to draft new legislation with an eye to the opposition parties, to learn the arts of conciliation, and to present less surface to critics within and outside the Dail. Their present task is more difficult, but there is no reason to suppose that it will prove beyond their powers.

The abolition of the former distinction between members of the Council and extern Ministers should make for greater cohesion within the Government Party, while the composition of the new Cabinet, which differs but slightly from its predecessors, shows that the Ministers who have made a name for themselves in the last two Governments continue to enjoy the confidence of their party. In any case, Irishmen are usually gifted with a full share—in some American cities they are accused of having more than a fair share—of the arts by which politicians extricate themselves from their difficulties, and Mr. Cosgrave and his lieutenants are unlikely to prove an exception to this rule.

Meanwhile, Mr. de Valera and his non-juring followers have indulged in their expected demonstration against their exclusion from the Dail. Encouraged by their relative success at the general election, by some singular legal advice, and by the omission from the Constitution of the Free State of any penalty such as exists in this country for sitting or voting in Parliament without having taken the oath, they seem to have hoped vaguely that, if they could once enter Dail Eireann, no one would dare expel them. They were refused permission, and withdrew to attend a demonstration of protest which they had prepared against their repulse. Their failure to bluff the constitutional parties into a surrender is very likely to cause consternation among many of their supporters. It is notorious that many electors gave them their first preferences in the general election in the fond belief that the party would finally take the oath and enter Parliament. Rumours that this was their real intention were general and persistent, and it was not until the final returns had been published that Mr. de Valera issued a statement to the contrary, which was obviously addressed to some of his followers as much as to the general public. The innocents who have thus disfranchised themselves may not deserve much sympathy, but their indignation is not likely to be suppressed when they understand that, as Mr. Cosgrave very properly remarked in his speech yesterday, a very dishonest use had been made of this issue by Republican politicians and propagandists. The oath of allegiance is an integral part of the constitution of the Irish Free State, which is itself a bilateral agreement between the representatives of two equal States, and cannot be repudiated by one of the two contracting parties.

Regret may be felt, both in this country and among the increasing number of citizens of the Free State who wish to forget past quarrels, that there is still so much objection to the oath, but they will probably find that Republicanism will henceforth be a failing force. They may also be comforted by the fact that the representatives of its revolutionary wing have already been reduced to a handful by the general election; and by the hope that the question of the future policy of Fianna Fail will be solved, in the words quoted by a correspondent, *Ambulando*—by walking, and not by ambulances.

COMMANDER BYRD'S FLIGHT.

POSSIBILITY OF A START TO-DAY.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Thursday.

The news that the President of the National Aeronautical Society has left Washington to seal the barograph of Commander Byrd's aeroplane, the "America," has caused a general feeling that the long delay in starting is almost at an end.

Commander Byrd himself declares that improved weather reports indicate the possibility that he may start to-morrow morning or on Saturday morning.

THE BRITISH LENGLEN

16-YEAR-OLD GIRL BEATS AMERICAN CHAMPION.

Miss Betty Nuthall, the sixteen-year-old British Hard Court Champion, played the finest game of her tennis career at Wimbledon yesterday, when she defeated Mrs. Mallory, the American champion, by 2-6, 6-2, 6-0. The frenzied shout of delight which went up when Miss Nuthall took the third set must have been heard all over Wimbledon.

DID NOT EXPECT TO WIN.

"I did not expect to win," she told a Press Association representative. "It was a great surprise to me. When I was beaten in the first set I thought Mrs. Mallory was going to get away with it. Even when I got the lead and was increasing it, I had a feeling that she would catch up."

Mrs. Mallory said that she thought Miss Nuthall played wonderfully well. "My defeat was not a surprise," she said, smiling. "I have watched Miss Nuthall play, and I know how good she is, so you see I was prepared for it."

When Mr. W. T. Tilden, who watched the game with keen interest, was asked for his opinion, he exclaimed: "What can you say? The kid played beautiful tennis, and her last set was astounding."

[Full details on Page 4.]

WHAT GERMANY WANTS.

REDUCED ARMY IN THE RHINELAND.

QUESTION TO FRANCE

LOCARNO OR RUHR POLICY?

France is always ready to hold out a willing hand to the conquered.—*M. Poincare at Luneville on Sunday.*

—Germany is ready to grasp the hand stretched out in a spirit of conciliation but not the hand of the conquerer who offers his hand to the conquered.—*Herr Stresemann, yesterday.*

HERR STRESEMANN in the Reichstag, yesterday outlined Germany's foreign policy and especially her relations to France.

He called for the reduction of the troops in the Rhineland and said that unless the promise given by France on this subject were kept, there was a danger that other promises would not be fulfilled.

He said that the French Premier's words about France's desire for good relations with Germany would find a strong echo in France.

DESIRE FOR PEACE.

HERR STRESEMANN REPLIES TO M. POINCARE.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Thursday.

Speaking in the Reichstag to-day, Herr Stresemann, the Foreign Minister, asked France whether the spirit of war was to stay for ever, or was the spirit of peace to prevail?

"All the nations," he said, "who desire peace have the right to ask this question, for all bear the responsibility. What is M. Poincaré's aim? The Ruhr policy or Locarno policy? One or the other is possible; but not one and the other.

THE HAND OF THE CONQUEROR.

"Germany is ready to grasp the hand stretched out to her in a spirit of conciliation, but not the hand of the conqueror who offers his hand to the conquered. No one in Germany threatens France's security, and there is no responsible man in Germany who would be so criminal as to instigate Germany to war with any Power, either in the East or West.

"We only want, eight years after the conclusion of peace, the restoration of German sovereignty. It was the present German Government which definitely announced its repudiation of any ideas of revenge."

It was in these words that Herr Stresemann replied to the speech made at Luneville last Sunday by M. Poincaré, the French Prime Minister, and his vigorous response met with the enthusiastic applause of the assembled deputies and public, including numerous foreign diplomats.

NO ANCIENT HISTORY.

Herr Stresemann said that he refused, although he could easily do so, to reply to the French Prime Minister's allegations in detail, for he was quite sure that the problem of the relations between France and Germany would not be brought nearer to a solution by digging up ancient history, and in this he was strengthened by the fact that the world's knowledge of past events had made such progress that there was no reason to fear that such allegations as the French Premier's would be believed.

He said that he preferred to discuss what M. Poincaré had said about the present time, and declared that the French Premier could be sure that his words about France's desire for the restoration of good relations with Germany would find a strong echo in Germany.

M. Poincaré's reproach that a German warship is still named Elsass, declared the Foreign Minister, was incomprehensible, for the ship was built in 1903, and was specifically left to Germany by the Treaty of Versailles.

Herr Stresemann pointed to the various declarations regarding Germany's foreign policy which had been made by responsible Foreign Ministers, and suggested that the French Prime Minister would do better to cite these to his audience than to quote extracts from one speech or the other.

DISARMAMENT.

On the disarmament question, Germany, said Herr Stresemann, had given to the world a guarantee of peace which had been acknowledged by the Ambassadors' Conference, and, he added amid laughter, "it could only be supposed that M. Poincaré was no longer in close enough touch with affairs to know much about them."

The Foreign Minister pointed out that out of over one hundred questions relating to the military clauses of the Treaty of Versailles, about which there had been disputes with the Allies, only two questions remained, and these were in process of being settled, so that a default by Germany was out of the question, and there was not the slightest reason to cast doubt on Germany's loyalty to the Treaty.

RUSSIAN POLICY.

He also referred to Germany's relations in regard to Russia, and said that the German Government regretted extremely the ruptured relations between Great Britain and Russia, and emphasised that no effort was made at

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Geneva to form an anti-Russian coalition, or to persuade Germany to alter her foreign policy. On the contrary, all the States concerned had full liberty of action towards Russia, and could act according to their own interests.

Germany, like other countries, he said, defended herself against world revolutionary propaganda, but she had assumed no obligations towards or against Russia, and the fact that Germany's State ideal was an absolute contrast to that of Soviet Russia was not a reason for Germany to co-operate in anybody else's dispute with Russia.

The Foreign Minister then turned to the work of the World Economic Conference at Geneva, and said that the German Government would do its utmost to carry out the decisions of the Conference, and the questions of reduced German Customs tariffs would be examined.

Turning again to disarmament, Herr Stresemann declared that Germany's disarmament—unto nakedness—together with the guarantees supplied with the Treaties of Locarno, were certainly the utmost that could be offered in the way of security.

Serious doubts must, however, be expressed whether there was good-will everywhere to carry out the moral and legal obligations to disarm, and, if any change occurred in this respect, what hopes placed in the League of Nations would be realised?

Herr Stresemann then expressed his confidence that Germany would be given in September a seat on the Mandates Commission, in accordance with the decision of the League Council.

TROOPS IN THE RHINELAND.

He then came to the question of the reduction of the Allied troops in the Rhineland, and contested the French *thesis* that such a reduction would be a proof of goodwill towards Germany, for which the former must be compensated in other respects.

It was not a concession to Germany, but a condition on which the signing of the Treaty of Locarno was dependent. The Foreign Minister repeated the argument that, in accordance with the promises given by the Allies, their troops in the Rhineland must be reduced to "a normal number," which could only mean the pre-war strength of the German garrison in the Rhineland.

This question of the reduction of troops, Herr Stresemann said, had become a fight against the methods of the Locarno policy by Germany's co-signatories. If in this question the promise given by France was not kept, and, if in any one matter the promise was not fulfilled, the danger existed that other promises also would not be fulfilled.

"We are entitled to demand that the Allies carry out the solemn promise made us. This question has become one of confidence in the honesty of our co-signatories' intentions, and it will not do to wait until German public opinion has lost its patience on this question."

Herr Stresemann finally asserted that a reduction of the troops and the destruction of the Eastern fortifications were matters which were in no way connected with one another.

The Foreign Minister's speech was subjected to very few interruptions, and obviously met with the approval of the majority of the Reichstag parties, which were particularly pleased with the vigorous reply to M. Poincaré.

By this speech, Herr Stresemann has strengthened his position, and there is no doubt that the Government will obtain a comfortable majority in the Reichstag if a vote of "no confidence" is introduced.

The Centre deputy, Herr Kaas, who followed, remarked that if the spirit of M. Poincaré's speech should become the dominating opinion in French policy, then the hopes of mutual co-operation between the two neighbouring States, and of a permanent pacification of Europe would have to be abandoned, and the work of Locarno would collapse, and not through Germany's fault.

RECENT IRISH WILLS.

COLONEL E. W. PURDON-WINTER.

Colonel Edward Wheeler Purdon-Winter, of Lisnabin, Killucan, County Westmeath, a successful breeder of Hereford cattle, the oldest member of the Westmeath Hunt, and steward of several Irish race meetings, who died on 5th January last, aged 73 years, left unsettled personal estate in England and the Irish Free State valued at £59,223 17s. 1d. Probate of the will, dated 30th August, 1922, with a codicil of 17th December, 1925, has been granted to his widow, Mrs. Cecilia Albuera Frances Purdon-Winter, of the same place, and his brother Dr. Charles Sanderson Purdon, of Lodge Park, Freshford, County Kilkenny. The testator left £2,000 charged on the Lisnabin Estates to his son, Denis James; £100 per annum charged on the Agher estates to his wife, and £2,000 charged on the said estates to his said son, Denis, and he stated that his wife was entitled to certain annual sums charged on the settled real estate. The residue of the property he left, as to one-half to his son, Charles Edward; one-fourth to his son, Samuel Francis, he to bring into account £4,000 already settled on him, and one-fourth to his son, Denis James.

MR. LEONARD KEARNEY.

Mr. Leonard Kearney, of 92 Antrim road, Belfast, who died on 6th March last, left personal property in Great Britain and Northern Ireland valued at £6,143 2s. 7d. Probate of the will, dated 2nd July, 1926, has been granted to Dr. William Massy Burnside, of 39 University road, Belfast, and William John Unrichard, of 117b Lisburn road, Belfast. The testator left £200 each to the executors of the will; £500 to Annie F. Hely; £60 per annum to his sister, Mary Bloxam; £100 to the Royal Victoria Hospital, Belfast, and the residue of the property to his nephew, Robert Silver Bloxam, or his issue.

MR. GREER MALCOMSON.

Mr. Greer Malcomson, of Villa Mirza, Malone Park, Belfast, retired merchant, who died on 4th January last, left personal estate in Great Britain and Northern Ireland valued at £32,308 18s. 3d. Probate of the will dated 27th July, 1920, with two codicils, has been granted to Herbert Thomas Malcomson, stockbroker, and Charles Edward Swain, of 32 Arthur street, Belfast. The testator left £3,000 each to his grandchildren, Greer Malcomson and Leslie Malcomson; £2,000 each to his grandchildren, Herbert James Malcomson, Ian Malcomson and Kenneth Greer Malcomson; £150 to Mr. Swain, £1,000 in trust for his daughter, Florence Malcomson; £50 to the Cripples' Institute and People's Palace, Belfast; £50 to the Royal Victoria Hospital, Belfast; £50 to Dr. Barnardo's Homes; his interest in certain property at King's road, Knock, and Donegall street, to his son-in-law, Herbert Thomas Malcomson; £150 per annum whilst unmarried, to be reduced to £50 per annum should she marry, to Miss Rowena V. Nicholson, "who has managed my household affairs for many years past"; £100 to his servant, Elizabeth Dinsmore; and the residue of the property, as to one-half in trust for his son Walter and his wife and children, and one-half in trust for his daughter Florence and her husband and children.

MR. JOHN KELLY.

Mr. John Kelly, of The Square, Moy, Co. Tyrone, auctioneer and spirit merchant, who died on 14th January last, left personal estate in Great Britain and Northern Ireland valued at £6,339 4s. 3d. Probate of the will dated 12th August, 1926, with a codicil, has been granted to his brother, Joseph Kelly, of Mossmore, and Joseph McKenna, of Cruhina Eglish, farmers. The testator left £500 to his wife, £1,000 War Loan in trust for his wife during widowhood, with remainder to his children: £500 to his brother Joseph, and to his son Joseph and his daughter Annis £100 each; to his son Francis Joseph his house property and any lands he may possess, and the residence of the property to his children Francis Joseph, Mary Ellen, Hugh Kevin, Sarah Anne, and James, and any other children who may attain the age of 21 years.

MR. SAMUEL HALL.

Mr. Samuel Hall, of Kittybane, Newbuildings, Londonderry, farmer, who died on 6th March last, left personal estate in Great Britain and Northern Ireland valued at £4,460 18s. 11d. Probate of the will, dated 17th June, 1925, has been granted to William J. Buchanan, of Craigtown, Cullin, and Stephen Buchanan, of Lisneal, farmers. The testator left £600 to his nephew, George Abraham, to his son Samuel £300, to his daughter Matilda £300, to his daughter Eliza £100, and to his son James £100; £800 to his nephew, Robert Lynch, and to his son Samuel £100, and the residue of the property he left to his nephew, Samuel George Lynch.

MISSING FISHERMEN PICKED UP BY TRAWLER.

News has reached Letterkenny that the four Ballyhoriskey fishermen, Frank Harkin (51), James Sweeney (23), Patrick Fealty (25), and Hugh Shields (23), supposed lost in Tuesday's storm off the Donegal coast, have been picked up by a trawler and landed at Milford Haven, South Wales.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS REFORM.

VISCOUNT FITZALAN'S MOTION CARRIED.

FROM OUR PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT.

WESTMINSTER, Thursday.

Earl Russell, resuming the debate in the House of Lords on the proposed reforms of the Second Chamber, referred to the suggestions which had been made, that noble lords on the front Opposition bench were not fit representatives of Labour. Speaking for himself, that charge, he said, was quite true. For the greater part of his life he had, certainly, not lived in a state of uncertainty as to whether his children would be able to obtain food. He had not engaged in heavy and arduous manual labour, and had not experienced the poverty, stress, and struggle of a strike. In these respects he was not qualified to speak for Labour; but he had a passionate admiration for the claims which Labour put forward, and regarded it as a privilege to be able to speak for Labour in that House. As to the proposals announced by Lord Cave, they were ridiculous from the point of view of Labour representation. Two hundred Labour peers, at least, he regarded as nothing more than adequate.

Lord Harris, although of opinion that most people liked and trusted the House of Lords, said that the Conservative majority was too great, and was really a menace.

The Archbishop of Canterbury defended the presence of the Bishops in any reformed House of Lords. Twenty-six bishops, he said, possessed seats in the Second Chamber since the time of Henry VIII., and, although it was not unreasonable, if they were reducing the number of laymen, that there should be fewer spiritual Lords, the reduction should be carried out with the greatest care and should not be too drastic. Personally, he would welcome the presence in that House of the representatives of other religious bodies, but the report of the Rosebery Committee showed that the difficulties in the way were almost insuperable.

A WORD FOR LORD PARMOOR.

Lord Thomson took up the cudgels against Lord Birkenhead on behalf of Lord Parmoor, and told him that after his own change of front in regard to Ireland he should be more charitable in regard to the political inconsistencies of other people. With one possible exception, there was scarcely a living politician who had made a more complete somersault than the noble earl himself.

Lord Birkenhead asked for an explanation.

Lord Thomson—Your change of front on the Irish question.

Lord Birkenhead said that he had never altered a single word in opposition to Home Rule, except in so far as the Home Rule policy of that day attempted to include Northern Ireland. There was no inconsistency in that.

Lord Thomson advised the noble earl to make that speech to some of his former colleagues. The speech that they heard from him yesterday was a very practical instance of Satan rebuking sin.

The Marquis of Salisbury defended the proposals as being intended to protect the people from the abuse of authority by a Government put into office by some temporary wave of opinion. The Government would have no hesitation in supporting Viscount FitzAlan's motion, because it represented their policy.

The Marquis of Reading took the attitude that this question ought not to be dealt with until after the proposals had been submitted to, and endorsed by, the people of the country.

On a division, Lord Arran's amendment, providing for delay until after a general election, was negatived by 208 votes to 54, and Viscount FitzAlan's motion was carried.

A DEED OF ASSIGNMENT.

APPEAL IN COUNTY MAYO CASE.

Judgment was given yesterday, in Court No. 7, Dublin Castle, by Mr. Commissioner Lynch, K.C., and Mr. Commissioner Fitzgerald, K.C., in the case of Sarah Grehan v. Bridget Moloney, an appeal from a decision of Circuit Judge Power, which had been before the Appeal Commissioners' Court for three days.

Originally proceedings were instituted in the High Court, but the case was remitted, both parties consenting, to the Circuit Court. The plaintiff in the case was Miss Sarah Grehan, a woman of about 70 years of age, who resides at Kilmaine, near Ballinrobe, County Mayo, where she had carried on business as a licensed publican for the past forty years. She had living with her her sister, Mrs. Hughes, and a niece, Miss Isabella Egan. The defendant had also another neice, Mrs. Moloney, the defendant in the present action, who resided at Tourmakeady, County Mayo, with her husband, who was a rate collector. On May 18th, 1924, the plaintiff visited Mrs. Moloney for the day, but, owing to the lateness of the hour at which she would have to return home, spent the night at Mrs. Moloney's house, and, in fact, remained on there until the following September.

On May 19th, 1924, Miss Grehan executed a deed in favour of the defendant, Mrs. Moloney, making over to her the licensed premises at Kilmaine. This deed, and a further deed made on August 13th, 1924, also in favour of the defendant, were now impugned by the plaintiff, who sought to set them aside on the grounds of undue influence and *non est factum*, that she did not know of and approve the contents of the deeds. From the evidence it appeared that, while she was staying with Mrs. Moloney, her sister, Mrs. Hughes, and niece, Miss Egan, came to Tourmakeady, and tried by persuasion and by force to bring her back to Kilmaine, but failed to do so. In September, 1924, Miss Grehan, accompanied by her niece, Mrs. Moloney, returned to Kilmaine for the purpose of getting possession of the licensed premises there, which she had conveyed by the deed of August 13th, subject to her own life estate, to the defendant for the sum of £500. Mrs. Hughes and Miss Egan refused to give up possession, but the plaintiff remained in Kilmaine, the defendant, Miss Moloney, being put out of the house by Mrs. Hughes and Miss Egan.

In October, 1924, the plaintiff issued a writ to have both deeds set aside. The action was remitted from the High Court, and was tried at Castlebar on April 30th, 1926, when Circuit Judge Power set aside both deeds. The reading of the notes of evidence, which were very copious, occupied over a day in the present appeal.

On the conclusion of the case yesterday, Mr. P. Lynch, K.C., giving the judgment of the Court, said that he could not agree with the decision of the learned Circuit Judge, that, in the case of either deed, Miss Grehan was acting under the undue influence of Mrs. Moloney or her husband; also he saw no grounds for believing that this lady did not know what she was doing on either 19th of May or 13th of August, 1924, the dates on which she executed the deeds in question.

Mr. Commissioner Fitzgerald, K.C., concurred, and the Court accordingly ordered that the decision of the Circuit Judge be reversed, with costs, both of the appeal and of the Circuit Court.

Mr. Price, K.C., for the plaintiff and respondent in the action, then made an application for a certificate for leave to appeal to the Supreme Court.

Mr. Lynch, K.C., in refusing the application, said that he was satisfied that there was no question of sufficient importance, whether of fact or of law, to justify an appeal to the Supreme Court.

Mr. Fitzgerald, K.C., in concurring, said that he would be very slow, in cases which had been remitted from the High Court originally, to allow an appeal to the Supreme Court, and thus give the parties the benefit of a third hearing, which they would not have had if the case had been proceeded with in the High Court at first.

Counsel for the plaintiff, Mr. F. W. Price, K.C., and Mr. K. O'H Haugh (instructed by Messrs. Conway and Quinn, solicitors, Tuam). For the defendants and appellants, Mr. R. G. Leonard, K.C.; Mr. W. H. Carson, K.C., and Mr. E. C. Micks (instructed by Messrs. Garvey and Smith, solicitors, Castlebar.)

Professor Winifred Cullis, Professor of Physiology at the University of London, and lecturer of the London School of Medicine for Women, speaking at Roedean, Brighton, urged the suitability of medicine as a career for women.

THE ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

GOOD VIEW TO BE HAD IN DUBLIN.

The Engineering and Scientific Association of Ireland, having inquired from Dr. Ellison, astronomer, Armagh Observatory, as to the possibility of having a good view of the total eclipse of the sun from some point in Ireland, received from him the following information:—

"Although the eclipse will not be total anywhere in Ireland, there will be a large partial eclipse visible not only in Ireland, but all over Europe, the greater part of Asia, North Africa and the Arctic Ocean. In Dublin it will be 96 per cent.

"If the members who have motors want to see it better they have only to get to Wexford on the 28th, put up there for the night, and in the morning early get as near as their cars will take them to Carnsore Point; they should be there not later than 6 a.m. (summer time). The way is *via* Killinick and Lady's Island, and the distance from Wexford about 11 miles.

"The middle of the eclipse at Carnsore is at 6.20 a.m., and they will be able to see the moon's shadow pass up Channel. The eclipse will not be technically total at Carnsore, but will be as near so as not to matter; even the corona may be visible for a moment.

"Rosslare Harbour will be nearly as good, or anywhere on the coast from there to Carnsore. If anyone can get on a yacht and put out to sea a few miles off the Tuskar Light a total eclipse will reward his efforts. The zone of totality very nearly touches the Wexford coast at Carnsore."

A BUILDER AND HIS FAILURE.

SOME BRICKLAYING FACTS.

A builder, who was examined before the Registrar in Bankruptcy at Bury St. Edmunds yesterday, asserted that one of the causes of his failure was the slackness of his employés, whom he would not describe as workmen.

The Registrar—I see you say you could lay more bricks in an hour than two of your men would lay in two days. Do you seriously say that?

Debtor—I have had two men from Bury St. Edmunds who have not averaged two hundred bricks a day, whereas I have laid that number before breakfast.

The Registrar—How many bricks should a bricklayer lay a day?

Debtor—The union rate is five hundred.

The Registrar—And he can easily lay a thousand if he likes?

Debtor—Yes, a thousand, and then go home to dinner.

SOUTH AFRICA'S FLAG.

BILL PASSED BY BIG MAJORITY.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

CAPE TOWN, Thursday.

The Flag Bill was read a third time in the House of Assembly this afternoon by 69 votes to 45. The Opposition entered a final protest against the Bill, but did not attempt any obstruction.

Replying on the debate, Dr. Malan spoke in a conciliatory manner, declaring that the Government did not intend to fly the national flag provocatively. Its use would be introduced gradually and at such times and places as would not offend local susceptibilities. The Government desired the flag to be the flag of peace, and not of internal dissension.

This assurance was rather too vague and too belated to have much effect on the Opposition.

The Bill now goes to the Senate, which is expected to reject it. It is rumoured in the lobbies that, in that case, the Government will not call a special session to re-submit the Bill to the Senate and to hold a joint meeting of both Houses, but will call the next ordinary session for November of this year, instead of January of next year, as would be done in the ordinary course.

This method, it is held, would avoid the constitutional question as to whether, under the South Africa Act, a joint sitting can be called at a special session, or only at the next ordinary session.

GIBRALTAR DEATH SENTENCE.

BELFAST PETITION FOR A REPRIEVE.

A petition is being extensively signed in Belfast for the reprieve of Lieutenant A. C. Duffield, 2nd East Surrey Regiment, who was sentenced to death, with a strong recommendation to mercy, for the shooting of the colonel of his regiment at Gibraltar. Lieutenant Duffield is a son of a Belfast officer, lately deceased, who had a splendid record of military service, and subsequently was engaged in Church and philanthropic work in Belfast. Lieutenant Duffield received his education in a leading Belfast secondary school.

Belfast people have decided to join the movement for a reprieve of the unfortunate young officer, which has been started at Gibraltar. A further appeal for the exercise of clemency has been extensively signed in Leeds, where a brother of the accused man is a popular vicar. The Lord Mayor of Belfast and many influential citizens have already signed the petition.

HORSE JUMPING AT OLYMPIA.

FREE STATE COMPETITORS FARE BADLY.

The jumping competition for the Prince of Wales' Cup, at the International Horse Show at Olympia, London, yesterday, was won by England, the holders. France was second, Italy third, Poland fourth, Belgium fifth, Sweden sixth and the Irish Free State seventh.

SALMON FISHING AT YOUGHAL.

EARLY CLOSE OF SEASON.

The salmon fishing season, which opened on February 1st and ends on July 31st, has virtually closed as far as the fishermen of Youghal and the surrounding districts are concerned. Out of the numerous boats engaged from Knockadoon, County Cork, along the coast to Ardmore, Co. Waterford, and from Youghal Harbour up the River Blackwater to Clashmore, only a dozen or so continue at the work. The remaining boats have been hauled up or anchored in the docks.

The season opened splendidly, and continued unusually remunerative for a few months, although prices fell. Indeed, it formed a "record" season for many years past. During the latter part of May the fishing collapsed.

In the ordinary course of events the peal or grilse season should now be in full swing, but the young fish are as scarce as the mature specimens. Only very few owners of boats go to the expense of procuring nets of small mesh suitable for the capture of the peal.

THE FORBIDDEN LOBBY.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 3.)

on the horticultural efforts that so symmetrically enclose it.

The visitors hurried across the gravel path to portals already opening to admit them still closer to the legislative heart of Saorstat Eireann. Colonel Brennan was unremitting in his attentions, and almost immediately he had them ushered out of the vulgar public eye into a pleasantly furnished and airy committee room, conveniently close to the outer entrance doors, so that the more courageous could sally forth at will and inspect the agreeable geranium plots lately laid about the base of the Victoria Monument.

For those who cared to remain in the committee room, Leinster Lawn, with its memorial to the two Irish leaders, President Griffith and General Collins, opened an even more pleasing prospect to the eye.

Business is business, however, and Mr. de Valera and his colleagues looked for their escort, but Colonel Brennan had, with unexpected discourtesy, disappeared.

A LITTLE FORMALITY.

The forty-four visitors became fidgety, but their fretfulness at the delay in being presented to the remainder of the House party was assuaged by the quiet entrance of Mr. Colm Murphy, the Clerk of the Dail, at whose invitation they had come.

His friends and he, explained Mr. Sean T. O'Kelly, were anxious to proceed at once to the Chamber in which the other deputies were foregathering.

Mr. Murphy was quite agreeable. There was merely a little formality to be complied with. Mr. O'Kelly looked at him interrogatively. "The oath," said Mr. Murphy. "The oath?" said Mr. O'Kelly. "Yes," said Mr. Murphy; "you must take the oath first."

Mr. O'Kelly said "Oh" and someone else said "Read it," and Mr. Murphy obliged. Mr. O'Kelly then had his worst fears confirmed, and declined to have anything to do with it, and so did Mr. de Valera, and so did Mr. Ruttledge, and so did the Countess Markievicz, and so did every other one of the forty-four visitors; and because Mr. Murphy is a busy man and because his presence was wanted in the Dail he left them.

The visitors, with the exception of Mr. de Valera, who had still his morning papers to read, then filed out of the room and into the passage leading to the members' lobby. They looked towards the members' lobby and thought that they would like to see it at closer range. Their old friend and original escort, Colonel Brennan, appeared out of nowhere. To him they communicated their desire. Colonel Brennan was aghast. They could not go, because they had no authority.

A LITTLE GREEN BOOK.

Where was this authority? they inquired, and were told of a little green book called Standing Orders. The Colonel, incredibly fairy-talish as it might sound, added that, if they tried to ignore it, he would stop them.

Mr. O'Kelly elected to test the veracity of the statement, and lo! there was the Colonel's bulk interposed between him and "down there." A second time he tried, again to realise that the Colonel spoke the truth. Then he wished to be shown the magical support that would enable the Colonel to keep 44 men at bay, and groups and groups of spectators suddenly were transformed to what in appearance were indubitably plain-clothes policemen. The forty-four then made friends with the mysterious gentlemen in the plain clothes, and became even playful with gentlemen in gorgeous blue uniforms like those worn by superintendents of the Civic Guard.

Having tired of this, they rejoined their guardian, Mr. de Valera, in the Committee room and remained there, blissfully unconscious of the presence of their friends who were waiting outside to hear the full story of their adventure in the Castle of the Wicked King.

Eventually Mr. de Valera remembered that he had another engagement and left, taking about 11 of his comrades with him.

These remainder left, but not until 5 p.m., when they had the thrill of mingling with real live people who had been "down there"—that is to say, in the Dail—and lived to tell the tale.

A SAD STORY.

But the tale that Mr. de Valera and his playmates told outside in the hum-drum world was so unlike a fairy tale that his hearers were sad; for they could make nothing of it. This was it:—

"The Fianna Fail deputies were admitted to an ante-chamber in Leinster House. They were informed by Colonel Brennan that they would have to see the Clerk of the Dail before they could be admitted to the Dail Chamber. The Clerk of the Dail came up to the ante-chamber, and the Fianna Fail deputies demanded admission to the Dail as elected representatives of the people.

"The Clerk informed them that they would not be admitted until they had subscribed to the oath of allegiance. He read the terms of the oath. The Fianna Fail deputies refused to take it, and demanded the Clerk's authority to prevent them from taking their seats. The Clerk stated that he was doing so on the authority of the Constitution and the Standing Orders.

"The Fianna Fail deputies denied that either the Constitution or Standing Orders gave him any such authority. The Clerk refused to discuss the matter, and stated that he accepted responsibility for excluding the Fianna Fail deputies, and that he had ordered that force should be used if necessary.

"The Clerk then left the room, and the Fianna Fail deputies proceeded towards the Dail Chamber. The entrance to this Chamber was blocked by a large force of police, under Superintendent O'Gorman, and officials acting under the control of Colonel Brennan.

"The Fianna Fail deputies were informed by Colonel Brennan that they would not be admitted, and that he had orders to exclude them, and that he had the necessary force available for use if necessary.

"Each deputy in turn asserted his right to be present at the meeting of the Dail, pointing out that they had been elected by the people to attend, and that the people were, or should be, the supreme authority in this country.

"Each deputy, as he presented himself, was forcibly pushed back by the guard on the door. A number of deputies of other parties witnessed this scene. Having repeated their demand for admission, and having been again refused, the Fianna Fail deputies left the building. The Fianna Fail deputies were accompanied by D. Corkery, T.D., North Cork."

RACING MOTOR CAR OVERTURNS.

FOUR PERSONS INJURED.

Four persons, three of them spectators, were injured yesterday, when a motor car that was taking part in the speed trials on the sands at Seaton Carew, West Hartlepool, overturned at a corner. The driver escaped uninjured, but his passenger, Stanley Roe, of Middlesborough, received a fractured skull. Herbert Clayton, of West Hartlepool, a spectator, had his legs injured by the car rolling over on him, and two children were taken to hospital with head injuries.

MALE AND FEMALE LEARNERS, G.P.O. Open Competition announced for July 20th (age 15-17). Oral and Correspondence Classes. SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.—(Advt.)

HEROES OF THE GREAT WAR.

DERRY MEMORIAL UNVEILED.

MAJOR-GENERAL READY'S ADDRESS.

In the presence of a distinguished and large gathering, representative of all creeds and classes, the War Memorial was unveiled in The Diamond, Londonderry, yesterday, by Major-General F. F. Ready, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., General Officer Commanding the Northern Ireland district.

The memorial, which cost £5,000, is 38ft. 6ins. high, and was designed by the young sculptor, Mr. Vernon March, of Farnborough, Kent. It was erected by the people of Londonderry to the 755 Derry men, and one Derrywoman (a V.A.D.), who were killed in the Great War, and the 4,000 men and women who volunteered for service.

A Guard of Honour was provided by the British Legion, under Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Bowen, D.S.O. The band of the First Battalion the Sherwood Foresters, and a large massed choir of 400 voices, were also present. During the unveiling ceremony one minute's silence was observed.

A MINUTE'S SILENCE.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY.

Lady Anderson, C.B.E., who occupied the chair in the regretted absence of Sir Robert N. Anderson, P.C., D.L., M.P., said that the members of the War Memorial Committee had done her the signal honour of asking her to preside that day, in the unavoidable absence, through illness, of her husband, the Chairman of the War Memorial Committee. She spoke from a very full heart when she remembered how he had looked forward to and worked for that day, and was not able to be present at that memorable ceremony in the city he so greatly loved.

During the long and strenuous years of the war the men and women of Londonderry, as in the historic past, played their part nobly and heroically, and when the call came for service they rushed to the ranks of the fighters and workers on sea and land with glowing enthusiasm and with hands and hearts ready for work and service.

In the name of the War Memorial Committee and the citizens of Londonderry, she asked the General Officer Commanding His Majesty's Forces in Northern Ireland, the distinguished soldier who had come to Londonderry to join in that Commemoration Service, to unveil and dedicate the citizens' memorial to the city's gallant sons.

MAJOR-GENERAL READY.

Major-General Ready said that he felt very deeply the great honour paid to him in asking him there that day to unveil that memorial. He should be proud to do so in any city, but how much more in Londonderry, whose history was an example to the whole Empire for its loyalty and devotion to the Crown. It was not, therefore, surprising that when the call was made in 1914 some 4,000 enrolled themselves to fight for their King and country. This beautiful memorial, on which were inscribed 756 names, was an everlasting tribute paid to their memory by their fellow-citizens.

"On an occasion such as this," Major-General Ready added, "we are stirred by two great emotions. We are moved to a great feeling of pride in that these sons of Londonderry have shown how they were prepared to sacrifice all in order to carry on this glorious heritage of devotion to the Crown, handed down to them by their fathers, and we are moved to a great feeling of sorrow, knowing full well the grief and suffering which the loss of these brave lives has caused, and indeed still causes, to their sorrowing friends and relations. But besides recording these feelings of pride and sorrow this memorial, so skilfully designed and executed and so beautifully sited, fulfils still another *rôle*. It stands for all time to remind those who come hereafter that should ever the just cause again arise, the men of this city will come forward as fearlessly as they have done in the past to add another page to the splendid history of this great city."

THE UNVEILING.

As Major-General Ready proceeded to unveil the memorial, the memorial guard of honour of four men of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers from the Depot, Omagh, reversed arms and rested on the butts of their rifles, bowing their heads.

In unveiling the memorial, Major-General Ready said: "I now have the honour to unveil this memorial, and to dedicate it to the glory of God and to the immortal memory of those whose names are inscribed thereon."

Then as the rousing of the drum roll announced the commencement of the observance of one minute's silence by the great assembly, another drum roll indicating the termination of the deeply impressive and touching moment.

Accompanied by the band, the choir and the assembly sang the hymn, "The Supreme Sacrifice," after which the buglers of the 1st Battalion of the Sherwood Foresters sounded "The Last Post." This was followed by a lament played by the band, after which once again the bugles sounded forth, this time "The Reveille."

In formally handing over the custody of the War Memorial to the Corporation, Lady Anderson said, on behalf of the War Memorial Committee, that she now handed over to the Corporation, as representing the citizens, the custody of that beautiful War Memorial for safe and reverent care and keeping.

INSPIRATION FOR THE FUTURE.

The Mayor, in accepting custody of the Memorial on behalf of the Corporation, said that, in the first place, he desired to voice what he was sure was the mind of every citizen, when he said how much they regretted the absence of Sir Robert Anderson, more particularly on account of the cause, and they trusted he might soon be restored to full health and vigour. It was his duty and privilege, as Mayor, on behalf of the Corporation and citizens, to accept and take over the future care and guardianship of the Memorial—a tribute to the dead and an inspiration for the future—and all might rest assured that the Corporation of to-day, and of future generations would jealously guard the trust committed to them.

Wreaths were then placed on the War Memorial by the Mayor, on behalf of the citizens of Derry; by Major General Ready, on behalf of the Northern Ireland District; by Councillor H. Crawford McCay, on behalf of the British Legion.

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM.

Afterwards the National Anthem was sung, and a large number of wreaths were then placed on the Memorial by the representatives of the various bodies, and also by the relatives of the fallen, some of the relatives being children wearing their father's medals.

"LIVING ON OVERDRAFTS."

POSITION OF GALWAY COUNTY COUNCIL.

At the meeting of the Finance Committee of the Galway County Council the Secretary, Mr. W. G. Fogarty, said that the Committee of the Ballinasloe Mental Hospital had made a demand on the Counties Galway and Roscommon for £6,000. The Committee asked £3,995 from Galway and £2,356 from Roscommon. At the moment the Galway County Council was living in a hand-to-mouth way on overdrafts. The County Council's estimate did not provide for this demand from the mental hospital.

The Chairman—You are looking for another overdraft like last year. Even if we were not asked for this money, we will not be able to carry on for more than a couple of months.

The Secretary—We can carry on for normal things, but we cannot possibly pay money that is not provided for in the estimate. The best thing to do is to tell the Mental Hospital Committee that we have not got the money, and put the whole thing up to the Ministry and see if there is any way by which a temporary arrangement might be made.

Mr. Lydon said that the wages of the attendants were "cut," and the case was tested and the Committee defeated.

The Secretary's suggestion was agreed to.

ROAD MADE WITHOUT AUTHORITY.

LAND COMMISSION DECREED.

A novel case was heard at the Circuit Court in Ennis, when the Irish Land Commission was sued for damages in connection with the making of a road through the lands of Patrick Chambers, of Dromeliby, who alleged that it had been made without authority. Martin Quaelly was also sued because of connection with the trespass, and an injunction was sought against the use of the road.

Mr. G. Cullinan, for the plaintiff, said that the road had been made through his holding without his authority; that he never gave consent to the making of it, and that no right existed in anyone to have it made. The Land Commission had served a notice stating that they relied on the Public Authorities (Protection) Act, but in counsel's view that was no defence in a case of this kind.

Chambers gave evidence that when the road was being made he addressed two letters to the Land Commission, but received no reply. He also telegraphed to the Commission, and eventually tried to stop the men who were making the road, under the supervision of a representative of the Land Commission, but was arrested himself.

Colonel O'Callaghan Westropp, landlord, gave evidence that he was positive there had never been a roadway where the Commission had made one.

For the defence witnesses were called to prove that there had been a "sort of road there."

Mr. John Stewart, an inspector of the Land Commission, said that the road had been repaired under a "relief grant." No one had made any objection to him during the three months in which he had made occasional inspections, and he did not concern himself with rights of way.

Mr. James Lynch, State Solicitor, for the defendants, argued that the Land Commission could not be held responsible for the damage, as they were protected by the Act already alluded to.

Mr. Cullinan replied that the Act gave no protection to the Land Commission when their entry to the lands had not been made in the discharge of a public duty.

Judge McElligott, K.C., said that he was convinced on the facts that there was no public right-of-way over this land, and it was a desperate thing for the Land Commission to enter upon it and make a road where there had been no road. The case was one of the utmost importance to the plaintiff, to whom he would give a decree for £10 10s. 0d. with £10 10s. 0d. expenses, against the Land Commission and Quaelly.

DRINK TRADE AND POLITICS.

VISCOUNT ASTOR'S ALLEGATIONS.

Viscount Astor, speaking in Manchester yesterday afternoon, strongly condemned the inside influence of the drink trade on political life and Parliament.

"The trade," he said, "is avowedly trying to induce Parliament to give up some of the restrictions which have increased national sobriety. The influence of the trade on public life is bad. A man who is prepared to owe his position in public life to its support cannot be a man of high ideals. Think how much happier our politicians would be if we did not have this undesirable intimidation from the trade. Look at the great moral and social issues brought before Parliament. In almost every case the chief opponent is the type of lawyer who is a supporter of the drink traffic.

"Brewers are not going to use their machine to put a Liberal into Parliament. Brewers regard the Liberal as their hereditary foe. If any of you are associated with the Labour Party, I warn you that the trade is trying very hard to get an influence inside the Labour Party. If you belong to the Conservative Party, do what you can to diminish the trade's influence. Make the Conservative Party realise that the new electorate, particularly the women, are never going to vote for a Brewers' Party."

BERLIN CITY LOAN.

ARRANGEMENT WITH BRITISH FINANCIERS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Thursday.

According to the newspapers, the five million pounds loan by Rothschilds and Henry Schroder and Baring Bros., of London, to the City of Berlin, was agreed to to-day by the Finance Committee of the Municipal Council.

It now requires ratification by the Ministry of Finance, which will undoubtedly be forthcoming.

The loan will be issued at 93½, redeemable within thirty years. It bears 6 per cent. interest.

JURY STOP SOUTHEND CRUELTY CASE.

HUSBAND AND WIFE FOUND NOT GUILTY.

The Southend cruelty case concluded at the Old Bailey, London, late yesterday afternoon, the jury being of opinion that the case should be stopped, as there was not sufficient corroboration. The jury then found Mr. and Mrs. Beecroft "not guilty," and they were discharged.

Mrs. Beecroft collapsed in her chair when the verdict was announced, and had to receive attention from wardresses and her daughter.

Outside the Court Mr. and Mrs. Beecroft were warmly congratulated by a large number of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Beecroft, of Leigh-on-Sea, Southend, were charged with inflicting grievous bodily harm on their servant, Lena Smith, by striking her with a poker, and neglecting to provide her with food.

Mrs. Beecroft, in cross-examination, said that she had lived in the district for twenty-two years, and there had never been a word breathed against her character. She had done all she possibly could for Smith.

Visitors to the house of the Beecrofts spoke of occasions when the girl screamed while alone in the kitchen or scullery.

Mr. Eastwood, for the defence, said that he had many more witnesses if the jury wished to hear them.

The Recorder informed the jury that they could stop the trial if they thought that the prosecution had not made out their case. To convict, they must be satisfied that the injury to the head of the girl must have been caused by a poker wielded by either, or both, the defendants, and not by a fall. On that and on other counts there was no evidence except that of the girl herself.

The jury decided to proceed with the case.

Dr. A. G. Hinks, Chairman of the Bench which committed the Beecrofts, said that it was unsafe to accept the girl's word in any way. The local Bench thought that in the interests of justice generally, and because of local feeling, it was better for the case to go for trial.

After a further consultation the jury decided to stop the case.

YACHTING.

RACE AT CULTRA.

An interesting race was sailed last night at Cultra under the auspices of the Royal North of Ireland Yacht Club, when three members of Enniskillen Yacht Club competed in the Fairy Class against three members of the North of Ireland Club. The visitors won a decisive victory, all three receiving winning guns. Mrs. Richardson, who was first, sailed an exceptionally good race and was cordially congratulated on the superb handling of Minx.

The start was at 5.25. The finishing times were:

	H. M. S.
Mrs. Richardson's Minx (winner)	7 38 31
Colonel Richardson's Canshee (2nd)	7 40 80
Major Irvine's Malmoune (3rd)	7 41 7
Mr. A. Kent's Lorelei	7 42 1
Mr. G. C. Hume's Titania	7 43 1
Mr. E. Orr's Fiend	7 44 8

An inquest was held at Waterford on Kathleen Murray, aged 16, of Doyle street, Waterford, who died in the Waterford City and County Infirmary as the result of burns.

U.S. MARKETS.

CONFUSED LATE TRADING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Thursday.

Stocks opened easy and vigorous selling took place, inspired by reports of declining business in many industries, a continuance of the excessive production of oil, an outlook for intense competition in the motor field, and rumours that the banks are scaling down sharply certain industr

THE FIFTH DAIL: MR. DE VALERA'S VISIT TO LEINSTER HOUSE.

TROUBLE AVERTED.—When Mr. de Valera and his followers arrived at the junction of Nassau street and Kildare street the crowd attempted to push through the cordon after the Fianna Fail deputies. The police drew their batons, but, with the exercise of tact and the intervention of some of the deputies, trouble was averted. The picture shows the scene immediately after Mr. de Valera and a few of his followers had passed through.

ON THE WAY TO THE DAIL.—Mr. de Valera and his followers walked from Fianna Fail headquarters in Lower Abbey street to Leinster House.

ENTERING LEINSTER HOUSE.—Colonel Brennan escorting Fianna Fail delegates through the grounds of Leinster House to the Clerk's Office. Left to right—Colonel Brennan, Messrs. F. C. Ruttledge, P. J. Little, J. Boland, E. de Valera, and Madame Markievicz.

AN INCIDENT IN KILDARE STREET.—A woman, who had managed to get past the cordon in Kildare street without permission, being escorted back to Nassau street.

AFTER THE REFUSAL.—Mr. de Valera and Mr. John T. O'Kelly leaving Leinster House by the lodge gate.

WELCOMED BACK.—An ovation from a crowd of his supporters awaited Mr. de Valera (indicated by an arrow) when he returned to the foot of Kildare street.

NATIONAL PARTY'S LEADER.—Captain Redmond entering Leinster House.

WESLEY COLLEGE SPORTS.—F. Sutton winning the 220 Yards Senior; the Misses Irwin and Gill winning the Senior Girls' "Siamese" Race, and Travers winning the 220 Yards Junior.

LONDONDERRY WAR MEMORIAL.—Lady Anderson, on behalf of her husband, the Right Hon. Sir R. N. Anderson, P.C., D.L., M.P., who is ill, handing over the custody of the memorial to the Corporation yesterday. With Lady Anderson are the Mayor of Derry, Senator James Hamilton, J.P., and Sir G. H. Miller, Town Clerk.

A CREDITABLE SHOW.

LIVE STOCK BREEDING ACT IN THE NORTH.

Favourable references to the standard of exhibits at the North-West of Ireland Agricultural Society's annual Summer Show in Londonderry on Wednesday were made by the judges and other officials, who were entertained to dinner afterwards in Stevenson's restaurant. Mr. A. J. Irwin, B.A., vice chairman of the Executive Committee, presided, in the unavoidable absence of Dr. Rankin, the chairman.

Replying to the toast of "The Judges," proposed by Mr. W. J. Osborne, J.P., Mr. J. W. Prentice, Craigrie, Clackmannan, judged of the cross-bred dairy cattle and registered dairy cattle, said that he had been given a very difficult judging task that day. He had nineteen cows in one class, and not one was a bad cow. In it were calved cows and in-calf cows, and it was hardly fair to either judge or exhibitors to have such animals in one class. The result was that there were some animals which he had to put at the bottom of the list which would have been otherwise at the top. He thought that in future they should have separate classes for calved and in-calf cows.

Coming to the young stock, he wished to say that they were working on the right lines. The two-year-olds and the year-olds were good classes. He added that he had been a buyer of Irish dairy cows for many years.

The Chairman agreed that it was very hard to judge a class of nineteen, some of which were in full milk and some only in calf, and said that he thought the Society next year would have two classes instead of one.

Mr. Scrimgeour, Doune, judge in the shorthorn and registered dairy cattle classes, said that many of the animals which he judged were of real outstanding merit, and could have borne themselves with credit in much better company.

Mr. P. O'Neill, Armagh, judge of butter and eggs, referred to the encouragement which the farming community was getting from the Ministry of Agriculture, and said that they could look forward to the future with the hope of making Ireland one of the greatest and most prosperous agricultural countries in the world.

The Chairman proposed the toast of "The Londonderry Corporation," which, he said, had always treated the Society well; and the Mayor (Senator Hamilton) and Councillor McElroy responded.

Responding to the toast of "The Ministry," proposed by Councillor McElroy, Mr. Dales, the Ministry's chief live-stock inspector, said that he had no doubt that, as a result of the Live-Stock Breeding Act, their stores cattle would be so improved that in future years the Scotsmen would say, "We do not want Canadians; we want Irish."

Congratulating the Society on the Show, Mr. Dales said that he had been surprised and pleased, as in every department they had the best exhibits of stock that he had ever seen in Londonderry.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

To-day, St. John Baptist's Day, the Archbishop of Dublin will hold an Ordination in Christ Church Cathedral at 11 a.m. The preacher will be the Rev. Canon F. W. Greer. Holy Communion, Brewer in E flat.

TOURIST TROPHY RACES.

—The 1st, 2nd and 3rd in each of the 3 T.T. Races this year used Wakefield CASTROL Motor Oil, thus repeating the CASTROL success of 1925 and 1926. Follow the experts' lead.—(Advt.)

WARSHIP TO VISIT NEWCASTLE.

In connection with the visit to Newcastle (Co. Down) of H.M.S. Hood, a largely attended meeting of the residents of the town was held in the Memorial Hall, Newcastle, on Wednesday evening last—Dr. Magill presiding—when it was decided to hold sports for the ship's company in the Donard demesne on Tuesday next and to provide the men with refreshments.

It is expected that the band belonging to the warship and a military band will be in attendance. Committees were appointed to make full arrangements.

LISTOWEL RATE DOWN.

The total rate struck for the current year by the Listowel Urban District Council is 10s. 10d., as compared with 23s. 11d. last year.

HALF CROWNS FREE

A coupon value 2/6 will be presented to each householder upon whom our representative calls and who can show him a full packet of any of the 15 varieties of

WHITE'S REIGATE JELLIES
(TABLETS)

These coupons will be exchanged by any grocer for an equivalent value of any of White's famous pure food products:—Wafer Oats, Speedicook Wafer Oats, R.S.O. Food, Jelly Crystals, Reigate Jellies, Tapioca Flakes, Table Creams, Sponge mixture, Flaked Rice, Clipper Peas, Courage Peas, or Flavouring Essences.

Get a Few Packets TO-DAY

Please Note—This scheme applies to WHITE'S REIGATE JELLIES only

WHITE, TOMKINS & COURAGE, LTD., BELFAST.

Continental Secrets
Here's one from Ostend

A lady visitor to the world-famous holiday resort stated that no other perfume, British or foreign, was the equal in its faithful reproduction of the true odour of the flower as

ZENOBIA
LILY OF THE VALLEY

This lady lives on the continent and has tried most foreign perfumes. She says that Zenobia Lily of the Valley is without equal for true fragrance—it is the queen of perfumes. If you once use Zenobia Lily of the Valley you'll also agree that it is the master of all floral Perfumes. Other popular True Flower Perfumes by Zenobia include:—Night Scented Stock, Violet, Sweet Pea, Bean Blossom, Jasmin, 3/-, 5/-, 8/6, 15/6. Trial bottles all perfumes 1/- each.

Have you entered the great ZENOBIA FAVOURITE FLOWERS COMPETITION? Prizes value £150

ALL YOU HAVE TO DO. Make a Zenobia purchase at any Chemist, Hairdresser or Store. Ask for Entrance Form and arrange these flowers in order of popularity.

ROSE NIGHT SCENTED STOCK JASMIN
FREESIA LILY OF THE VALLEY VIOLETS
LAVENDER PURPLE HEATHER NARCISSUS
CARNATION WALLFLOWER SWEET PEA

Each Entrance Form allows for two attempts—with every Zenobia purchase you thus have two chances of winning the first prize of £50. There are 175 Consolation Prizes value 8/6 to 21/- each.

If you would like to try the sweetest of all perfumes this week-end, ask for Zenobia Lily of the Valley—insist on Zenobia. If you have difficulty in obtaining send P.O. to ZENOBIA LTD., Dept. I.T. 342, Loughborough, Leics.

ATTRACTING VISITORS.

VALUE OF NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.

It was announced at the monthly meeting of the Executive Committee of the Irish Tourist Association that, as a result of the extensive advertising campaign inaugurated some weeks ago in the British and Irish Press, the Irish Tourist Association's Dublin Bureau is receiving at present an average of over 1,000 inquiries per week. This is far in excess of all previous "records," and testifies to the value of newspaper advertising as the best medium for the attraction of visitors.

Inquiries are being received in increasing numbers from prospective visitors desiring to bring their own motor cars into the Irish Free State. The complexity of forms necessary for making arrangements for entry of motor cars and the consequent delay were referred to at the meeting, and it was decided to investigate the possibility of securing a simplification of the present requirements.

The operation of the Irish Tourist Association's London Bureau at Charing Cross is resulting in considerably increased inquiries from the London district, and the outdoor activities in connection with the Bureau have resulted in a more widespread display of Irish tourist publications in the offices of tourist agents and other interested companies.

As a result of the recent visit to Paris, it is hoped to have arrangements made in the near future for the establishment of an official Bureau of the Association in that city.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN VISITORS.

A number of large parties have arrived from U.S.A. during the past week. All the important steamship companies have organised specially conducted parties, which will arrive at different periods during the season. The decision of the Government to waive the necessity for visa fees in the case of members of the American Legion coming to Europe will provide an extra inducement for the large number of participants in the Legion excursion who have family connections with Ireland to include Ireland in their itinerary.

As a result of the extensive advertising campaign of the British railway companies, in conjunction with the Great Southern Railways Company, there is every prospect of largely increased patronage from Great Britain.

The British and Irish Steam Packet Company, the City of Cork Steam Packet Company and the Burns and Laird Lines, Ltd., are also actively engaged, both through advertising and through the issue of special publications, in popularising Irish holiday resorts.

Uniformed officials have been appointed to meet visitors arriving at Dublin, Kingstown and Queenstown ports, a facility which is much appreciated.

BORDER DAIRY CATTLE.

INSPECTIONS ALONG THE BORDER.

Mr. M. C. McGarry, an inspector of the Northern Ministry of Agriculture, held an inspection under the auspices of cow-testing associations along the border. At Gardiner's Cross, near Lisbellaw, there were forty cows shown, of which thirty-six passed and four were rejected. Keen interest was taken in the competition for the Ministry's £10 prize for the four best cows entered in the Department's register of dairy cattle. The awards were:—1, Mr. Buchanan; 2, Mr. William Magee; 3, Mr. A. Poak; 4, Mr. T. Taylor.

The inspection at Magheravealy and Dernawilt Cross in connection with the Adrumsee Cow-Testing Association on Tuesday was conducted by Mr. McGarry. The chief attraction was the competition for the Ministry of Agriculture's prize for the four best cows. The winners were:—1 and 2, Mr. William Johnston; 3, Mr. William E. Johnston; 4, Mr. J. Anderson. There were forty cows inspected, of which thirty-five passed and five were rejected.

SIX 1,000-GALLON COWS.

The inspection of dairy cattle, the property of members of the Fivemiletown Cow-Testing Association, was held at Clogher, Ballagh and Fivemiletown on Wednesday evening. At the three centres there were thirty-eight animals inspected, and of the total thirty-two passed, while six were rejected. The inspection was carried out by Mr. McGarry.

At Fivemiletown the cattle were extremely good. There were six cows giving over 1,000 gallons. Mr. John Lendrum, J.P., president of the association, was present during the inspection, as also was Mr. Robert Martin, sub-[illegible].

LIMERICK CHORAL FESTIVAL.

LARGE ATTENDANCE IN ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL.

The annual choral festival for the Diocese of Limerick was held yesterday afternoon in St. Mary's Cathedral, Limerick. There was a very large congregation, and the choirs present were:—Nantenen, Listowel, Adare, Ballingarry, Kilflynn, Trinity and St. John's, Limerick; Rathkeale, Kilcornan, Askeaton and Foynes.

Mr. F. Muspratt, Cathedral organist, presided at the organ, and the Service was intoned by Precentor Atkinson, the Rev. Treasurer Abbott and Canon Adderley. The anthem was Woodward's "The sun shall be no more thy light by day." Chancellor Swain read the first and the Dean of Limerick the second lesson.

The special preacher was the Very Rev. J. A. Lendrum, Dean of Tuam, who took his text from 1st verse, 149th Psalm, "Praise ye the Lord." The preacher said that they had there that day a beautiful service, worthy of the diocese, worthy of that old Cathedral, and worthy of the God of Praise. He congratulated the choirs on their efficient rendering of the music, and asked them when they returned to their parishes not to relax their efforts, as they occupied an unique position in the Services of their Church. He asked them to give their clergy all the help that they could.

The Service closed with the Benediction, pronounced by the Bishop of Limerick.

BABY SUMMERS

"Never looked back since Virol"

THE MEAD,
WOODTHORPE,
WAKEFIELD, 8th Feb., 1927.

TO VIROL, LTD.

"GENTLEMEN,—The enclosed photo of my baby Son may be of interest to you. It was taken at six months old; from about two months after birth he has been fed on Virol mixed with ordinary Cow's milk.

The first foods that we tried him with did not suit him a little bit, but since he's had his Virol he's never looked back. At the time the photo was taken he had already cut six teeth.

Now at nearly nine months old he's as strong as a little horse."

(Sgd.) H. G. SUMMERS.

VIROL

In Jars, 1/3, 2/-, 3/9, ½ gall. 15/-

40,000,000 prescribed portions of Virol were given last year in 3,000 Hospitals and Clinics.

VIROL LTD., HANOVER SQUARE, REGENT ST., LONDON, W.1

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

TONE AND COMMENT.

DUBLIN QUIET.

COURTAULDS GOOD.

Yesterday was the last day in dealing for the settlement, 29th inst., and business for the new account, 14th prox., can be entered on to-day.

General dealing was poor in volume, and prices still tended to move irregularly owing to the proximity of the settlement, coupled by adjustment operations therewith. Government, National and other Loans scarcely moved. Irregular price movements were shown in a few Bank shares, with Royals bid up to 12. The Guinness market for the Ord. shares opened the turn lower, but improved later, and for the new account bids of 51 were not responded to. The Pref. again improved. Distillery shares generally were steady. Marconi Ord. shares were offered and gave way. Home Rails were a dull and idle market, but with some inquiry still for Great Northern stocks. Dublin United Tram Ord. further recovered, and Alliance Gas shares were rather harder again. Dunlop Rubber Ord. were busy, and closed a shade higher. Parent Trust issues were bid for. Drapery shares closed steady. Courtaulds were good, shares closing under best; and Imperial Tobaccos were well absorbed at and just under 100s. Chemical Industries varied a little, with most inquiry for Deferred shares. The reduced final dividend for E. and J. Burke Ord. was expected, and did not lead to any business. Radio Corporation of America issues were higher. British Celanese shares fell away further, and Canadian Marconi were no better than 4s. 10½d. Shell Transports were quieter.

LONDON IDLE.

BUSINESS VERY SMALL.

Although the official contango day is not until to-day, carry-over arrangements were taking place yesterday, and as a consequence business was on a quiet scale in the majority of directions. There was not a great deal of interest passing in the Gilt-edged section, but a steady to firm tone prevailed as a whole, and final values were much the same as before. Foreign Government stocks also experienced a quiet session, while Brazilians were easier at one time. Home Rails, however, displayed a slightly firmer tendency, the feature being a fresh improvement in Metropolitan Districts. Among Colonial and Foreign Rails, Mexican Rails continued dull and lower rates were recorded, while Cordoba Centrals also eased.

Among Industrials, British Celanese opened in dull fashion, and after recovering, relapsed again. The Preference shares firmed up the turn. Other Textiles were easier. Marconis were dull, but among Breweries, Ind Coopes jumped forward on the amalgamation rumours. A firmer tone ruled in Rubbers, and shares were generally firmer. Oils were firmer, despite the influence of another record output in the United States. Among Mines there was little of interest. The price of Tin rose 62 5s. per ton to £300 17s. 6d. per ton, and some improvement took place in the share market.

BIG DISTILLERY ABSORPTION.

An Edinburgh correspondent telegraphs:—The directors of the Distillers' Company, Limited, intimate that at their meeting yesterday they resolved to make an offer for the whole of the Ordinary shares of White Horse Distillers, Ltd., and have the assurance that the holders of over 90 per cent. of the shares will accept. The transaction will be on a purely cash basis, and it is the intention to carry on the business as a separate entity and under the same management as at present. White Horse Distillers, Ltd., was registered in January, 1924, with a capital of £2,300,000, of which £1,315,000 has been issued, £635,000 being in Ordinary and £500,000 in 7½ per cent. Preference shares, both of £1 each. According to the last balance sheet the profits amount to £185,002, and a dividend of 15 per cent., tax free, was paid on the Ordinary shares. The authorised capital of the Distillers' Company, Ltd., is £15,000,000, of which 10,361,526 Ordinary shares, and 2,500,000 six per cent. Preference shares, both of £10 each, have been issued. In addition there is Debenture stock for £820,000. This latest absorption will not necessitate any fresh issue of capital by the Distillers' Company, Ltd.

GENERAL MINING AND FINANCE CORPORATION.

At an extraordinary general meeting held on the 21st June resolutions were duly passed providing for the conversion of the rights of the founders shareholders into 124,000 fully paid Ordinary shares of the corporation.

MATHIESON'S "STOCK EXCHANGES TEN-YEAR RECORD."

This volume is practically without a rival in its present form. The voluminous information which it conveys in a compact form may be found, after laborious search, in various books of reference, but here, in the clearest form possible, the record of ten years is shown in a few lines. Last year we referred to the omission of the Free State Loans. This year they are inserted in their proper place, and the value of the volume to Irish stockholders is thereby considerably enhanced. The compilers attach great importance—and from their wide experience they could not fail to be right in doing so—to the fact that the dividends are set out under the years in which they are actually paid, not for the period in which they accrue. For income tax claims purposes this is found to be most convenient. Like all Mathieson's handbooks, the "Record" is clarity itself, and the arrangement of the tables and printing and binding are faultless. (P. C. Mathieson and Sons, 16 Copthall Avenue, London, E.C. 2. 20s.)

ARCHITECT TO IMPERIAL CHEMICALS.

Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., announce that Sir Frank Baines is the architect in charge of the new building being erected for Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., at Millbank, and that he will shortly take up a permanent position with the company as consultant on architectural and constructional work. Sir Frank, who is Director of Works, His Majesty's Office of Works, is to retire from the Civil Service next September. He was responsible for the improved design carrying out the restoration of the roof of Westminster Hall.

BEAM WIRELESS.

The official Post Office tests with the South African beam wireless service, which commenced last Friday, have proved very successful, and communication has been maintained practically throughout the twenty-four hours on each day of the test. The tests so far indicate a greater measure of efficiency than either the Australian or Canadian beam services. It is expected that the service will be opened for the use of the public shortly after the conclusion of the present tests. The rates fixed are two-thirds of the existing cable rates, and the new service will thus confer a substantial benefit on the commercial community and other users of the system.

CONDITIONS IN RHODESIA.

The Monthly Review of the Standard Bank of South Africa contains the following:—"Business in Southern Rhodesia continues on sound lines, while the trade of the country is showing steady expansion. Cattle prices remain firm, but in some districts the rainfall has been below normal, and some anxiety is felt regarding the sufficiency of winter feeding and water. The recorded value of the mineral output of Southern Rhodesia during the first quarter of 1927 amounted to £1,114,350, compared with £936,954 during the corresponding period of 1926. The production of gold increased from £599,456 to £615,799, coal from £88,612 to £102,285, chrome from £70,222 to £164,441, and asbestos from £173,200 to £189,056. During the financial year which closed on the 31st March the national revenue of Southern Rhodesia continued to show very satisfactory expansion. The total yield for the year amounted to £2,005,000, compared with the original estimate of £1,789,000, showing an excess over the estimate of £216,000, or 12 per cent. Increases were recorded under practically all heads of revenue. A number of tax reductions have been announced for the present year, including a return to penny postage on letters, a reduction in telegraph and telephone rates, the exemption of life assurance business from taxation, and a 50 per cent. preference for British motor cars. For the year 1927-28 revenue is estimated at £2,300,000 and expenditure at £2,381,049, leaving an estimated deficit of £81,048, which will be met from accumulated surpluses."

LONDON CHANGES.

There was not much business passing in the gilt-edged section. War Loan Fives advanced ¼ to 100¾.

Among Colonial Government Stocks, Queensland 4 per cent., 1940-50, at 82 were marked a point better.

Little of interest transpired among Foreign Government Stocks.

RAILS FIRMER.

A firmer tone ruled among Home Rails, but as a whole little material alteration was shown. Great Westerns advanced ½ to 69, while Midland Ord. gained a similar amount to 72. Among Underground issues, principal interest centred around Metropolitan Districts, and a further advance was scored, the final level of 65 being another ½ to the good. Southern Pref.-Ord., on the other hand, eased to 75¾, or ¼ lower.

A somewhat uncertain tone ruled in Colonial and Foreign Rails, but final values were mostly the same as on Wednesday. Canadian Pacifics stiffened to 185, or a point better; but Cordoba Central Ord. lost the same amount to 35. Mexican Rails were another dull spot, the Ord. dropping ½ to 5, while the 8 per cent. Pref. at 15 were a full point down. Grand Trunks were quietly steady, as were Buenos Ayres issues and Leos and Entre Rios.

RUBBERS BETTER.

Although there was no noticeable expansion in the volume of business passing in the Rubber share market, and despite the slackness of interest, a firm tone prevailed, and share values hardened appreciably in several instances. A firmer tone ruled in the commodity market, while a better demand existed. Spot and July sold 1s. 5¾d. to 1s. 6d. per lb., while July to September, after opening at 1s. 6d., jumped to 1s. 6¾d., then reacted to 1s. 6½d. at the close. In the share market Glenbervie spurted to 50s., or 1s. 3d. firmer, while Grand Central at 39s. 9d. were 1s. better. Malacca at 61s. 3d. c.d. were 1s. 10½d. firmer. Tali Ayar and United Sua Betong were 1s. 10½d. and 1s. 3d. firmer respectively. There were a number of other smaller improvements, while the only losses worthy of mention were those of 9d. in Jugra Land to 25s. 6d. and 7½d. in Mooply Valley to 33s. 1½d. c.d.

OIL SHARES FAIRLY BRISK.

Despite the news received overnight of a new high record in production in the United States, Oil shares were not a bad market yesterday. It is true that attention was directed mainly to a few specialities, among which Shells, British Controlled, United British of Trinidad and Lobitos were prominent. General business was to some extent restricted owing to the fact that the preliminaries in connection with the carry-over were in progress. Among the leaders Shells continued to display firmness, a steady business being in progress in the shares throughout the day, and in response to a demand the price improved ½ to 4¾, while the Bearer shares finished at 4¾, and the 7 p.c. Prefs. were maintained at 26s. 3d. Slackening of demand resulted in a loss of ¼ in Royal Dutch, which left off at 30¾. Anglo-Americans weakened ½ to 4¾. Anglo-Persians lost ¼ at 4¾; the 8 p.c. Prefs. remained to 25s. 7½d. and the 9 p.c. Prefs. to 27s. 9d. Burmahs declined ½ to 5¾ and the Prefs. lost 3d. at 26s. 7½d. Mexican Eagle Ord. and 8 p.c. Prefs. were quiet, leaving off unchanged, but a quiet demand existed for the 7 p.c. 1st Prefs., which hardened to 17s. 3d. British Controlled Pref. were bid up from 13s. 6d. to 14s. 7½d. Options were called to a considerable extent, but after quite some time the price of the shares fell away, finishing in the "street" at 13s. 10½d., at which a gain of 4½d. was recorded. The Common were comparatively quiet, and, after touching 6s. 4½d., closed at 6s. 1½d., showing a small loss. V.O.C. Holdings, which hardened, receded later to the overnight level of 3¾, the Prefs. also being unchanged at 3¼. An active feature was provided among Trinidad issues by United British of Oilfields of Trinidad, for which a keen demand existed throughout the day, the shares closing strong at 12s. 10½d., showing an improvement of 1s. 1½d.

SMALL BUSINESS IN INDUSTRIALS.

Business generally in the Industrial market yesterday was on a small scale, but a feature was provided in the late dealings, when Columbia Graphophones established a new record, with the price at nearly 23s. 6d. In other directions Artistic group generally had a heavy appearance, but British Celanese rallied after a weak opening, and finished firm in the "street" market. The Ord. closed with a net gain of 1s. at 25s., after dipping to 22s., with the Pref. finally 1s. 6d. higher at 21s. 9d., after being 20s. American Celanese Common fell back 1½ to 57½ and the Pref. 1 to 30, with Canadian Celanese marked down ¼ to 13¼. Courtaulds opened firm at 6l., but gradually slipped back to 6l., at which they closed with a net loss of ¼. Nuera Ord. declined 1s. 3d. to 26s. 3d. and Snia Viscosa 6d. to 42s. Other Textiles dropped, except Paton and Baldwins, which held firm at 30s. Bleachers at 60s. 6d. and Sewing Cottons at 47s. 6d. each lost 9d.

A dull tendency was again displayed by the Coal, Steel and Engineering group, though variations on balance did not amount to much. Cory Ord. at 58s. and Stewarts Deferred at 22s. 3d. shed a few pence, while Pease and Partners hardened slightly to 6s. 3d. Electrical Equipments moved within narrow limits, and the leading shares closed unchanged. A firmer front was displayed by the Traction group, where Brazilian Common improved 2 to 168, with the Pref. marked up 6 to 138. Barcelona Common at 20 and Shawinigan Power at 98¾ were both a point higher. Some irregularity was manifested in Breweries, where little change was shown on balance. Ind Coopes continued active on amalgamation rumours, and closed ½ higher at 3¼. Tobaccos failed to find supporters, with Godfrey Phillips a heavy market, closing ½ lower at 2¼. Copes shed ½ at 2¾, and "Impa" lost the turn at 99s. 4½d. "Bats" and Carreras finished unchanged. Stores, Caterers and Foodstuffs were easier for choice, but J. Lyons Ord. received support and closed ¼ higher at 4½. Land shares were undecided. Buyers came forward for some of the Cement shares, with Associated Portland Cement 1s. at 105s. 6d. and Ottoman Canal Ord. at 9s. 6d. each 9d. to the good. Shipping shares proved uninteresting, and there was little to report in the Insurance section.

In the Miscellaneous department the outstanding feature, as already indicated, was Columbia Graphophones, which closed 5s. 6d. up at 99s. A fair business was done in Imperial Chemical Deferred, which further improved 6s. 4½d. Swedish Match "B" lost the turn at 15½. Dunlops hardened slightly to 33s. 9d.

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON.—Alliance (x.d.), 1475; 5s., £15 15/-; ditto New (x.d.), 17½; 1s. Allin, 20½; 1s.; £20 9/-; Commercial Union, 25½, 45½, ¾; ditto New, 24¾, ¾, 1½, £25 13/-; Eagle Star, 28¾, ¾; General Accident, 71½; London and Lancashire, 11; 1s.; North British, 25¾; Prudential "A" (x.d.), 22 ½, 1½; Royal Insurance (x.d.), 33½; Scottish Union, 11½; 1s.; Sun Life (x.d.), 25½, ¾; Victory, 4-4½; World Auxiliary, 1⅞, 1½; Yorkshire, 10½, 11½.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL.—Alliance (x.d.), 16¾; Allin, 20½; Commercial Union, 25½; Employers' Liability, 72/6; London and Lancashire, 22½; North British, 26, 5½; Royal Insurance (x.d.), 33½; 13.3; Scottish Union, 252/-; Yorkshire, 10½.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Austin issues again the chief feature. "A" Preference, 25/6; "B" Preference, 23/-. Leylands lower, 14/3. Austins, 23/-; ditto Preferred, 14/-; Bluemels, 45/3; Components, 3/-; S.T.D., 6/9; Enfields, 28/7½; Guys, 14/3; Hummers, 39/3; Lucas, 24/6; Dennis, 7/-; Nunery, 42/3; Rolls, 35/6; Rovers, 5/3; Singers, 2/-; Standards, 9/-; Triumphs, 25/-; Dunlops, 33/7½; Parent Deferred, 31/6.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles in moderate request. Cotton recovered. Bleachers, 40/-41/-; Calicos, 3s/3-26/6; Dyers, 49/-50/-; Cottons, 48/-48/6; Spinners, 45/-46/-; Rubber, 7/6/3; Coals, 35/-35/6; Ship Canal, 15/6-15/9; Velvets, 18/6-19/-; Courtaulds, 135/-136/3; Dunlops, 33/6-33/9; Amalgamated Cottons, 4/6-5/-; Hoyles, 23/6-23/9; Nuera Silk, 26/3; ditto Deferred, 19/9.

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Barometer (at 5 p.m.).—29.85.

Foreign Arrivals.—Ss. Cresco, of Oslo, 733 tons register, Captain Nilsen (from London with general cargo; discharging at Sir Frank Shed, Alexandra Extension, for Fair Head, of Belfast, 698 tons register, Captain Cole, from Hamburg, with general cargo; discharging at Transit Sheds, Inverness Basin, and proceeded to Irvine with part cargo. Ss. Melmore Head, of Belfast, 3,339 tons register, Captain Milner, from Montreal, via Belfast, with general cargo; discharging at Transit Sheds, Alexandra Basin.

Coastwise Arrivals.—Ss. Lady Longford, from Liverpool, with passengers and goods; ss. Lady Wimborne, from London, with passengers and goods; ss. Yarrow, from Silloth, with passengers and goods; ss. Puma, from Glasgow, with passengers and goods; ss. Slieve Donard and ss. Slieve Gallion, from Holyhead, with goods; ss. Lady Limerick, from London, with goods; ss. Citizen, from Heysham, with goods; ss. Cato, from Bristol, with goods; ss. Tartary, from Southampton, with creosote oil; ss. The Sultan, from London, via Waterford, with asphalt; ss. Kingsford, from Ayr, with coal; ss. Ss. Sard and ss. Ita, from Ayr, with coal; ss. Prase, from Irvine, with coal.

LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

BRITISH FUNDS, ETC.

—	Closing.	Rise or fall.
Consols	53½ 54½	
Do. 4% "A"	83½ 84½	
Do. 2½%	53½ 54½	
Do. Part paid	94 ...	
War Loan, 5½%	99⅞ 100¼	
Do. 4½%	93⅞ 94⅞	
Do. 4%	100⅛ 100⅞	+ ⅛
Do. 3½ (Tax Free)	100¼ 100¾	
Funding Loan	100⅝ 101⅛	
Victory Bonds	103¾ 104¼	
3½% Conversion Loan	77⅞ 78⅛	
4½% Conversion Loan	100½ 101¼	
5½ Treasury Bonds	101 101¼	
Irish Land 2½%	53 58	
India 3½%	53½ 54½	
Do. 4%	69½ 70½	
Do. 5%	100½ 101½	
Do. 5%	100⅝ 101⅝	
Do. 5%	100⅝ 101⅝	
Local Loans	63¾ 64¾	
Sudan 5½%	107 108	

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Australian Com. 5%	99 101	
Do. do. 6%	102 104	
British Col. 4½, 1941	95 97	
Canada 4%, 1940-60	97 98	
Cape 3½ Cons.	79 81¾	
Ceylon 6%	102 103	
Canadian Pacifics stiffened to 185, or a point better; but Cordoba Central Ord. lost the same amount to 35. Mexican Rails were another dull spot, the Ord. dropping ½ to 5, while the 8 per cent. Pref. at 15 were a full point down. Grand Trunks were quietly steady, as were Buenos Ayres issues and Leos and Entre Rios.		
New Zealand 4½, '29	97½ 98½	
Nigeria 6%	112 114	
Queensland 4%, '40-50	81 83	+1
Do. 5%	102 103	
South Africa 4% Cons	84 85	
Do. 6%	102 104	
South Australian 4%, '40-60	79 81¾	
Do. do. 5½%	103 105	
Victoria 4%, '40-60	81 83	
Do. 5½%, 1923-4	100 102	
Western Australia 5%, '34-59	96 98	
Do. do. 6%, 1930-60	99 101*	

BANKS.

Anglo-South American	6¼ 6⅝	
Bank of Australasia	14½ 15½	
Bank of England	242 248	
Bank of Montreal	60 62	+ ½
Bank of New South Wales	42⅛ 44⅛	
Do. New Zealand	27s 3	
Barclay's "A" Shares	73⅛ 73⅜	
British Overseas	5 5⅛	
Canadian of Commerce	49 51	
Chartered of India	19½ 20	
Hong Kong and Shanghai	134 137	
Lloyds	62½ 63½	
Midland	84 9	
National Discount	5 5⅛	
National Provincial (4 pd.)	23⅛ 23⅝	+⅛
Royal of Canada	59 60	
Standard of South Africa	14¼ 14½	
Union of Australia	19¼ 19⅝	
Westminster Bank	19½ 19¾	

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5 p.c., 1886	101 103	
Do. 4 p.c. Resistencia	84 86	
Do. 5 p.c., 1909	99 101	
Belgium 7 p.c. Loan	103 107	
Brazil 4 p.c., 1889	57 59	
Do. Funding, 1908	61 63	
Do. Do. 5 p.c., 1914	70 72	
Chinese 5 p.c., 1896	70½ 71½	
Do. 4½ p.c., 1898	59 61	
Do. 5 p.c., 1912	70 72	
Czecho-Slovakia Bonds	107 109	
Egyptian Unified	83½ 84½	
French Loans	102½ 103	
Do. 4 p.c.	73½ 74	
German 7 p.c.	103½ 104½	
Italian Rentes	17 19	
Japan 4 p.c., 1905	91 93	
Do. 6 p.c., 1924	94½ 95	
Mexican 5 p.c., '99	15 16	
Do 5 p.c. 10-Y. Treas	45 55	
Peruvian Corporation	90 95	
Do. Pref.	69 70	
Do. Deb.	101 103	
Portuguese 3 p.c.	29½ 30½	
Spanish 4 p.c.	75 79	
Turkish Unified	24¾ 25¾	
Uruguay 3½ p.c. 1933	67 ...	

BRITISH RAILS.

Great Western	87½ 88½	+ ½
Do. Cons. Pref.	71 72	
Ldn. Mid. & Scot. Ord	71½ 72½	+ ¼
Do. 4 p.c. Pref.	70 72	
Do. 5 p.c. Red. Pref.	87 89	
Do. 4 p.c. Deb.	68 70	
Ldn. North-East. 5 p.c. Pref.	90 ...	
Do. Ord.	49½ 50½	
Do. 4 p.c. 1st Pref.	58¼ 59¼	
Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref.	63 65	
Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	80 82	
Do. Distrits	64½ 65½	+ ½
Southern Pref. Ord.	74½ 75½	- ¼
Do. Def. Ord.	20 40	
Underground Elec. (£1)	18½ 19	
Do. 7% Income Bonds	101 103	
Do. 6 p.c. Debs.	101 103	

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

Antofagasta	78 80*	
Argentine G.W. Ord.	86½ 88½	
Bahia Blanca & Gt. Sthn.	9 10	
Brazil Railway Common	14 14¼	
Buenos Ayres Gt. Sthn.	107 109	
Buenos Ayres and Pacific	97 99	
Buenos Ayres and W.	90 92	
Canadian Pacific	184 185	+1
Central Argentine	141½ 142½	
Central Uruguay	77½ 78½	
Cordoba Central	34 35	-1
Do. 1st Pref.	53 55	
Do. 2nd Pref.	53 55*	
Entre Rios	69½ 71	
Do. 6 p.c. Cum. Pref	69½ 71	
Grand Trunk Pac. Def.	7 8	
Grand Trunk 4 p.c. Guar	79 ...	
Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb.	78 80	
Leopoldina	23½ 24½	
Mexican Rails	5 5½	-½
Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	14 15	
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	7 8	
San Paulo Ord	101 103	
United Havana	74 76	

AMERICAN RAILS.

Atchison	183 187	+1
Baltimore	78 80	
Chesapeake	183 187*	-1
Chicago, Milwaukee	17 19	
Erie	43 45	
Do. 1st Pref.	53 55	
New York, Ontario	27 29	-1
Southern Common	120 122	
Do. Pref.	97 99	
Southern Pacific	116 118	
Union Pacific	177 178	-1

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

Allsopp & Sharps	70 ...	
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	98 99*	
Bass, Ratcliff Ord.	171 174	
Do. 4 p.c. London Ord.	94 96	
Distillers Ord.	183½ 184½	
Guinness Ord.	495 515	
Ind Coope Ord.	3¼ 3½	
Peter Walker & Sons	18/9 21/3*	
South African Breweries	2¾ 2⅞	
Walker (John) Pref.	22/6 23/6	
Watney, Combe Def.	27/6 27/6	

ELECTRIC SUPPLY.

Bournemouth and Poole	2nds 3½	
Charing Cross	25/6 26/6	
Chelsea Ord.	25/6 26/6	
City of London	25/6 27/6	
County of London	27/3 28/3	
Lancashire	25/6 27/6	
Metro. Electric	25/6 27/6	
Metropolitan	25/6 27/6	
Newcastle	11/- 14/-	
South London	24/6 25/6	
Westminster	25/6 26/6	
Whitehall Electric Pref.	20/- 20/7½	

FOODSTUFFS AND STORES.

Aerated Bread	28/6 29/6	
Bovril Def.	1½ 2	-1/32
Crosse and Blackwell	3/6 4/6	
Lipton	11/6 12/6	
Lovell and Christmas	2¼ 2½	
Maypole Def.	1½ 1¾	
Salt Union	24½ 25½	
Sun Pulp Trans Deb.	100 102*	
Swan (J.)	25/- 26/-	
Mackintosh (J.) Pref.	23/6 24/3	
Reynolds Def.	1½ 1¾	
Spratt's Patent	2/6 2/9	
Union Cold Storage Pref	14/9 15/6	
Wall (H.) Bergin	17/6 17/6	
Do. Pref.	4/6 5/-	

IRON AND STEEL.

Armstrong (W. G.)	3/6 3/9	
Cammell Laird	10/6 11/6	
Dorman Long	10/- 11/9	
Dorman Long	7/6 8/3	
John Brown	2/- 2/6	
Pease and Partners	6/- 6/6	
South Durham Steel	2½ 2¾	
Stewarts	22/6 23/6	
Stewart Steel	4/- 4/6	
Vickers Ord	2/10½ 2/11½	

LAND AND INVESTMENT.

Abakir Land	2½ 3½	
Argentine Land Invest.	1½ 2½	
Assam Dooars Land	7/- 8/-	
B.N.B. Land	9/6 10/6	
Forestal Land	20/6 22/6*	+3/6
Gledhow Land	3/- 4/-	
Jugra Syndicate	4/3 4/9	
Rio Negro Lands	1½ 1¾	
Sindan Plantations	2½ 2¾	-1/32

NEWSPAPERS.

Allied Newspapers Def.	4½ 5	
Allied News Ord.	27/6 28/6	
Daily Mail Ord.	87/6 88/6	+6/6
Daily Mail Trust	42/6 43/6	
Daily Mirror Ord.	6/9 7/6	
Illustrated Newspapers	2/6 3/6	
Sunday Pictorial Ord.	33/- 34/-	

NITRATES.

Allanza	4 5	
Lagunas Nitrate	14/6 15/6	
Lautaro Nitrate	2/- 2/6	
Liverpool Nitrate	14/6 15/6	
New Tamarugal	15/6 16/6	
Rosario Nitrate	19/6 20/6	
Taracapa Nitrate	2/6 3/6	
Taramugu Nitrate	7/6 8/6	+6/6

OILS.

Anglo-American	5¼ 5⅜	
Anglo-Canadian	1½ 1⅝	
Anglo-Egyptian "B"	1½ 1⅝	
Anglo-Persian	4¾ 4¾	
Do. 8 p.c. 1st Pref.	25/6 26/3	-6/32
Do. 9 p.c. 2nd Pref.	27/6 28/6	-6/32
Do. Def.	90/- 97½	
Area Trinidad (5/- shares)	2½ 2¾	
Atlocel	1½ 1⅝	
British Borneo Pet. (10/-)	17/9 18/3	
British Burmah Pet.	5¾ 5⅞	
British Controlled	6/6 6/3	-6/32
Do. Pref.	13/6 14/9	+6/32
Caltex	2½ 2⅝	
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	5/6 6/6	
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	17/6 18/6	+6/32
North Caucasian (10/-)	2/6 2/9	
Omnium	6/7½ 7/4½	
Oriconhe (4 - sh. ?.)	2/- 2/3	
Phoenix	21/- 23/-	
Rhondda	2/- 2/6	
Royal Dutch	30¾ 30⅞	-¼
Shell Transport	4¾ 4⅞	-¼
Do. 5 p.c. Pref. (£10)	9½ 9¾	
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	10/6 11/6	
Spies (2/-)	1/9 1/3	
Steaua Romana	12/9 13/3	
Tankers Pref.	9½ 9¾	-1/32
Trinidad Central	7/6 8/3	
Trinidad Leaseholds	2½ 2¾	
United Brit. Trinidad	12/3 12/10	+1/4
Ural Caspian	2/6 2/9	
V.O.C. Holdings	3¼ 3¾	
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	3¼ 3¾	

RUBBERS.

M.U.—June 15.

Amal. Rubber Est.	1/6 1/7½	
Anglo-Dutch	47/9 48/6	+6/6
Anglo-Java	2/6 2/9	+6/7½
Anglo-Malay	29/4½ 29/7½	+6/7½
Bertam Cons.	7/7½ 8/1½	+6/7½
Bukit Mertajam	1/- 1/3	
Bukit Sembawang	2/10½ 3/-	
Buntar	28/3 ...	
Damansara	23/9 ...	
Dusun Central	2/- 2/3	
Highlands	22/6 ...	
Java Para	43/6 ...	
Negra Land	22/9 ...	-6/3
Kamuning	4/4½ 5/-	+6/3
Kapar Para	55/7½ ...	
Kedah	2/- 2/3	
Khasa Tampoi	76/3 ...	+1/3
Kuala Muda	48/10½ ...	+6/7½
Kulim	41/3 ...	
Lipis	4/11½ ...	
Linggi	47/6 ...	+1/3
Malacca Astatin	61/3 ...	+1/10½
Malaysian	40/6 ...	+1/6
Martimas	4/3 ...	+6/7½
Rubber Trader	33/10½ ...	
Rubber Estate of Krian	2/4½ ...	
Rubber Trust	39/4½ ...	+6/9
Sabah Para	27/6 ...	
Sandycan	40/6 ...	
Selama	23/7½ ...	
Selangor Rubber	1/7½ ...	
Sumatra Para	5/6 ...	+1/16½
Tali Ayer	21/3 ...	
Tanah Merah	2/- 2/3	
Tandjong Malim	2/3 ...	
United Serdang	4/9 ...	+6/7½
United Sua Betong	63/- ...	+1/3
Vallambrosa	10/3 ...	+6/9

Abaco	57/6 ...	Ledbury	65/9 ...
Allagas	2/10½ ...	Landu	23/3 ...
Allied Sum	21/1½ +6/7½	Lemayor	1/7½ ...
Amgat	7/9 ...	Manch'r N.B.	26/3 ...
Anglo-Sum	76/3 ...	Membakut	16/10½ ...
Ashaka	15/3 ...	Mendaris	33/3 ...
Bah Lias	47/6 ...	N. Harsep	1/10 ...
Baru (Java)	40/3 ...	N. Rummoch	29/6 ...
Belang	2/3½ ...	Pahi P'r (1/-)	2/- +6/7½
Bata Tiga	47/6 ...	P.P.K. (C'y'n)	26/3 ...
Bernam Pr'n	39/9 ...	Palating	76/4½ ...
B.N.B.B. Tst.	18/9 ...	Perch	40/10½ ...
Bukit Kalsar	40/3½ ...	Pilmoor	45/6 ...
Bukit Rajah	2/- ...	Tori Dickson	4/4½ +6/7½
Bukit Unb	6/6 ...	Batanui	2/- ...
Bukit Kal'sar	40/3½ ...	Rim Malacca	4/3½ ...
Bukit Rajah	2/- ...	Central West	5/6 5/9
Castlefield	8/3½ ...	Rub. E. Joh'r.	27/9 ...
Centl. Johore	1/0 ...	Sapong	60/3 ...
Ceylin Timb'r	8/6 ...	Sanemuk'de	31/10½ ...
Chersonese	3/4½ ...	Selanak	37/6 ...
Chevlot	4/6 ...	Selangor	4/6 ...
Chesley	4/3 ...	Semelling	67/6 ...
Chirjeleo	2/3 ...	Sepang Bes.	21/3* ...
Dannistown	2/1½ ...	Seremban	2/- ...
Dominion Tin	2/- +6/7½	Sumatra Cons.	25/10½ ...
Eastern Sum	2/9 +6/7½	Sungei Choh	26/3 +6/7½
Eastern Trst.	37/6 ...	Sungei Kruit	2/- ...
Elphil Island	37/6 ...	Sungei Kr.Pf.	42/6* ...
Federated Mal.	4/- ...	Sungei Raya	2/3 ...
Fraser & Neave	21/3 ...	Sungei Tinah	1/7½ ...
Gedong	1/9 ...	Talpings	2/- ...
Golconda	41/6 ...	Tanjang	67/6 ...
Golden Hope	39/- ...	Tehran	13/7½ ...
Hand'k'pe Sel	36/6 ...	Tekalingie	35/6 ...
Itaminde	2/6 ...	Tempeh	2/7½ ...
Java Amal.	3/6 +6/3	Tennant Cons.	11/10½ ...
Jelli Ayer	2/- ...	Tjiberon	51/10½ ...
Kasintoe	20/7½ ...	Tjiwidei	3/10½ +6/7½
Kepitiggala	2/3 ...	Tumbang Del.	11/- ...
Kinabalu	2/6 +6/7½	Tyersall Rub.	51/10½ ...
Kuala Sel.	7/1½ ...	Un. Tamiang	3/10½ +6/7½
Kwalee	1/6¾ ...	Waverley	2/9 ...
Lanadron Sum	28/9 ...	Yam Seng	5/9 ...

SHIPPING.

10/9	Cairn Line	21/-	22/-
—	Court Line	31/9	32/9
—	Cunard Ord.	21/-	22/-
19/3	Elder-Dempster 6 p.c. Pf.	17/6	18/6
—	Furness Withy	26/9	27/6
—	P. and O. Def.	230 ...	
—	Royal Mail Ord.	78	80

TEAS.

Amal. Estates	42¾ ...	Galaha Ceylon	32/6 +1/9
Assam Co.	43/6 +0/3	Imperial	99/10½ +1/10½
Assam Dooars	47 ...	Jalinga Valley	47/9* +0/3
Assam Valley	3/6* +0/3	Jhanda	2/6 ...
Borwanl'kwa	76/10½ ...	Jokai	83/6 ...
Borelli	83/3 -0/9	Jorehaut	91/4½ +0/7½
Brahmaputra	27/9½ ...	Kanan Devan	42/4½ ...
Brit. Indian	70/7½ +0/7½	Lanka	45/1 ...
Budla Beta	79/10

PRODUCE AND FOOD

CATTLE.

DUBLIN METROPOLITAN CATTLE, North Circular road, Thursday.—Supplies in each division of market were on a slightly increased scale and well up to our weekly seasonable average. The general show of cattle and sheep presented tolerably satisfactory condition and gave a fair proportion of really good to well-finished qualities, but the gathering of lambs was a very mixed character and, on the whole, of poor and storish class. There were more cattle shippers in evidence, but trade nevertheless was dominated by a cautious attitude, which made last week's money position rather difficult to maintain over the day's proceedings. In fact, after leading early transactions were concluded, a weaker undertone was manifest in currencies, and market closed fully 1s. to 2s. per cwt. worse for the plainer and rough descriptions of beasts, but ultimately a satisfactory clearance of useful animals for slaughter and further finish was accomplished. Sheep and lambs included numerous re-entries from last Thursday, and, though owners continue to make a strong stand in their endeavour to maintain values, the inevitable is asserting itself, and prices keep consistently and gradually slipping back. Sheep proved a most discouraging sale, but good quality lambs were possible to cash at a price which may be reckoned at a further sharp depression on top of that of last week. Scarcely more than half sheep and lamb market changed ownership.

	Numbers on sale this week as compared with last.		Corresponding weeks of 1926.	1925.
Beasts	2,589—increase	339	2,927	2,103
Sheep and Lambs..	9,929—increase	40	11,099	8,866
Veal Calves.	15—increase	3	6	2

The beast market, with some increased enquiry for cross-Channel, and especially London, opened with rather more energy, but competition all the same was minus of strength or, indeed, serious opposition, and the tenacity of sellers only kept a near balance of values to previous basis in face of the cautious attitude of dealers and commission men. Leading Dublin victuallers and Belfast buyers, no doubt, paid previous terms unhesitatingly—viz., 48s. to 50s. per cwt. for tip-top selections of steers and heifers, and occasionally 1s. to 2s. more for fancy exhibits of latter. However, after principal opening transactions, it became rather difficult to secure a repetition of early prices, and the easing disposition in terms became more accentuated as business proceeded. Generally, therefore, cattle in main may be reckoned 1s. per cwt. lower, and towards the wind-up perhaps 1s. 6d. to 2s. per cwt. worse to cash. Several drafts of extra nice black bullocks figured around 48s. 6d. to 49s. and 50s., and really good Shorthorns 46s. 6d. to 47s. 6d. Plainer, but useful class cattle 42s. 6d. to 45s., and common sorts around 40s. Beef cows sold rather readier than before at previous money. Prime classes 27s. 6d. to 33s. per cwt., and old and wasty 18s. to 25s. per cwt. on foot.

A dormant and uncertain tone overhung movements in sheep trade. Sales proved more difficult than ever, with a wide and irregular range in biddings, and only a comparatively small proportion of entrants had changed ownership at a late hour. Sloth and depression also characterised business for lambs, and values may be quoted another good 4s. to 6s. per head down on top of the reduction recorded last week. Lambs in the run, too, now figured 10s. to 15s. per head under this time last year. Choice wether mutton 9½d. to 10d. per lb., medium classes 8d. to 9d., inferior 5½d. to 7½d. per lb. Best lambs average 35s. to 46s., extras 48s. to 50s., others 21s. to 30s. and 33s. each.

DUBLIN DAIRY CATTLE.—Offerings of dairy cattle here totalled 276 head. Trade proved of much the same dull nature as previously, and ordinary descriptions of cows were practically unsaleable. A few Dinchinsen were looking for up-top, heavy capacity milchers, and for the right class paid up to £26 and occasionally £28 each; heifer milchers for shipment realised £22 to £24 and £25 each; ordinary run of fresh dairy stockers, say, £18 to £22 and £24 each, and small and inferior cows £10 to £16 and £17 each.

DUBLIN PIG.—Supply of swine slightly in excess of previous gathering—viz., 886 head. Fair attendance of buyers, chiefly pork butchers and feeders, but trade again slack and disappointing. On the whole, however, matters cannot be reckoned any worse than on last Thursday. Choice quality bacon realised 80/- to 82/6 per cwt., and fair class from 75/- to 77/6 per cwt.; coarser sorts in proportion. Sows pigs hard to trade with at uncertain rates, especially for rough aged sorts. Young pigs not so keenly sought for and weaners still favouring buyers.

YORK.—Smaller entry English and Irish store cattle, and majority of secondary quality; poor attendance and trade, but late rates about maintained. Good trade for dairy cattle, and all but old cows sold well, there being good demand for anything young and fit. Fewer sheep on offer, and very quiet trade at best to-day.

BRISTOL.—Moderate supply of beef; best 92/- per cwt. Mutton 1/- to 1/2 per lb.; lamb 1/1 to 1/3. Few store cattle; value unchanged. Milch cows up to £54 for extra.

BIRMINGHAM PIG.—Supplies less plentiful, there being about a moderate number offering. Business improved, trade being steadier at the recent easement. Quotations:—Sizeable bacons 16/-, cutters 16/- to 16/6, and sows definitely eased down to 12/6 per score dead weight.

GRAIN

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES—BALTIC.—WHEAT—A dull tone continues to pervade the floating and forward cargo section, and most descriptions were obtainable at 3d. to 6d. per quarter decline, while influenced by the weakness in North America and Argentina. White Pacific August quoted 54/9, August-September 53/9; No. 1 Northern Manitoba afloat 59/9, No. 2 do. 58/6, No. 2 hard winter July 55/-, Barusso (63lbs.) June 53/5, Rosafe (63lbs.) June 54/5, Australian afloat 55/9, July 56/6; choice white Karachi afloat 56/3, June 55/6 per 480lbs. Parcels slow of sale, and 5d. to 6d. per quarter lower. To Manchester choice white Karachi July sold 54/9, No. 2 red winter arrived 52/6. MAIZE cargo market inactive, and tone weak in view of liberal Argentine shipments. Plate steamers on passage, also for shipment up to July-August sellers 20/3. Parcels easier, Plate May-June, also June-July sold 29/4½ to 29/5, July-August 29/6 to 29/4½, August-September 29/9, October-November done 30/7½ to 30/6 per 480lbs. BARLEY without new features, and late rates were repeated in most instances. Only quiet Plate f.q.q. June-July sellers 24/6, Chilian afloat 25/6, June 25/- per 320lbs.

LIVERPOOL CORN.—Lower quotations from America and the Argentine caused forward deliveries of WHEAT here to show a fair decline at the outset, and prices further gave way on more favourable American crop weather and a desire to realise here, especially July delivery. Slight fluctuations afterwards took place, but, with discouraging late afternoon cables, final rates were almost at the worst point, and marked a decided loss on the day, July being most affected. Cif. parcels quiet and 3d. lower, business being confined to No. 2 red winter due at 52/6 and choice white Karachi July at 54/9 per qr., both for Manchester. Cif. parcels MAIZE July 3d. lower, River Plate August-September selling at 30/- per qr. Wheat on the spot dull at easier prices. Maize spot parcels quietly steady at 6/7 per cental for River Plate. FLOUR quiet and officially unchanged; prices of straight run 47/6 per 280lbs., at mill. Graded wheat futures opened 1d. per cental lower and further receded, with but slight fluctuations, the market eventually closing quiet at 6d. to 7d. lower on Wednesday night, the latter representing July delivery. Sales 125 lots, at 11/11, 11/1, 11/11½, and 11/0½ for July, 11/0d., 10/11½, 10/11½, and 10/11½ October, and 10/10½ to 10/10½ for December delivery. Closing prices—July 11/0½, October 10/11½, December 10/10½ per cental.

MANCHESTER.—English wheat quiet; 57/- to 57/6 per quarter on rail. Cheshire cats 10/- to 10/6 per cwt. Barley been little change, 45/6 to 46/6 per quarter on rail. At market fair attendance.

BRISTOL.—English wheat in moderate supply, values nearly steady. Cheshire 150/- to 153/- per cwt., Manitoba 62/- to 62/6. Oats dull. Maize about 6d. cheaper. Grinding barley—Persian 34/9 to 35/-.

PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL.—BACON—With the continued quiet demand, stocks have accumulated, and holders, being anxious to make progress, offer more freely, and most descriptions are obtainable at lower prices. Irish reduced 2- to 6- to 100/-, to 108/-, Danish 3/- to 94/- to 98/-, Swedish and Dutch 2/- to 84/- to 88/-, and Canadian Wiltshires also 2/- lower at 84/- to 88/-, while American Cumberlands show 1/- decline at 89/- to 91/- per cwt. HAMS quiet, and short cut have given way 2/- to 3/- to 105/- per cwt. Shoulders, however, show no quotable change. LARD on the spot remains quietly steady at late rates for both prime steam and American refined. CHEESE still quiet, and, with holders free sellers, prices show a further partial 1/- decline, Canadian and New Zealand white being offered at 86/- to 90/-, and coloured 87/- to 91/- per cwt. BUTTER attracts little attention, and Irish creameries further reduced 2/- to 156/-, to 160/- per cwt. EGGS firmer at 12/9 to 13/9 for Irish fresh hen and 10/3 to 11/- for duck per 120.

LONDON (CENTRAL MEAT (Smithfield)).—Supplies yesterday, 2,191 tons—464 tons British and Irish, and 1,727 tons imported. BEEF—Scotch beef a little scarcer; chilled beef rather in excess of demand; on the whole a slow trade. Scotch short sides 7/4 to 8/- long 6/8 to 7/-, English 5/4 to 6/-, Argentine hindquarters chilled 4/8 to 5/-, forequarters 2/4 to 2/8; Uruguayan hindquarters 4/2 to 4/6. MUTTON—dull trade, easier prices. Scotch 6/8 to 7/8, English 5/8 to 7/4, ewes 3/4 to 4/-, New Zealand wethers 3/6 to 4/8, ewes 2/8 to 3/2. Lamb—Scotch 7/4 to 8/8, English 6/8 to 8/8, Irish 6/8 to 8/-, New Zealand 5/8 to 6/6. PORK—English 6/- to 7/-, Irish 6/- to 6/8, ewes, 5/- to 5/4. VEAL—Fair supply met had trade low prices taken to clear. English 1st 5/4 to 7/4, bobbies 4/8 to 5/8. POULTRY AND GAME—Sizeable chickens very short. English ewes short and dearer. Surrey chickens 1/6 to 1/10, country 1/2 to 1/6, Irish 1/- to 1/3, Belgian 1/6 to 1/8, American 1/3 to 1/4, Canadian 1/2 to 1/2, Russian 1/- to 1/1½, country ducklings 1/- to 1/2; English hens (old) 9d. to 11d., Irish 9d. to 10d.; Russian geese 4d. to 5d.; Guinea fowl (each) 2/6 to 3/9; Egyptian quails 1/- to 2/-, black game 1/7 to 1/8. Live Poultry—This week's chickens 1/3 to 1/4 per lb.; hens large heavy fat 10d. to 11d., small or plain 8d. ducks (old) fat 7d. medium 6d., pigeons (each) 6d., old cocks 4d. FOOD—English hens' mild trade, 13/6 to 14/6, grade 2 10/6 to 11/-, ducks 12/6 to 13/-, Irish extra selected 12/9 to 13/3, selected 12/3 to 12/6, 11/9 to 12/, ducks 11/3 to 11/9, Danish (15lb to 16lb.) 12/6 to 12/9, 18lb 13/- to 13/3, Dutch brown 13/9 to 14/6, mixed 12/6 to 13/3, ducks 10/6 to 11/-, Belgian 11/9 to 12/6.

CARDIFF.—Business on moderate scale, with bacon and ham slightly lower. Butter fairly steady, and eggs dearer. Wholesale quotations, delivered in Cardiff districts:—BACON—Irish baled fewer at 105/- to 117/-, Danish lower at 100/- to 105/-, Canadian Wiltshires lower at 88/- to 94/-, American quiet at 87/- to 88/-. HAMS—Irish lower at 155/- to 160/-, American lower at 98/- to 112/-, shoulders quiet at 68/- to 82/-. BUTTER—Irish fairly steady, on cold storage creameries 161/- to 165/-, separators 150/- to 158/-, factory 140/- to 150/-, Danish lower at 168/- to 172/- per cwt. EGGS—Irish best dearer at 13/6 to 14/-, per 120. POULTRY—Irish chickens quiet at 1/- to 1/3, hens 8d. to 10d. per lb.

DUBLIN VEGETABLE.—Fair mid-week market; cauliflowers very scarce. Sales averaged—New potatoes 1/9 to 2/- per stone; York cabbage 20/- to 40/- per 100; new carrots up to 6/7/- bunch 3/- to 6/-, per dozen bundles; parrots 1/10 to 2/-, ditto swallows 2/- to 4d. per bundle; onions 5d. to 6d., white swallows 6d. to 8d. and 10d.; parsley 1/- to 1/5 per tray; lettuce 2d. to 4d. per dozen; celery 6d. to 1/- per bundle; herbs and mint 2d.

DUBLIN POTATO.—Old quality potatoes of right table sorts very scarce and quoted at Wednesday's top prices. A limited good supply of new County Dublin potatoes came in yesterday morning, for which trade was slow at 14/- to 16/- per cwt., but these prices scarcely difficult to sustain.

CORK BUTTER.—Increased inquiry; prices tending upward. Creamery 150/- to 153/- per cwt., choicest salted 156/-; special dairies extra.

COPENHAGEN.—BUTTER quoted 265 kroner per 100 kilos, March-April is nominal to 267 6/6 per cwt.—a decrease of 2/9 on previous week.

DUBLIN FISH.—Good mixed market of fish deliveries included 54 packages salmon, 15 boxes

(Continued at Foot of Next Column.)

VETERAN OF MAORI WAR.

FUNERAL OF IRISHMAN AGED 118.

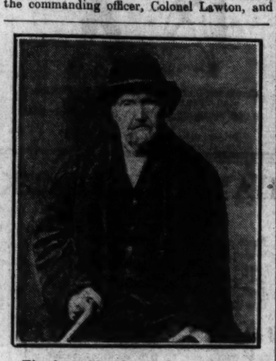
FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BIRR, Thursday.

The funeral took place here to-day of Mr. James Carroll, Cornmarket street, Birr, who is reputed to be not only the oldest veteran of the British Army, but the oldest man in the British Isles. He was born on March 11th, 1809, a few miles away from Birr. Despite his age, he was vigorous and in possession of all his faculties to the last, except that he was somewhat deaf and that his memory was not so good as it used to be.

He served in the old 14th Foot, and was a member of the old Comrades Association of the West Yorkshire Regiment (Prince of Wales' Own). He took particular pride in his regiment, and was the only survivor of the officers and men who served in it in his time. He could not tell the actual date of his enlistment, but said that when he enlisted he was forty or forty-five years of age, being accepted because his age was given as 35.

He joined up in Birr and was sent to Kilkenny. His regiment was under orders for the Crimea, but the orders were countermanded at the last moment, and they sailed for New Zealand, where he saw heavy fighting against the Maoris, and was wounded, the commanding officer, Colonel Lawton, and



The Late Mr. James Carroll, Birr.

his company commander, Captain Felts, being killed.

These casualties occurred on a special service expedition, for which Carroll volunteered with 49 others. He received a bullet wound under the stomach, which he had to tie up, and did not know how long he lay in the Bush, but eventually he was taken down to Auckland.

Mr. Carroll invariably wore on his breast the medal of the New Zealand campaign, of which he was particularly proud. He was a hard-working, industrious man all his life, and was held in esteem by all who knew him.

He often stated that one of his earliest recollections was being carried by his father to see illuminations on the Shieve Bloom Mountains to celebrate the battle of Waterloo. He drove the brougham of a county family to a ball at Birr to celebrate the Coronation of Queen Victoria.

The Secretary of Old Comrades Association, West Yorkshire Regiment, York, wired sympathy from the Association. The funeral was large and representative, the Birr Branch British Legion of ex-Service Men, in charge of their commandant, Captain Whitehead, M.C., late Leinster Regiment, marching in the procession.

At the graveside the "Last Post" was sounded, and the Rev. P. Gaynor, C.C., Birr, read the prayers.

The wreaths included one "In loving memory from the West Yorkshire Regiment (The Old 14th Foot) Comrades," and one from the Birr Branch British Legion of ex-Service Men.

(Continued from Preceding Column.)

lobsters, 80 boxes herrings, 15 boxes of mackerel, and 200 boxes of shell fish from two steam trawls. Inquiry for arrivals from country trawl and hook boats. Demand steady to a clearance. Salmon 1/2 to 1/6, and live 1/8 per lb.; grilse 1/- to 1/4 per lb.; best lobsters 12/6 to 17/6 per lot, seconds 7/6 to 10/-, others 3/6 to 5/- per lot; tigbout 1/- to 1/5, brill 4/6 to 5/6 each; best soles 30/- to 42/- per lot, mediums 12/6 to 20/-, slips 2/6 to 7/6 per lot; half-boxes plaice 40/- to 100/-, small, etc., 20/- up; white soles 30/- to 50/-; whiting, selected 25/- to 32/-, inferior 5/- up; hake 20/- to 25/-, codfish 25/- to 60/-, haddocks 30/- to 50/-, pollock 20/- to 35/-, ling 15/- to 20/-, conger eels 20/- to 25/-, ray 12/6 to 25/-, herrings 10/- to 17/6, mackerel 8/- to 12/-, and 15/-.

BILLINGSGATE FISH.—Fair supplies; steady demand. Soles 1/4 to 1/10 per lb. Salmon—English 1/7 to 1/10, Scottish 1/8 to 2/-, and Irish 1/6 to 1/9 per lb. Liv. eels 25/- to 34/- and dead 10/- to 30/- per draught. Turbot 7/- to 10/-, brill 6/- to 10/-, plaice 6/- to 11/-, halibut 12/- to 15/-, lemon soles 5/- to 9/-, cod 4/- to 5/-, hake 5/- to 7/-, skate 4/- to 6/-, and haddocks 3/- to 5/- per stone.

PRODUCE.

LONDON.—SUGAR—There was a moderate spot business at late rates for British descriptions, while imported tended firmer. Shipment parcels fully steady but demand quiet. White terminal steady; August sold 15/4½ to 15/5, December 14/9, 14/8½, and 14/9. Mar 16/9 to 16/9½. COCOA—Acera F/P October-December quoted 66/- f.o.b. SPICE—Pepper in demand and firm; Muntok June-July sold 1/1½ August-October 1/11. Lampong August-October 1/2d. JUTE—Market firm; fair inquiry; Firsts May-June sold £30 10/-, June-July 10/- July Continent sellers £30 5/-, July-August sold £30 5/-, August-September £29 10/-. HEMP—Manila steadier; buyers more in evidence; J 2 August sold or held for £43 10/-. K June shipment sold £43. SHELLAC firm; T.N. August sold £55/6 to 56/-, October 57/6, December 58/-. COPRA—Market steadier; Straits sundried July-August Rotterdam sold £37 or £37 1/3. PALM KERNELS June-July quoted £19 6/3.

RUBBER in demand and firmer, though unsettled at times; shed spot and July sold 1/3d to 1/3½, August-September 1/6, 1/6d, and 1/6d. October-December 1/6d, 1/6d, 1/6d and 1/6d. January-March 1/7, 1/7d, 1/7d, 1/7 to New York, ribbed smoked sheet afloat sold 1/6d, c.i.f. terms. TEA—In auction 11,375 packages were offered and 8,000 were catalogued, which were in strong and active competition, especially with regard to common and medium teas, while prices ruled 1d. to 1d. per lb. higher. Pekoe sold 1/0½ to 1/1, broken ditto 9½d. to 1/0½, Pekoe Souchong 1/- to 1/2, orange Pekoe 1/3½ to 1/5, broken ditto 1/1d. to 1/2, fine 2/2 to 2/3d per lb. in bond. OILS—Linseed quiet with tendency easier; spot quoted 35/9, June 32/6, July-August 32/3, September-December 35/1½. Rape firm; crude spot 43/6, refined 45/6. Cocoanut quiet; Ceylon spot pipes 44/-, July-August 39/9. Cotton steady; Egyptian spot and week. American: grade 3/D 22/-, F/G 23/-, H/I 25/-, N 24/-, W/M 30/-; French: F/G 22/-, H/I 25/-, W/W 33/- per cwt. OILSEEDS—Linseed Market quieter, and, with liberal offers, prices were the turn easier for Plate descriptions; Calcutta to London July-August sellers £18 6/3, August-September £18 8/9, Plate to Hull July-August sold £16 5/-, August-September £16 6/3, September-October £16 10/-. Rapeseed inactive; Toria to Continent July-August sellers £20 2/6. Cottonseed steady; Egyptian black to Hull spot sold £9 17/6, July £10 2/6, August £10 2/6, with white sorts at 10/- per ton less respectively; Bombay July-August sold £8 15/-, new December-January £8 10/-. Groundnuts slow; Coromandel machined July-August sold £22, August-September £22 2/6, East African July-August sellers £21 15/-, August-September £21 16/3, bold Bomber new December-January £20 10/-, Chinese f.a.q. July-August £21 7/6 per ton.

LIVERPOOL.—SUGAR—Tate and Lyle's quotations:—Crystals—No. 1 33/-, small 33/6, No. 2 32/6, No. 3 31/3, basis 31/1½, Granulated—Standard 31/-, H.T.S. 31/11, coarse 31/4½, fine 31/4½ ex refinery Liverpool, less 1½ p.c. discount. Cubes ex refinery London—First quality 34/3, H.T.S. 34/-, afternoon tea 34/6, less 1½ p.c. discount.

CLYDE CRUSHED SUGAR.—Demand for ready and near sugars continues, good and full prices being paid. Greenock sugars firm at yesterday's advance.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON. — American Futures — American Futures opened quiet, steady, and somewhat unsettled on some trade calling. Later in the hardened slightly on cabled reports. Mixed day quotations received on better spinning demand, and closed barely steady. Spot sales 10,000 including 200 for export. American Futures—Tenders barely steady; June 8.80d., July 8.85d., August 8.89d., September 8.97d., October 9.05d., November 9.04d., December 9.08d., January 9.10d., February 9.11d., March 9.16d., April 9.17d., May 9.20d., June 9.20d. Egyptian Futures—Tendency quiet; July 16.45d., October 16.76d., November 16.55d., January 16.65d., March 16.67d.

BRADFORD WOOL.—There is a definite trend again buyers in practically all qualities of wool and tops in consequence of business done during the week, which in many cases is insisting upon at least 2d. per lb. good 64's and 30d. for 40's prepared. Tops and yarns made from English wools are all dearer.

MANCHESTER HAY AND STRAW.—On Produce Exchange average supplies of both hay and straw offering, with quiet consumptive demand and prices steady. General quotations:—Lincolnshire 70s. cress and clover £6, Cheshire £5 5/- to £5 10/-, meadow hay £5 to £5 5/-, and oat and wheat straw 57/6 per ton, all delivered Manchester.

LONDON METALS MARKET.

FURTHER RISE IN TIN.

A further improvement occurred in the standard market for TIN, sellers showing more reserve in face of a fair inquiry, combined with higher foreign prices. Cash on business showed a net gain of 45/- and forward 20/- per ton compared with the final rates of Wednesday last. Standard cash quoted £300 15/-, and after three months £287 5/- to £287 10/-; settlement price £300 10/-. 650 tons changed hands; cash sold £300 10/-, and finals £300 15/-, three months £287 5/- to £287 10/-; settlement price £287 2/6, and again at £287 5/-. English ingots quoted £320 10/- to £325 10/-. COPPER—Better demand, and market firmer, both cash and forward being 7/6 per ton higher on balance, and sellers more reserved. Standard cash quoted £54 2/6 to £54 3/6, three months £54 15/- to £54 16/-; settlement price £54 2/6. 900 tons sold, comprising cash and finals 2/6, £54 3/6 and £54 2/6, three months £54 12/6, £54 17/6 and £54 16/3. Electro quoted £59 15/-, to £60 5/-, wire bars £60 5/-. LEAD—Firmer and steady tendency easier; spot quoted 35/9, June 32/6, July-August 32/3, September-December 35/1½. Rape firm; crude spot 43/6, refined 45/6. Cocoanut quiet; Ceylon spot pipes 44/-, July-August 39/9. Cotton steady; Egyptian spot and week. American: grade 3/D 22/-, F/G 23/-, H/I 25/-, N 24/-, W/M 30/-; French: F/G 22/-, H/I 25/-, W/W 33/- per cwt. OILSEEDS—Linseed Market quieter, and, with liberal offers, prices were the turn easier for Plate descriptions; Calcutta to London July-August sellers £18 6/3, August-September £18 8/9, Plate to Hull July-August sold £16 5/-, August-September £16 6/3, September-October £16 10/-. Rapeseed inactive; Toria to Continent July-August sellers £20 2/6. Cottonseed steady; Egyptian black to Hull spot sold £9 17/6, July £10 2/6, August £10 2/6, with white sorts at 10/- per ton less respectively; Bombay July-August sold £8 15/-, new December-January £8 10/-. Groundnuts slow; Coromandel machined July-August sold £22, August-September £22 2/6, East African July-August sellers £21 15/-, August-September £21 16/3, bold Bomber new December-January £20 10/-, Chinese f.a.q. July-August £21 7/6 per ton.

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TOURISTS AND THE BORDER.

OBJECTION TO SEARCH AND DELAY.

LUGGAGE UNDER BOND.

For some time efforts have been made—and they are likely to be successful—to induce the Customs authorities to permit the luggage of English tourists crossing the border into Northern Ireland to go in sealed waggons on the railway under bond.

Under the present arrangement luggage of this kind is liable to search at Holyhead and Gresnore, and as visitors object to these examinations and delays there is a tendency to adopt the direct routes to Belfast from English ports.

It is understood that the London, Midland and Scottish Railway Company is in communication with the Customs authorities in the matter, and if they can reach agreement tourists' luggage would be immune from search.

An arrangement of a similar character is in operation for the conveyance of luggage and parcels from Belfast and other parts of Northern Ireland to Fermanagh through Monaghan.

WHAT IS DRIPPING?

JUDGMENT RESERVED IN APPEAL CASE.

Appeals from decisions of District Justice Reddin at Balbriggan, involving interesting points under the Food and Drugs Act, 1875, were heard before Judge Davitt in the Dublin Circuit Court yesterday. Three retail traders in Balbriggan and one in Skerries were each fined one shilling, increased for purposes of appeal to twenty shillings, on summonses issued by Sergeant John Walker, of the Civic Guard, an inspector under the Food and Drugs Acts of the Dublin County Council, charging them with having sold to him to his prejudice dripping which was not of the nature, substance and quality of the article demanded, which was not genuine dripping, and proved to be rendered beef or mutton fat, and did not contain any extractive matter that falls from roasting meat, and had not the appearance usually associated with dripping, contrary to Section 6 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1875. The defendants appealed.

Mr. Geoghegan, K.C., and Mr. Roe (instructed by Mr. Thomas Early) appeared for the County Council; Mr. Eugene Sheehy (instructed by Messrs. W. G. Bradley and Son) for Mr. John Larkin, of Balbriggan, and (instructed by Messrs. Horan and Devine) for Mr. John Fair, of Skerries; and Mr. Bradley, solicitor, for the other defendants, Mrs. Mary Caslin and Mr. Patrick Connolly, both of Balbriggan. Mr. Fallon (instructed by Messrs. J. H. Walsh and Co.) held a watching brief for a wholesale firm.

Mr. Geoghegan submitted that dripping was what was ordinarily known as dripping—that was, the extractive matter which fell from roasting beef or roasting mutton when being cooked. They could also obtain an extract from the pure fat melted down and clarified. That was what had been sold in this case as dripping. There was no objection to Mr. Larkin and the other defendants selling this substance under its proper name.

ANALYSIS.

Sergeant Walker gave evidence of the purchase of the dripping in Mr. Larkin's shop and of having sent a sample to Dr. B. G. Fagan for analysis. He produced Mr. Fagan's certificate of analysis, which stated:—"I am of opinion that the said sample, which had undergone no change in its constitution that would interfere with its analysis, was not genuine dripping. It proved to be rendered beef or mutton fat. This opinion is based on the fact that dripping should be fat that falls from roasting meat, and as such contains certain extractive matter from the meat, whereas the said sample did not contain any such extractive matter, and had not the appearance usually associated with dripping."

Mr. Geoghegan read the analysis of Mr. Hugh Ryan, State Analyst, which stated:—"I am of opinion that the sample in question consists of fat obtained by rendering beef or mutton, or a mixture of these fats. There appears to be no Statute, Act, or Order defining 'dripping' at present in force in *Saorstat Eireann*. The term must, therefore, be deemed to have whatever meaning is given to it in common parlance. The fat got from beef or mutton by roasting, and also that obtained from these substances by 'rendering' with hot water or steam, are known as 'dripping.'"

To Judge Davitt, Mr. Fagan said that there was practically no difference in the chemical constituents of the genuine dripping and Mr. Larkin's sample. Both consisted almost entirely of fat.

QUESTION OF FLAVOUR.

Mr. Sheehy, opening the case for the appellants, submitted that if a person went into a shop with the object of buying a certain commodity, and he got the commodity which he intended to buy, there could be no offence under the statute. In Mr. Larkin's case what, it was suggested, was lost was flavour. As against that the evidence would be that the article was the superior article.

Mr. James Crean, of the firm of James Crean and Sons, Ltd., Dublin, the manufacturers of the article purchased from Mr. Larkin, gave evidence that there was a factory in North King street in which this article was manufactured. The materials were obtained from victuallers in the city. The article produced was a fine, edible fat, made under the very best circumstances.

Mr. Sheehy—Have you been supplying it as dripping? Yes, always.

Cross-examined by Mr. Geoghegan—Has your product the flavour that ordinary dripping has? It should think that it has practically as good.

Further cross-examined, Mr. Crean said they had sold the commodity for fifty or sixty years in England, Wales and Scotland to forty millions of people, and for thirty years in Ireland, as dripping, and it had never been questioned until this childish prosecution.

Major Joseph Crean also gave evidence.

Mr. Sheehy asked whether it would be possible, as a commercial proposition, to supply ordinary dripping got from roasting meat to the public?

Major Crean—Utterly impossible.

Miss Phyllis Ryan, public analyst, Dublin, gave evidence of having made an analysis of the commodity purchased from Mr. Larkin. It would, she said, preserve better than ordinary dripping.

Mr. J. B. McKean, F.I.C., gave evidence of the manner in which the commodity purchased from Mr. Fair was manufactured by Messrs. R. D. Waddell, Ltd., of Glasgow, and contended that it could properly be described as dripping.

Judge Davitt reserved judgment.

STORE CATTLE SALES.

MESSRS. R. AND J. WILKINSON.

Entries were on about the same scale as the last sale, but buyers are still cautious owing to the adverse conditions both of weather and trade, and business ran on much the same lines as last week. Angus and Hereford cross-bullocks and heifers sold at £21 (45/-), £21 (44/-), £20 10/- (44/6), £20 5/- (42/-), £20 (44/-), £19 5/- (41/6). An extreme price of 51/6 was obtained for a nice pen of Hereford bullocks at £16. Other lots at from £16 to £15 5/-, averaging about 42/6 per cwt. Horned and polled bullocks at from £22 10/- to £18 5/-, making from 38/- to 41/- per cwt., and heifers from £18 10/- to £15 5/- being 40/- to 44/- per cwt.

MESSRS. GANLY, SONS AND CO.

Entries, including many lots of well-bred Aberdeen-Angus and Hereford crosses, were offered at above firm's sale yesterday, and a representative number of buyers were in attendance. The better class of animals were readily sold at firmer prices, but there was no change in other descriptions. Horned and polly bullocks made from £22 to £17 5/- (37/- to 43/- per cwt.), shorthorn heifers £20 to £14 15/- (40/- to 46/- per cwt.), and Angus and Hereford crosses £21 10/- to £18 15/- (43/6 to 47/- per cwt.). A very choice lot of Aberdeen-Angus crosses, consigned from J. J. Nolan, sold at £18 15/-, made 49/6, the top quotation of the sale.

MESSRS. GAVIN LOW, LTD.

Owing to a better prospect of improvement in pastures, there were more buyers present at yesterday's sale, and bidding was livelier, particularly for well-bred cattle of the younger class, of which the sale was mostly composed. Prices, however, are not quotably higher, except for a few choice pens, but a complete clearance was made. Quotations—Aberdeen-Angus and Hereford-Shorthorn made from £17 10/- to £12 7/6 (60/- to 43/-); horned bullocks and heifers made from £17 13/6 to £11 15/- (46/- to 39/-). A pen of exceptionally well-bred A.-A. heifers at £14 5/- made the top price of the sale—53/- per cwt.

NORTH-WEST SHOW.

BIG LIST OF SPECIAL AWARDS.

The North-West of Ireland Agricultural Society's Annual Summer Show was continued at their grounds, Brandywell, Londonderry, yesterday, when sheep, swine, goats, and poultry were judged, and sports took place. The weather in the morning was inclement, but it improved in the afternoon, when horse jumping, riding and driving took place in bright sunshine, before a big crowd of spectators.

CUPS AND MEDALS.

The Stevenson Memorial Challenge Cup, for the best shorthorn in the show of any age, was won by William Doherty, Lifford, with Swilly Prince.

The Dairy Shorthorn Challenge Bowl, for the best pure-bred shorthorn cow or heifer, was won by M. J. Wauchob, Newtownstewart, with Beautiful Daisy Bell.

The Millbrook Challenge Cup, for the best yearling shorthorn bull bred in the Counties of Londonderry or Donegal, was won by Alexander McClelland, Limavady, with Salterstown Challenger.

The Wauchob Dairy Challenge Cup, for the best group of three dairy cattle (cow or heifer in full milk) entered in the Pure-bred Shorthorn or Shorthorn Cross Classes, bred by exhibitor, was won by Joseph Hatrick, Derry.

The Challenge Cup, for the best cow or heifer in the Dairy Cattle Classes, was won by the Trustees of the late Thomas Gallagher, Carrigans, Donegal, with a four-year-old cross-bred cow.

The Challenge Cup, for the best cross-bred and general purposes dairy cow in milk, confined to exhibitors from the Counties of Donegal, Londonderry, and Tyrone, was won by the Trustees of the late Thomas Gallagher with the same animal.

The special prize for the best cow in milk was won by A. H. Currie, Campsie, Derry, with Sunbeam.

The special prize for the heaviest milking cow in the show was won by M. S. Moore, Moleman, Derry.

The special prize for the best County Derry exhibit in the classes confined to County Derry, was won by Walter Osborne, Campsie, with Leiganfield Nonpareil II.

The special prize for the best milch cow, any breed, exhibited at the show, and fed on Clarendo, was won by M. J. Wauchob, with Beautiful Daisy Bell.

The special prize for the best yearling shorthorn bull owned by a member of the North-West Society, was won by Alexander McClelland with Salterstown Challenger.

A special prize for the best cross-bred heifer in the show owned by the exhibitor, was won by W. T. Gilfillan, Cullion, Derry, with Violet.

A special prize for the best County Londonderry exhibit in the two-year-old or yearling classes for cross-bred dairy cattle was won by C. R. Glenn, Campsie, with Isa.

The special prize for the best dairy shorthorn cow registered under the Ministry's dairy cattle scheme was won by M. J. Wauchob, with Beautiful Daisy Bell.

The Society's special silver medal for the best dairy animal in the Show the property of a member of the Londonderry or Limavady Milk Recording Associations was won by W. J. Shannon, Limavady, with Lydia.

The silver medal presented by the Limavady Milk Recording Association for the best cross-bred dairy shorthorn cow the property of a member of the Association was won by William J. Shannon.

The silver medal presented by the Londonderry Milk Recording Association for the best cross-bred dairy shorthorn cow or heifer the property of a member of the Association was won by H. A. Currie, Campsie, with Sunbeam.

SHEEP CLASSES.

The challenge cup for the best pen of four Suffolk sheep, comprising a shearling ram, a shearling ewe, a ram lamb, and a ewe lamb bred in Ireland by the exhibitor, was won by S. Shannon, Limavady.

The silver salver for the best blackfaced ram (any age) and best blackfaced ewe (any age) was won by Joseph Thomson, Omagh.

The challenge cup for the best Border Leicester ram lamb, confined to exhibitors from counties Londonderry, Donegal and Tyrone, was won by Robert Glenn, Campsie, with Glenvale Copy.

The silver medal for the best exhibit in the Border-Leicester classes was

BRILLIANT COLORADO.

DARK JAPAN UNPLACED.

THE KING SCORES WITH SCUTTLE.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

NEWBURY, Thursday Night.

This time there are no excuses to be made for Colorado. Lord Derby's colt won the Newbury Cup here this afternoon in irresistible style and like the brilliant one I have always thought him to be. He looked at one time when they had entered the straight like being shut in, but when he found an opening he shot clean away and won by four lengths and a length from Grassmoor and Pons Asinorum.

The race over a mile and a half showed no deficiency in his stamina. Except Coronach, it is doubtful if any of his age could have lived with him to-day, and in the last quarter of a mile Coronach would have had to run the race of his life to have beaten him. Colorado looked wonderfully well in the parade ring, powerfully muscular and full of life, though he sweated less than usual. They were, on the whole, a nice lot and above the average field for the Newbury Cup.

Pons Asinorum is always a good-looking horse, and he was fitter than when he ran at York. He was a little unlucky in being forced for room on the inside when he made his run, otherwise he would have been second instead of third, but he never would have made much impression on Colorado, by whom he was outclassed.

DARK JAPAN'S FORM.

Dark Japan seemed in the paddock none the worse for his effort in the Gold Cup, but he did not run with the same fire as at Chester and Manchester, and though he once faltered in the straight, there was no sting in his finish, and finally Smirke did not persevere with him. Seradella was cool and well, but hardly ran up to her Manchester form.

After Colorado had jumped off in front Weston pulled him back fifth or sixth, and Seradella made the running, closely attended by Rufus O'Malley and Hilika. When they had gone half a mile Volta's Pride went on from Desire, and it was the latter who led into the straight, while Grassmoor had steadily improved. Dark Japan was then moving up from last place.

When well in the straight Colorado was hemmed in, and it seemed for a time as if Weston, who had elected to come on the inside instead of round his horses, might not get through, but an opening did come, luckily, and at the distance he was able to draw clear and then run away with the race. Grassmoor had got the clearest run and was able to keep Pons Asinorum out of second place, while Volta's Pride, who sustained the pressure well, was close up fourth, only a head or so in front of Hilika.

It was another fine day for the meeting, though colder than on the previous afternoon, and there was great cheering from the big crowd when His Majesty's filly Scuttle, a heavily backed candidate, won the Berkshire Foal Plate by three parts of a length and three lengths from Lucky and the Ascot winner, Pondicherry. This filly has given a splendid send-off to her sire, Captain Cuttle, for she is undoubtedly very useful. Pondicherry's owner was most hopeful of beating her, but she was far too good for him.

LUCKY'S GOOD SHOWING.

It was the Manton gelding, Lucky, who caused her most trouble. He was in front of her at half-way, but she went past him then. He came again and drew level with her, but when Childs asked her she pulled out a bit extra and beat him cleverly. The Sonning Law gelding, however, showed enough to suggest that he will a race soon. As at Doncaster and Ascot, Scuttle was putting in her best work in the last furlong.

There was plenty of variety about the rest of the racing. Sir William Cooke's Mishap went right across the course in the race for the Wiltshire Selling Handicap, and in doing so badly interfered with Raie d'Or. He ran on strongly at the end, however, and if he had not been baulked in the last furlong, and in the marking for room on the inside when he made his run, otherwise he would have been second instead of third, but he never would have made much impression on Colorado, by whom he was outclassed.

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GOLF

ENGLISH CHAMPIONSHIP.

IRISH PROFESSIONALS TO COMPETE.

Some clubs in Dublin have been engaged for a time in organising a fund to send a few Leinster professionals to the English championships. Last night the Committee in control met and decided to send the following professionals:—

P. O'Hare (unattached).
W. Nolan (Portmarnock).
D. Murray (Skerries).
J. Sullivan (Bray).
M. McDermot (Hermitage).

The Committee had information that the Castle Club was sending over W. Holley, Woodbrook sending over P. O'Connor, and it was understood, though there was no official information, that Newlands were sending over James Martin. The professionals interested should immediately forward their entry forms and fee of £1 to the Secretary, Championship Committee, Royal and Ancient Golf Club, St. Andrews, Fife, Scotland. The entry forms must contain the name and address of the professional, his club (if any), and cheque, payable to the Royal and Ancient Golf Club, St. Andrews.

JOHN LUMSDEN MEMORIAL CUP.

Golfers in Leinster are reminded that the entries for this competition close to-morrow, 25th instant. Entries should be made through club secretaries, and are limited to players having handicaps not exceeding 9.

The competition will be played at Milltown Golf Course on and from Monday, 4th July, by match play, under corresponding handicaps, and a representative entry is expected from the various Dublin golf clubs.

SUTTON—St. Kevin's Cup—Surprise mixed foursomes. Saturday next. Result of draw for partners:—Mrs. P. W. Maguire and L. Chute; Mrs. Hiveins and E. W. Thornley; Mrs. Greene and J. Sibley; Mrs. McGuire and J. D. Walsh; Mrs. Harrop and W. J. Price; Miss FitzGerald and G. T. FitzGerald; Mrs. Clancy and H. O'Friel; Miss K. Dimond and G. R. Corringham; Miss Mannion and J. P. Spencer; Miss Birney and J. M. Butler; Mrs. Gore and W. Scott; Miss Paul and M. J. MacClancey; Mrs. Duffy and T. J. Greene; Mrs. Coory and A. W. Whieldon; Miss Lewis and E. J. Duffy; Miss Kelly and G. W. Thornley; Miss Nestor and Roger Greene; Mrs. Fitzsimons and W. Pollock; Miss McFerran and T. J. Geary; Miss B. Dimond and G. A. Stanley; Mrs. Pentony and W. Chapman; Miss Fitzpatrick and James Boyd; Mrs. Coman and F. C. Hoare; Mrs. FitzGerald and C. Kilkenny; Miss Pentony and J. Clancy; Mrs. Walsh and J. P. Cuddy; Miss FitzMaurice and C. J. Dillon; Mrs. Geary and P. W. Maguire; Mrs. Scott and P. J. Pentony; Mrs. Cuddy and P. J. Goulding.

LURGAN—The men's open meeting for the Malcolm Trophy drew an entry of 68—the largest on record for the club. In the semi-finals, R. Dewart (Lurgan) beat W. McCallum (Portadown), 2 and 1, and G. Knox (Lurgan) beat R. Gardiner (Portadown), 2 up. In the final R. Dewart beat George Knox, 5 and 3.

HERMITAGE.—To-morrow—June Saturday Cup. KILLINEY.—Barton Memorial Cup, postponed from to-morrow to July 9.

CASTLE (Ladies).—Monday, 27—Prize presented by Miss N. Ward (eclectic). Arrange partners. June Monthly Medal. 1st Class—Miss P. Seaman, 5 down; Class 2—Mrs. Cleugh, 2 up. Prize presented by T. J. McFadzean, Esq. (captain of the club)—1st, Mrs. Gibson (35), 68; 2nd, Mrs. Crench (29), Mrs. Bestall (36), Miss M. Cloherty, 39, tied with 72.

ELM PARK (Ladies' Branch).—To-day—Semi-open Scotch foursomes. Arrange partners and opponents.

CLONTARF.—Crawford Cup—C. E. Craig (15), 70; C. F. Jamieson (9), 72; A. G. Campion (17), 74; C. H. Heron (24), 74.

ST. ANNE'S.—Ladies' Section. Captain's prize, 18 holes, stroke. Sunday, 26th June.

FOXROCK GOLF CLUB (LADIES BRANCH).—Monday next, 27th June—Semi-open Foursomes, match play; nine hole heats. Entries close to-morrow (Saturday). Thursday next, 30th June—Prize presented by Lady O'Loghlen, 18 holes v. bogey. Draws 10.30, 11 and 2.—(Advt.)

GOLFERS will find much to interest them in the weekly Golfing Article in *The Irish Field*. Published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Manton Stable Sold.

Messrs. Tattersall have purchased from the executors of the late Lord Manton the famous Manton training establishment. Mr. Somerville Tattersall has had horses in training with Alec Taylor for a few years, and other notable patrons of the stable include Lord Astor, Lady James Douglas, Mr. W. M. G. Singer, Mr. W. M. Cazalet, Mr. A. R. Cox, M.M. Calmann, and Mr. Reid Walker. It is not certain whether these owners will continue to have their horses trained at Manton, but it is hoped they will do so. Alec Taylor will continue to train at Manton until the end of the present season, when Joseph Lawson, his head lad, will succeed him, but Mr. Taylor will remain in an advisory capacity.

Newmarket Trial.

The following trial took place at Newmarket yesterday morning:—J. Jarvis's Self Starter (Harris), 1; Hot Scent (Smith), 2; Flamingo (Lovelace), 3. Distance five furlongs. Won by two lengths; a head dividing second and third.

Jack Dempsey's Return.

Jack Dempsey has signed to meet Jack Sharkey over fifteen rounds at the Yankee Stadium, New York, on 21st July. Dempsey will receive 27½ *per cent.* of the receipts, and Sharkey, whose signature has also been obtained, will receive 22½ *per cent.* Each of the boxers has posted a deposit of 2,500 dollars.

French Ladies' Golf Championship.

By beating Mrs. Alec Johnston (Moor Park, Hertfordshire) by 15 up and 14 to play in the thirty-six holes' final of the "French Ladies' Open Championship at le Touquet yesterday, Mlle Simone Thion de la Chaume (St. Cloud, Paris), created a record in the way of marginal wins in national championships in Europe. The world's record is held by Miss Cecil Leitch, as in the Canadian championship of six years ago the English golfer named beat Miss Molly McBride by 17 up and 15 to play.

Previous to yesterday the record for this side of the Atlantic stood to the credit of Robert Harris, who in the final of the British Amateur Championship two years ago at Westward Ho defeated Kenneth Fradgley by 13 up and 12 to play. Mrs. Johnston yesterday was 12 down to her French opponent on the first round, and she could only halve six holes in the opening round. The Parisian golfer won the first three holes of the afternoon's play to stand dormy 15, and comfortably got a half at the fourth to make herself French open, French native, and British lady champion of 1927.

WATKINS, 77-78 DAME ST., DUBLIN.
Shirts and Pyjamas to measure—expert cutter. Racing Colours to order. Sporting Outfitters.—(Advt.)

ENTRIES.

GOODWOOD MEETING, TUESDAY, JULY 26.

THE STEWARDS' CUP, a handicap sweepstakes of 15 sovs. each, with 1,000 sovs. added (including a cup). Six furlongs.

	Age.		Age.
Fawn Way	6	Golden Ermine	3
Free State	6	Adam's Apple	3
Golden Hope-II.	6	Anahid	3
Berkeley Bridge	5	Fire Engine	3
Capture Him	5	Lovely Naples	3
Cragford	5	Lemurian	3
Priory Park	5	Sporting Kit	3
Dalmagarry	5	Toureen	3
Canfield	4	Monastery Garden	3
Buckaway	4	Dark Warrior	3
Holikoki	4	Queen's Bower	3
Donnina	4	Nipsiquit	3
Highborn II.	4	Jock Trotter	3
Astraws	4	Golden Challice	3
Harpagon	4	Blue Boy	3
Nothing Venture	4	Birthright	3
Stasiarch	4	Tormentilla	3
Trimace	4	Sapor	3
Dodder	4	Chichester Cross	3
Tohanaun	4	Tamarisk	3
Edwina	4	First Offence	3
Nice Prospect	4	Presto	3
Bella Minna	4	Tingnan's Day	3
Gliding Orb	4	Fourth Hand	3
Gay Lothario	4	Orbita	3
Dian	3	Grandisson	3
Tetraset	3		

FRIDAY, JULY 29.

THE CHESTERFIELD CUP, a handicap sweepstakes of 15 sovs. each, with 1,000 sovs. added (including a cup). One mile and a quarter.

	Age.		Age.
Mafoota	6	Silver Lark	4
Harpist	6	King's Oven	4
Bucks Yeoman	6	Delius	4
Donzelon	6	Volta's Pride	4
Pons Asinorum	5	Kingstown	4
Scradella	5	Relation	4
Gifted	5	Blueberg	3
Weissdorn	5	Vandyck	4
Banstar	4	Saturn	4
Felistion	4	Knight of the Grail	3
Cetch	4	Composure	3
Unworth Cove	4	Devonshire House	3
Pantera	4	Maid of Perth	3
Embargo	4	Endowment	3
Glen Rosa	4	Hern	3
Abbot's Speed	4	White Maize	3
Prize Wife	4	Dauntless	3
Review Order	4	Medal	3

CLAY PIGEON SHOOTING.

OPEN COMPETITION AT TICKNOCK.

Full particulars are advertised of an open clay pigeon shoot, which will be held at the grounds of Messrs. Henshaw and Co. at Ticknock, County Dublin. It will begin to-morrow at 3 p.m., and be continued every Saturday up to July 30, inclusive. The recent revival in the sport has induced the promoters to organise this competition by the hope that interest in it will be further stimulated, and the conditions have been framed in a manner that should appeal to all devotees of the sport.

CRICKET.

HAMPSHIRE V. YORKSHIRE.

At Portsmouth. Score:—

HAMPSHIRE—First Innings.

Brown run out	304	Livsey not out	29
Newman c Holmes b Kilner	38	Boyes c Leyland b Rhodes	91
Kennedy l.b.w. b Kilner	0	W. E. Scott at Dolphin b Kilner	8
Mead c Sutcliffe b Rhodes	183	Extras	30
Bowell b Kilner	0	Total (8 wkts.)	521
J. P. Parker c Robinson b Rhodes	2		

*Innings declared.

BOWLING.

First Innings—Robinson, 0 for 47; Macaulay, 0 for 100; Waddington, 0 for 102; Kilner, 4 for 105; Rhodes, 3 for 120; Leyland, 0 for 19.

YORKSHIRE—First Innings.

Holmes not out	63	Kilner not out	9
Sutcliffe c Bowell b Newman	59	Extras	13
Leyland b Boyes	10	Total (3 wkts.)	156
Mitchell run out	2		

ESSEX V. OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

At Chelmsford. Score:—

ESSEX—First Innings.

P. Torrell c Abell b M'Bride	45	Hipkin c M'Bride b Serrurier	108
Cutmore c and b Butterworth	99	L. C. Eastman l.b.w b Serrurier	4
O'Connor b Butterworth	19	G. E. R. Brown c Crawley b M'Bride	2
Russell c Crawley b Serrurier	71	Capt. Hugonin c Abell b M'Bride	17
C. T. Ashton b Serrurier	4	R. N. Shorter not out	7
P. Perrin c and b Serrurier	1	Extras	37
		Total	414

BOWLING.

First Innings—Holmes, 2 for 52; Serrurier, 3 for 103; Greenstock, 0 for 50; M'Bride, 3 for 68; Butterworth, 2 for 72; Garland-Wells, 0 for 32.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY—First Innings.

A. M. Crawley c Eastman b Shorter	0	H. M. Garland-Wells c Hugonin b Hipkin	3
P. V. F. Cazalet c O'Connor b Eastman	66	E. W. Butterworth c Shorter b O'Connor	2
H. E. Barber c Perrin b Eastman	56	L. R. Serrurier c Ashton b Shorter	3
E. R. T. Holmes c Eastman b Shorter	10	W. N. M'Bride not out	0
J. A. Nunn c Hugonin b O'Connor	13	Extras	8
J. W. Greenstock b Eastman	43	Total	301

BOWLING.

First Innings—Shorter, 3 for 14; Eastman, 4 for 26; Hipkin, 1 for 76; Russell, 0 for 18; Brown, 0 for 16; O'Connor, 2 for 40; Ashton, 0 for 6.

DERBYSHIRE V. GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

At Derby. Score:—

GLOUCESTERSHIRE—First Innings.

Dipper c Hutchinson b Shardlow	131	Smith c Lowe b Worthington	11
Sinfield c Lee b Worthington	13	Parker l.b.w. b Slater	27
W. L. Neale c Elliott b Worthington	1	Bessant c Jackson b Shardlow	7
Hammond c Bowden b Shardlow	12	Mills not out	5
B. H. Lyon c Storer b Slater	18	Goddard b Townsend	3
Bloodworth st Elliott b Lee	4	Extras	8
		Total	240

BOWLING.

First Innings—Shipman, 3 for 25; Skelding, 2 for 65; Snary, 2 for 45; Astill, 2 for 40; Coleman, 0 for 19; Smith, 0 for 21; Armstrong, 1 for 2.

LEICESTERSHIRE—First Innings.

Major Fowke b Howell	0	H. A. Smith st Smith b Qualfe	4
Snary c Jroom b Howell	0	Coleman c Calthorpe b Wyatt	37
Shipman b Calthorpe	3	Skelding c Qualfe b Santall	10
Berry c Howell b Fox	8	Santall not out	5
Astill l.b.w b Howell	38	Extras	5
Armstrong l.b.w b Wyatt	0	Total	144
Bradshaw not out	35		
Bidwell c Wyatt b Qualfe	4		

BOWLING.

First Innings—Howell, 3 for 55; Calthorpe, 1 for 11; Fox, 1 for 10; Wyatt, 2 for 16; Qualfe, 2 for 31; Santall, 1 for 16.

SOMERSET V. WORCESTERSHIRE.

At Knowle. Score:—

SOMERSET—First Innings.

Young b Rogers	77	M. L. Hambling l.b.w b Price	4
Lee c Bowles b Tarbox	20	W. F. Greswell b Tarbox	0
R. A. Ingle l.b.w b Lane	19	Lockes b Bowles	1
A. E. S. Bippon b Bowles	133	Hunt not out	1
J. C. White b Root	14	Extras	24
C. C. Case b Price	17	Total	379
G. F. Earle c Wilkes b Lane	63		

BOWLING.

First Innings—Root, 1 for 64; Tarbox, 2 for 28; Bowles, 2 for 53; Lane, 3 for 74; Price, 2 for 90; Rogers, 1 for 44; Wright, 0 for 1.

WORCESTERSHIRE.

Tarbox c Lockes b Greswell	4	c Lockes b Greswell	20
Root c Ingle b White	2	c Lockes b White	1
J. B. Higgins run out	4	run out	45
Wright l.b.w b Greswell	7	b Greswell	13
A. F. Lane b Greswell	3	b Lee	13
King b Greswell	1	not out	6
Rogers c White b Greswell	20	c Wright b Lee	0
A. J. Wilkes c Hambling b White	2	b White	0
C. B. Ponsonby b White	0	c Lee b White	0
Bowles not out	18	l.b.w b Greswell	4
Williams b White	1	c Hambling b White	0
Extras	3	Extras	7
Total	67	Total	112

BOWLING.

First Innings—Greswell, 6 to 28; Hambling, 0 for 6; White, 4 for 30.

Second Innings—Greswell, 3 for 40; Hambling, 0 for 0; White, 4 for 56; Hunt, 1 for 8; Lee, 2 for 9; Young, 0 for 3.

WARWICKSHIRE V. LEICESTERSHIRE.

At Birmingham. Score:—

WARWICKSHIRE.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
E. J. Smith c Sidwell b Shipman	4	c Coleman b Astill	44
Kilner b Skelding	22	c Fowke b Skelding	1
Bates c Kilner b Astill	54	not out	36
Quaife c Smith b Skelding	1	b Astill	0
Parsons b Snary	12	not out	16
Croom c Bradshaw b Shipman	47		
Santall c Sidwell b Armstrong	1		
R. E. Wyatt c Bradshaw b Astill	61		
Hon. F. S. Calthorpe c Astill b Shipman	11		
Fox not out	11		
Howell l.b.w. b Snary	0		
Extras	23	Extras	4
Total	240	Total (3 wkts.)	101

BOWLING.

First Innings—Shipman, 3 for 25; Skelding, 2 for 65; Snary, 2 for 45; Astill, 2 for 40; Coleman, 0 for 19; Smith, 0 for 21; Armstrong, 1 for 2.

LEICESTERSHIRE—First Innings.

Major Fowke b Howell	0	H. A. Smith st Smith b Qualfe	4
Snary c Jroom b Howell	0	Coleman c Calthorpe b Wyatt	37
Shipman b Calthorpe	3	Skelding c Qualfe b Santall	10
Berry c Howell b Fox	8	Santall not out	5
Astill l.b.w b Howell	38	Extras	5
Armstrong l.b.w b Wyatt	0	Total	144
Bradshaw not out	35		
Bidwell c Wyatt b Qualfe	4		

BOWLING.

First Innings—Howell, 3 for 55; Calthorpe, 1 for 11; Fox, 1 for 10; Wyatt, 2 for 16; Qualfe, 2 for 31; Santall, 1 for 16.

SOMERSET V. WORCESTERSHIRE.

At Knowle. Score:—

SOMERSET—First Innings.

Young b Rogers	77	M. L. Hambling l.b.w b Price	4
Lee c Bowles b Tarbox	20	W. F. Greswell b Tarbox	0
R. A. Ingle l.b.w b Lane	19	Lockes b Bowles	1
A. E. S. Bippon b Bowles	133	Hunt not out	1
J. C. White b Root	14	Extras	24
C. C. Case b Price	17	Total	379
G. F. Earle c Wilkes b Lane	63		

BOWLING.

First Innings—Root, 1 for 64; Tarbox, 2 for 28; Bowles, 2 for 53; Lane, 3 for 74; Price, 2 for 90; Rogers, 1 for 44; Wright, 0 for 1.

WORCESTERSHIRE.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Tarbox c Lockes b Greswell	4	c Lockes b Greswell	20
Root c Ingle b White	2	c Lockes b White	1
J. B. Higgins run out	4	run out	45
Wright l.b.w b Greswell	7	b Greswell	13
A. F. Lane b Greswell	3	b Lee	13
King b Greswell	1	not out	6
Rogers c White b Greswell	20	c Wright b Lee	0
A. J. Wilkes c Hambling b White	2	b White	0
C. B. Ponsonby b White	0	c Lee b White	0
Bowles not out	18	l.b.w b Greswell	4
Williams b White	1	c Hambling b White	0
Extras	3	Extras	7
Total	67	Total	112

BOWLING.

First Innings—Greswell, 6 to 28; Hambling, 0 for 6; White, 4 for 30.

Second Innings—Greswell, 3 for 40; Hambling, 0 for 0; White, 4 for 56; Hunt, 1 for 8; Lee, 2 for 9; Young, 0 for 3.

YACHTING.

SEAPOINT DINGHIES: CREWS' RACE.

The wind was from W.S.W. and very puffy when the Crews' Race was sailed on Wednesday last, with the start at 7.40 p.m. The usual plan was followed of helmsmen and crews exchanging positions for the occasion, and at the start the order away was Kittiwake, Redshank, Ibis, Seamew, Cormorant, Curlew. At the close of the first round Ibis was leading Kittiwake, Curlew, Redshank, Seamew and Cormorant in the order set down. There was quite a good race between the leading three towards the close, and the finish was:—

	H. M. S.
Ibis (winner)—Messrs. E. and N. Odbert	8 15 40
Kittiwake (2nd)—Messrs. Hart and Campbell	8 16 2
Curlew (3rd)—Messrs. Hay and Felton	8 17 15
Redshank—Messrs. Pim and Croxton	8 18 15
Seamew—Messrs. Haigh and Conyngham	8 19 12
Cormorant—Messrs. Ritchie and Glens	8 21 7

Mr. G. Bayley Spencer was officer of the day.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

FORD WORKS METAL.

JURY FAIL TO AGREE TO A VERDICT.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE SULLIVAN.)

After an absence of two hours and a half, at the close of the hearing yesterday, the jury returned at 8.15 p.m., without having come to a verdict in the case of Gerald Jackson, marine dealer, trading at Old Victoria road, Cork, who was charged with having conspired with Marais Coombes to defraud Messrs. Ford and Company (Ltd.) of a quantity of brass and copper and babbit metal (valued at £200 per ton). The jury were discharged, and prisoner was allowed out on continuing bail.

Mr. Joseph O'Connor, K.C.; Mr. Reardon, K.C., and Mr. M. Sullivan (instructed by Mr. Noyk), appeared for the defence; and, when the case for the prosecution had closed, Mr. O'Connor urged that, even on this case as presented by the State, his client was entitled to a verdict of "not guilty" for what was "but a fantastic charge against a man of good reputation, and against whom there had never been a suggestion of dishonesty."

The accused man, giving evidence on his own behalf, denied that he had ever directly or indirectly entered into or been concerned in any conspiracy to defraud Messrs. Ford, and he emphatically repudiated the allegations made against him by the witnesses for the prosecution associating him with fraud or dishonesty.

Mr. J. C. Lawlor, cashier, Munster and Leinster Bank, Carrick-on-Shannon, has been transferred to Navan, and he is replaced by Mr. M. C. Vaughan, Ballina.

CIVIC GUARDS' VICTORIOUS TUG-O'-WAR TEAM.

Standing—The Dublin Metropolitan Guards tug-o'-war team (holders of the trophy), who defeated the Rathenisks, Queen's County, team (kneeling) by two pulls to one in the final of the Open Tug-o'-War Competition at Aonach an Gharda yesterday.

NORTHUMBERLAND V. NEW ZEALANDERS.

At Newcastle. New Zealanders won by an innings and three runs. Score:—

NEW ZEALANDERS—First Innings.

R. C. Blunt c Bruce b Maconachie	195	E. H. L. Bernau c Hetherton b Milne	1
C. S. Dempster b Hetherton	29	K. James c Maconachie b Milne	12
M. Page c Maconachie b Hetherton	36	W. Cunningham c Milne b Hetherton	3
T. C. Lowry st Peacock b Milne	95	M. Henderson b Maconachie	15
C. Oliver b Towler	3	Extras	28
C. F. Allcott c and b Milne	21	Total	476
W. E. Merritt not out	38		

BOWLING.

First Innings—Milne, 4 for 147; Hetherton, 5 for 157; Towler, 1 for 59; Maconachie, 2 for 85.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
W. G. Mackay c Blunt b Page	9	c Lowry b Cunningham	2
J. B. Brace c Oliver b Cunningham	43	c James b Allcott	36
C. F. Stanger-Leathes b Blunt	51	c Henderson b Merritt	24
W. B. Pritchard not out	103	c Merritt b Page	36
Capt. C. G. Arkwright b Merritt	1	c Oliver b Merritt	20
F. C. Brodbelt c Jas b Blunt	9	c Henderson b Blunt	2
Towler b Merritt	7	b Blunt	2
J. C. Maconachie c and b Merritt	0	b Merritt	11
J. W. Peacock c Cunningham b Blunt	8	c Cunningham b Blunt	10
Hetherton b Blunt	6	c Lowry b Merritt	27
Milne c Cunningham	25	not out	18
Extras	12	Extras	13
Total	272	Total	201

First Innings—Oliver, 0 for 25; Allcott, 0 for 15; Page, 1 for 17; Cunningham, 2 for 26; Blunt, 5 for 51; Merritt, 4 for 100; Henderson, 0 for 13; Bernau, 0 for 3.

Second Innings—Henderson, 0 for 29; Cunningham, 1 for 58; Page, 1 for 17; Allcott, 1 for 3; Merritt, 4 for 46; Blunt, 3 for 37; Bernau, 0 for 18.

SUSSEX V. KENT.

At Horsham. Score:—

SUSSEX.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Tate c Evans b Beslee	19	b Beslee	47
J. Parks c Hubble b Beslee	16	b Evans	1
Wensley c Ashdown b Beslee	45	c and b Ashdown	66
Cook b Beslee	0	st Hubble b Freeman	4
Capt. G. O. Isherwood b Legge b Ashdown	1	run out	31
Hollingdale c Wright b Freeman	14	c Evans b Ashdown	7
A. H. R. Gilligan c and b Wright	16	b Freeman	66
A. E. R. Gilligan b Freeman	17	b Beslee	28
Cox not out	15	not out	13
H. Parks c Hubble b Wright	2	b Freeman	0
Cornford c Woolley b Wright	1	b Woolley	12
Extras	10	Extras	12
Total	160	Total	292

BOWLING.

First Innings—Wright, 5 for 41; Beslee, 4 for 55; Ashdown, 1 for 11; Freeman, 2 for 37; Evans, 0 for 6.

Second Innings—Beslee, 2 for 77; Ashdown, 2 for 90; Evans, 1 for 17; Freeman, 3 for 63; Woolley, 1 for 23; Hardinge, 0 for 10.

KENT.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Hardinge c Cornford b J. Parks	105	b Tate	9
Ashdown b Tate	2	b J. Parks	2
A. J. Evans c Tate b Hollingdale	33	not out	0
Woolley c Cook b Tate	48	not out	3
Amer c Wensley b J. Parks	0		
Legge c Cornford b Tate	9		
Hubble c Wensley b J. Parks	6		
Todd not out	3		
Wright c A. E. Gilligan b J. Parks	17		
Freeman c and b J. Parks	1		
Beslee b Tate	4		
Extras	22	Extras	9
Total	250	Total (2 wkts.)	23

BOWLING.

First Innings—Tate, 4 for 80; Wensley, 0 for 33; J. Parks, 5 for 59; Cox, 0 for 36; Hollingdale, 1 for 13.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Leinster v. Dublin University (S.L.). First day. Rathmines.

Leinster Schools' Trial Match. Sydney Parade.

TO-MORROW'S SENIOR MATCHES

Leinster v. Dublin University (S.L.). Second day. Rathmines.

Clontarf v. Pembroke (S.L.). Castle avenue.

R. and S.P. Union v. Civil Service (S.L.). Park avenue.

Phœnix v. Merrion (S.L.). Phœnix Park.

Leinster—J. B. Ganly (captain), C. M. Hill, L. Bookman, R. T. Sheppard, Captain W. S. Kelly, J. R. Graham, F. W. Fox, J. D. Alison, C. Nash, H. H. Forsyth, J. A. O'Connor.

MASONIC v. BELVEDERE.

Masonic S.C.T., 160 for 6 (declared); Belvedere S.C.T., 81 (9).

This match, played in the Phœnix Park on Wednesday, resulted in a draw. For Masonic Latimer was 69 not out, while 14, Hoey 22, Latimer 10, and Gill 12 not out. For Belvedere Byrne made 26 and Ingram 18. For Masonic Fluke (3 for 21) and Gill (2 for 13) bowled best.

CRICKET.—Reports of all Matches and Notes on current events appear in *The Irish Field*. Published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

ROWING.

THE BOYNE REGATTA.

A TREBLE FOR DROGHEDA.

Drogheda and Neptune divided the spoils very fairly on the Boyne yesterday, and for their place at the head of the winning clubs the leaders have to thank their superior staying power. Honours were easy—each club had two wins to their credit—when the senior eights, the last race of the day, went down. It was a match—Drogheda v. Neptune—as, indeed, all the senior events were, and, to make matters even more interesting, the senior fours had been divided earlier in the afternoon.

The home club had opened their score with the second senior four, when C. Murdock's crew fairly romped away with the Cairnes Cup. At Island Bridge this crew had scored a good win against the Neptune four, stroked by L. Fleming, by a margin of three lengths, and yesterday they repeated the win, this time by five lengths. Really well together, rowing with good length and life, they had matters very much their own way from the start to win as stated. Showing far and away the best form in their class, both on the Liffey and at home, they are going to take a lot of stopping in the regattas to come.

The same clubs faced the starter for the senior fours, Drogheda Cup. The verdict went the other way, but by a very different margin—namely, three-quarters of a length. Led as he was, P. A. Morgan hung on in sterling fashion to bring his men home in right good style, fighting every foot of the course. Weight and length were factors which told in favour of the winner's rowing into the headwind, which blew right down the course.

With the fours divided, senior honours turned on the verdict in the eights. The power of the Drogheda crew to row a losing race, to put in a right good finish, turned the scale. Led at the start of the Hibernian Cup, they were something over a length behind Neptune at the waterfall, from which point they timed their effort. Closing up rapidly by the time the Green was reached, they were on terms, and, with Neptune getting very short under pressure, they drew away to win by one and a half lengths, a victory rowed for and well won.

With the exception of the junior fours, Boyne Cup, the remaining events went very much as was anticipated. For the Boyne, Newry, Drogheda and Belfast B.C. faced the starter, and they finished in the order named. The home club were expected to repeat their win against Cark Harbour at Island Bridge, but they never looked like doing so, and at the finish Newry got a two lengths' verdict.

The maiden eights went to Dublin University, who led throughout, thanks to their quickness off the stake boats, and they had enough in hand to stall off a Neptune spurt in the enclosure and win by three-quarters of a length.

Superior finishing power brought Drogheda through the final of the Kelly Cup (junior eights), this time at the expense of Belfast Commercial, who led to the Green, but failed to finish, and lost by half a length.

Weather conditions were again mixed, the crews having to face a stiff head wind; but the fact that the afternoon was fine was reflected in a greatly improved attendance, a fitting reward for the painstaking efforts of the Executive, under the direction of Messrs. L. F. Brannigan and J. V. Farrell, Hon. Secretaries. Details:—

CORPORATION CHALLENGE CUP.
(Under-age Fours.)
FINAL.

Centre Station.—Belfast Commercial B.C.—W. H. Gibson (bow), 10st. 7lb.; 2 H. J. Harper, 9st. 10lb.; 3 W. M. Gamble, 11st.; J. Sefton (stk.), 10st. 8st. 7 W. McCormick (cox.), 9st. 7lb.—L.

South Station.—Drogheda R.C.—R. McAuley (bow), 10st. 6lb.; 2 V. Kidd, 10st. 6lb.; 3 J. M. Collins, 10st. 6lb.; V. J. Duffner (stk.), 10st. 7lb.; L. J. Healy (cox.), 9st. 4lb.—2.

North Station.—Newry R.C.—T. C. Huey (bow), 11st.; 2 E. W. Porter, 10st. 7lb.; 3 J. Scott, 10st. 7lb.; J. Wilson (stk.), 10st. 9lb.; Joseph Fisher (cox), 8st. 9lb.—0.

There was little between them to half-way, following a good start. Then Belfast drew out, and, never afterwards challenged, won by two lengths from Drogheda; a bad third.

BOYNE CHALLENGE CUP. (Junior Fours.)
FINAL.

North Station.—Newry R.C.—W. N. Dungan (bow), 10st. 7lb.; 2 Owen O'Sullivan, 10st. 9lb.; 3 W. E. G. Sinton, 11st. 6lb.; J. E. Dunlop (stk.), 11st. 4lb.; J. Fisher (cox.), 7st. 9lb.—1.

Centre Station.—Drogheda R.C.—E. Delany (bow), 10st. 9lb.; 2 J. Lyons, 11st.; 3 T. Corrigan, 11st. 2lb.; John Roche (stk.), 11st. 2lb.; L. J. Healy (cox.), 9st. 4lb.—2.

Newry came through the rough water in good style, and were clear of Drogheda at half-way; Belfast faded off third. The order was unchanged to the finish, Newry winning by two lengths.

MAIDEN CHALLENGE CUP. (Maiden Fours.)
FINAL.

North Station.—Neptune R.C.—H. E. Rudge (bow), 9st. 10lb.; 2 C. T. Foley, 10st.; 3 W. P. Patterson, 11st.; W. J. Redmond (stk.), 10st. 10lb.; J. B. Magennity (cox.), 9st.—L.

Centre Station.—Dublin R.C.—T. A. Thompson (bow), 11st. 10lb.; 2 J. P. Finn, 12st. 2lb.; 3 R. J. Savage, 12st. 5lb.; A. J. Palmer (stk.), 12st. 10lb.; L. Ward (cox.), 10st.—2.

South Station.—Dolphin R.C.—M. J. Kelly (bow), 10st. 4lb.; 2 F. Bryson, 11st. 6lb.; 3 P. J. O'Donnell, 12st. 10lb.; J. J. Clarke (stk.), 11st. 2lb.; R. G. Leslie (cox.), 9st. 10lb.—0.

A close race to half-way, when Neptune went ahead, and holding the lead to the line, won by one and a half lengths from Dublin; a bad third.

CAIRNES CHALLENGE CUP. (Second Senior Fours.)
FINAL.

North Station.—Drogheda R.C.—T. Delaney (bow), 10st. 10lb.; 2 J. Duffner, 10st. 9lb.; 3 J. Durnin, 11st. 3lb.; C. Murdock (stk.), 11st.; L. J. Healy (cox.), 9st. 4lb.—1.

South Station.—Neptune R.C.—F. J. Cleary (bow), 9st. 7lb.; 2 M. J. Kane, 11st.; 3 J. J. Hogan, 11st. 10lb.; L. Fleming (st.), 9st. 8lb.; J. B. Magennity (cox.), 9st.—2.

Drogheda came right away from the start, to lead throughout and win by five lengths.

DROGHEDA CHALLENGE CUP (Senior Fours).
FINAL.

North Station.—Neptune R.C.—J. F. Bowman (bow), 10st.; 2 V. H. Farrell, 10st. 10lb.; 3 M. McMahon, 12st. 6lb.; G. C. McNamara (stk.), 11st. 7lb.; J. Nolan (cox.), 9st.—0.

South Station.—Drogheda R.C.—P. J. Byrne (bow), 9st. 4lb.; 2 T. J. McAuley, 11st.; 3 J. Durnin, 11st. 3lb.; P. A. Morgan (stk.), 10st. 10lb.; L. Healy (cox), 9st.—2.

Quicker away, Neptune took an early lead, and passing the Beacon, were half-a length ahead. Drogheda hung on steadily, but failed to get on terms, and were three-quarters of a length astern at the line.

KELLY CHALLENGE CUP (Junior Eights).
FINAL.

North Station.—Drogheda R.C.—R. McAuley (bow), 10st. 6lb.; 2 V. Kidd, 10st. 6lb.; 3 J. Delaney, 10st. 5lb.; 4 J. Lyons, 11st.; 5 T. Corrigan, 11st. 2lb

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(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3.)

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MOTOR Business established 25 years, best position in Dublin, for Sale as going concern; price £1,000. F 649, this office. 20 F

OFFICE to Let, 1st and 2nd Floors. Apply Thompson's, 8 Westmoreland street.

TO Let, on lease, Shop and Basement, Henry street; A magnificent window; near Arnott's. Sole Agent, Kelly, 71 Iona road. 20 E

TO Let, 67 Middle Abbey street, Shop and Basement. A next door to G.P.O.; most central; moderate rent. Apply to A. J. Colling, next door. 21 F

TWO fine Offices to Let, first floor, communicating, one very large; suit solicitors.—13 Lower Ormond quay.

TO Let, Butcher's Shop, complete, in leading city thoroughfare.—F 711, this office. 21 F

TO great Trusts and Pensyes—£250 can secure well established Business, which will yield £4 to £5 per week on terms to be arranged; owner stay twelve months to suit buyer.—F 925, this office.

TO Let, Co. Wicklow, 4,000 acre Shoot, grouse, wood-cock, etc.; good stock left last season; lake and river fishing; good hotel accommodation. —Address "Z 3539, Shooting," this office. 23 F

TO Let, large Farm, suitable for stud farm; ample accommodation for grooms and horses; county comfortably situated. Address "Z 3542, Farm," this office. 23 B

WANTED, Rent, small Shop and House, or House (suitable conversion); good market town.—F 3515, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 20 F

WANTED to Rent, city or suburbs, Butcher's Shop; F 611A, this office. 20 E

WANTED to Purchase, Farm, with House and about 20 to 30 Irish Acres good Land; near Bray preferred. Address "Z 3505, Farm," this office.

WANTED to Purchase, Shop and House; good suburban district preferred.—F 872, this office. 23 B

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

A BANDON HOUSE HUNTING and consult House Agency Department, GARVEY and GOOD, 3 Lincoln place, Dublin. Register kept of HOUSES and LANDS for Sale and Wanted. TELEPHONE 62468. 7

Albert MacArthur is
"The Housefinder," 52 O'Connell street. T

A BOUT Seaside Houses, Blackrock to Dalkey—Consult Agency, Auctioneer, Sandycove, who keeps big list; all sizes and prices and districts; state requirements. 24 E

A DJOINING N.C. road—Attractive double fronted red basement semi detached Residence; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, garage, good garden; gas, open coals; all fire in perfect order. Apply Sole Agents, Garvey and Good, 21 Lincoln place. 20 E

AT Tallow—Cottage Residence for Sale, price only £350, suitable to Let at 5 years; 2 sitting rooms, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, etc.; newly decorated. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street. 21 F

AT Dun Laoghaire—For Sale, 5 Acres of Land, suitable for building or poultry farm. Particulars from Garvey and Good, 21 Lincoln place. 20 E

A WELL built, modern, semi-detached House; easy tenor low head rent.—Auburn, Rosliworth park. 20 E

AT 28 Westmoreland street.—We Sell Motor.—MacArthur and Co., Ltd. 23 D

AT Delgany—Detached Residence, on 20 acres, for Sale or reduced price; motor garage, garden, etc. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street. 22 A

AT Sandycove (facing sea)—For Sale, new detached two storey Residence; 2 sittingrooms, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, etc.; price £1,650, with possession. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street. 22 A

AT Sandycove (facing sea)—For Sale, new detached two storey Residence; 2 sittingrooms, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, etc.; price £1,650, with possession. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street. 22 A

BATTERSBY and Co. offer—Fairview, with possession, detached two storey and basement Residence, 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, bathroom (h. and c.), maid's room, garden; rear entrance; newly decorated; low rent. Apply 19 Upper Fitzwilliam street. 23 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer—Dalkey, £1,000, possession; magnificent views; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms; or would Let. 23 C

BATTERSBY and Co. offer—Drumcondra, on open country surroundings, modern, semi detached, 3 roomed Residence with large garden; remainder lease 30 years. 23 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer—Phibsborough, £700, compact built House, conveniently placed; low penny stage. 22 F

BALLYBACK—Charming Detached Residence, sea, flower, and vegetable gardens, garage, fowl house, on about 2 acres, price 2,000 guineas, or would Let; ideally situated. Apply Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

BALLY, Sutton—For Sale, desirable House, substantially built, well sheltered and facing South; three reception, five bedrooms, kitchen, maid's room and pantries, scullery, bathroom (hot and cold), w.c.; excellent water supply. Reply F 865, this office. 23 B

BLACKROCK, facing the sea—Brick built modern Residence, six apartments, bath; £550 Keys, MacArthur's, Ltd., 28 Westmoreland street. 23 B

BRIDGE Sale, 11 Stamer street (possession), central position; suitable boarding house, 11 rooms, bathroom, electric light; low rent. 23 C

BATTERSBY and Co. will Sell by Auction, Thursday next, valuable Profit Rents, £182 per annum, out of 33 and 34 South Great George's street; £445 per annum, out of 18 Upper Merrion street. Full particulars 39 South Great George's street. 23 C

CLONTARF—Semi-detached, 6 apartments, built, w.c., large enclosed site, two garages, army hut, fowl run, stable; rent £30 10/- yearly; price £575; £275 down. Full details. Kay Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

CLONTARF—121 St. Lawrence road, three bedroomed House, two reception, bath (hot and cold); redecorated throughout; ready for immediate occupation.—Hillett 116 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 23 B

COMPACT House, containing three rooms, kitchen, lavatory, coal store, garden, with back entrance; low ground rent. Apply E. M. Lloyd, Solicitor, 110 Stephen's Green. 23 B

DALKEY—For Sale, a compact, semi-detached, number basement House; free of rent; suit person wishing to be conveniently situated. Particulars from Garvey and Good, 21 Lincoln place. 23 E

FREEHOLD—Detached stone built double fronted House, three principal rooms, five bedrooms, three landings, gas throughout, principal bedrooms fitted; heating; greenhouse, summerhouse, cold frame, three outbuildings; garage for two cars; large lawn and terrace in front, very large garden. Sell stocked with fruit trees; price £1,500.—Crosbie, Greystones Lodge, Blackrock, Greystones. Phone 1 Greystones. 23 C

FOR Sale, compact House, 5 rooms, h. and c. basin, in good condition; vacant possession; good locality. Can be seen 2 to 3.30 p.m., or key to be had at 26 South Richmond street any time. 19 B

FIVE Roomed House for Sale, 14 Leinster place, Rathmines; £450. Key No. 12, next door. 20 F

GLENAGEARY—For Sale, well built, semi-detached Gothic House; good garden, garage. Particulars from Garvey and Good, 21 Lincoln place. 23 E

HOUSE for Sale, Castle road, Dramcondra; vacant possession.—F 830, this office. 22 A

HARRINGTON street, No. 80, by Auction on Thursday next, 30th June, opposite Portobello street Church; 10 rooms, kitchen, hot bath, lavatory, bath; rent £50. Lot 2.

A WELL built, modern, semi-detached House; easy tenor low head rent.—Auburn, Rosliworth park. 20 E

HOLLYBROOK road, Clontarf—Now, up to date Residence for Sale; built for £425 years; at £6 10- yearly; price £1,150. Kay Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

HOUSES AND LANDS CONTINUED.

LUCKENE, Cowper Gardens, off Cowper road, a very well built Residence, containing three reception rooms on hall level, 5 good bedrooms, maid's room, bath, h. and c., hot press, spacious garage; possession; for Auction, Tuesday, 30th June.—Dockrell Limited, Auctioneers, George's street. 2 A

LARGE Premises, 5 floors, suit hotel, warehouse, etc., or Auctioneer's country Auction Rooms; 3 Capel street, Dublin. 'Phone 4083. 23 B

MOSSY, semi detached 3-roomed House, electric, gas, garage, garden, 3 reception, five bedrooms; long lease. Apply Hill, Builder, Claremont road, Sandymount. 23 C

MONKSTOWN—No. 6 Clifton terrace, double fronted, facing sea; large garden and garage, 4 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath; free of rent for four years, and then subject to £52 per annum for 99 years; a choice property, with vacant possession. For Auction on Thursday, 30th June.—Dockrell Limited, Auctioneers, George's street. 23 A

NEAR Dalkey—Seaside Cottage, five rooms; long lease; 10/- weekly.—Hatchell, Solicitor, Dalkey. 20 F

NEW House, North side; letting value £110; sell cheap for cash.—F 835, this office. 22 A

PARK avenue, Sydney Parade—Detached Residence, bay windows, modern conveniences, side entrance; sell for £1,175. Key Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

PROBT Ground Rent, almost £32, for Sale, secured on number of modern houses, Phibsborough district, price £425.—Apply Reply F 869, this office. 23 B

RATHFARNHAM—Ideal Residence (cottage style), 8 rooms, bathroom (h. and c.), four acres, lovely garden and surroundings; possession; for Auction, Tuesday, cottage, large garage, dairy and modern townhouse, other stables and outhouses; convenient city; rent free for ever; £3 10/- yearly; price £575; £275 down. Key Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

SANDYCOVE, Glenageary—Detached Residence for Sale, 8 apartments, gardens; £900; lease ever.—Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

SANDYCOVE, Glenageary, West (facing harbour)—Compact and convenient House, three reception, five bedrooms, electric light, garage; thorough repair.—60 Waterloo road.

SYDNEY Parade—Non basement, 4 bedrooms, garage; £350 cash, £800 mortgage; possession.—Arthur Jones, 20 Upper Ormond quay. 23 C

1 MOUNT Norris Villas, almost on Esplanade, Bray, double fronted Residence; sell for £900; no rent; ideal situation, England, 4 Adelaide street. 23 C

9 GROVE Park, Rathmines, for Sale; 8 apartments, h. and c. bath, electric light; seen by appointment; price £950. 21 F

29 DRUMCONDRA Park (possession)—Well built modern House; drawingroom, diningroom, kitchen, three bedrooms, bathroom; side entrance. 21 B

£850 WILL Purchase non-basement House, off N.C. road, Phoenix Park end; clear possession.—Garvey and Good, 21 Lincoln place. 21 E

HOUSES TO LET.

FURNISHED House to Let for July and August; £3 £30; Marlborough road, Donnybrook; three bedrooms, three sittingrooms, every convenience.—F 700, this office.

HOUSE, 5 apartments, Phibsborough—Landlord will Let, in Exchange for House South side.—F 699, this office.

NICELY and conveniently situated, well Furnished House to Let, eight apartments.—F 640, this office.

NEAR square—large, centrally heated Flat; Malahide, six good apartments, separate staircase; rent moderate to suitable tenant. Lease and Pembroke road, Terenure; Furnished Flats, all districts; Offices, central city. Only first class property handled.—Exchange Buildings, Ltd., 6 Grafton street.

MODERN 7 roomed House to Let, immediate possession; moderate rent.—F 900, this office.

TO Let or Sale, very comfortably furnished, every modern convenience; must be careful tenant; £12 month for year. Seen any day. Apply Quinlan, "Mayfield," Verner gardens, Rathfarn.

TO Let, small Furnished House, no basement, 8th July and August; moderate. Apply F 896, this office.

HOUSES WANTED.

FURNISHED House, Ballsbridge district; £200, £250 year.—Arthur Jones, Son, 23 Andrew street.

HOUSE Wanted, to rent, South suburbs; about eight rooms and motor house.—F 657, this office. 20 E

WANTED, to rent, compact House, North side; state terms.—F 634, this office. 20 E

WANTED, Unfurnished House to Rent, North side; good solvent tenant. Address "Z 3394, House," this office. 20 C

WANTED, to Rent, modern House, Kenilworth or Rathgar districts, £100 to £150 p.a.; year's rent in advance.—F 703, this office. 20 E

WANTED, non-basement, Furnished House, Ballsbridge district, four bedrooms, £200-£250 yearly; tenance, including electric light and telephone; garden desirable; state full particulars and terms.—F 681, Andrew street.

WANTED, small House to Rent; preferably Rathgar, Terenure; £60 per annum; good tenant.—F 811, this office.

WANTED to Rent, medium sized Unfurnished modern House; good tenants; no children.—F 833, this office.

WANTED to Rent, October or November, small compact House, Unfurnished, in city or convenient thereto.—F 897, this office.

WANTED to Purchase, modern House; Glasnevin district preferred; state particulars and lowest price.—F 898, this office.

WANTED, Unfurnished modern House to Rent, about six apartments, etc.; city or suburbs; rent in advance; no children.—F 894, this office.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

APARTMENTS Agency—Lists on application; Flats, Board Residence, Furnished Apartments.—Miss White, 25 Nassau street.

AT 40 Harrington street—Comfortably Furnished Sitting-room or two bedrooms, kitchenette, if required. 20 F

AT 15 Northumberland road—Select Board Residence, quiet, comfortable, hot baths. 23 B

AT 2 Fitzwilliam avenue, Rathgar—Select Apartments or Board Residence. 21 F

AT 98 Lower Baggot street—Large, comfortable Room, suit business ladies or gentlemen; with or without board. 21 F

AT LADY highly recommends Rooms, or Paying Guest received with wife.—F 609, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge. 20 E

AT Auburn House, Herbert street—Select Board Residence; visitors or permanent. 23 B

APARTMENTS, nicely Furnished, Sittingroom, Bedroom, use kitchen; part attendance.—10 Frankfort avenue.

A BIJOU, Self-contained, Furnished Flat, bedroom, sittingroom, kitchenette; suit one or two people; moderate.—17 Haddington road.

A LADY highly recommends Rooms, or Paying Guest received; South side.—F 609, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge.

A LADY highly recommends Rooms, or Paying Guest received with wife.—F 609, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge. 20 E

AT Auburn House, Herbert street—Select Board Residence; visitors or permanent. 23 B

APARTMENTS, nicely Furnished, Sittingroom, Bedroom, use kitchen; part attendance.—10 Frankfort avenue.

A BIJOU, Self-contained, Furnished Flat, bedroom, sittingroom, kitchenette; suit one or two people; moderate.—17 Haddington road.

A LADY highly recommends Rooms, or Paying Guest received; South side.—F 609, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge.

BEDROOM and Sittingroom, Rathgar road, to Let; private; no attendance. Apply 3 Rathgar road.

BALLSBRIDGE, near R.D.S.—Well Furnished Flat, F 902, this office. 23 B

BALLSBRIDGE—Three roomed Furnished Flat, near Ballsbridge Station, to Let for July and August or August only. Apply F 875, this office. 23 B

BEDROOM and Sittingroom (large), attendance, select house, suit gentleman; 2 minutes Rathmines Church. 30/- weekly.—F 910, this office. 23 F

COMFORTABLE Furnished Rooms, full or partial board; good catering and attendance.—Miss Farmer, 52 Harcourt street. 23 B

COMFORTABLE front combined Room, suit two ladies or business people; quiet, private house; convenient for Trams, etc.; 2, C road.

COMFORTABLE Single Bedroom, with or without partial Board; convenient modern house; suit gentleman dining out.—14 Hatch street. Phone 62035. 23 B

DUNDRUM—Paying Guests (gentlemen) received, comfortable well furnished House; beautiful country; female guests only; large and safe compound. F 876, this office. 20 E

EXCEPTIONALLY well appointed Flat to be Let to Let, nice people for July and August.—Dockrell Limited, George's street. 23 A

APARTMENTS TO LET CONTINUED.

FURNISHED Flat, self contained, to Let; three rooms, bath, kitchenette; 2nd Dwelling.—F 905, this office. 20 E

FLAT, Unfurnished, 3 spacious apartments, every convenience, 15s house; Fitzwilliam; £84 per year. this office. 21 F

FURNISHED Combined Room, Sittingroom and Bedroom, separate cooker; 10/6 Ezra road, Rathmines. 21 F

FURNISHED Hall Flat, Rathmines road.—F 762, this office. 21 F

FLAT, Rooms to Let in Fitzwilliam place.—F 895, this office. 23 B

FINE Bedroom, Rathgar road; 8/- weekly.—R 0158, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

FLAT to Let, four large rooms, electric light, gas.—70 Kenilworth square. 23 B

FURNISHED Apartments; comfortable, convenient and moderate; newly done up.—17 Bangalore road.

FURNISHED Bedroom and Sittingroom; bath, electric light; private house.—61 Fairview Strand. 23 B

GENTLEMAN can have Apartments; partial board optional; 285 N.C. road, Phibsborough.

GENTLEMAN can have front Bedroom, use sittingroom, Partial Board, hot bath; 30/- weekly; Rathmines.—F 904, this office. 23 B

LARGE Front Combined Room, Furnished, kitchenette, use bath; 15/—62 Lower Beechwood avenue, Ranelagh. 20 F

LARGE Furnished front Bedroom and Sittingroom; suit friends or married couple; moderate.—6 York road, Rathmines. 22 F

LADY or gentleman can have comfortably Furnished Bedroom, use diningroom, drawingroom, garage; board arranged; Highfield road, Rathgar.—P 915, this office. 23 F

MESPIL road—Ground Floor Flat, Furnished, bedsitting-room, kitchen, gas, electric, £1 weekly.—F 642, this office. 20 E

MERRION square—Unfurnished top Flat; three rooms, kitchenette, bathroom; rent contained; electric light, gas cooker.—F 838, this office. 22 A

PEMBROKE road—Flat to Let, July, August or 1 Horse Show.—F 717, this office. 20 E

RATHMINES road—Furnished Flat, three rooms, kitchenette.—F 761, this office. 21 F

SELECT Board Residence, permanency or casuals.—7 Fitzwilliam lane, middle; full or partial Board; moderate.—44 Lower Leeson street. 20 F

SELECT Board Residence, permanency or casuals.—7 Fitzwilliam lane, middle; full or partial Board; moderate.—44 Lower Leeson street. 20 F

SELECT Board Residence, permanency or casuals.—7 Fitzwilliam lane, middle; full or partial Board; moderate.—44 Lower Leeson street. 20 F

TO Let, 3 room self contained Flat, Pembroke district (2d. tram); at ses.—F 771, this office. 21 F

TO Let, Apartments (Furnished), sittingroom, two bedrooms; Rathmines.—F 808, this office. 22 A

TO Let—Apartments in private residence, Palmerston road; no attendance.—F 911, this office. 23 B

TWO young men can have comfortable Lodgings; full or partial Board; quiet house, North side.—F 918, this office. 23 B

TO Let, Hall Flat, furnished; suit two.—19 Herbert place; ses after six. 23 B

TO Let, Furnished Flat (piano); moderate.—1 Mews; View avenue, Aliesbury road.

TO Let, large Furnished Bedroom; no attendance.—20 Lower Leeson street, Rathgar.

UNFURNISHED Area front Room, gas cooker, electric light; sandymount; 10/- weekly.—F 733, this office. 21 F

UNFURNISHED self contained Flat, in Terenure, rent £80; 3 rooms, kitchenette, hot bath.—Dockrell Limited, Agents, George's street. 20 F

18 PEMBROKE road—Superior Furnished Bed and Sitting Rooms, electric light, bath. 23 B

41 UPPER Mount street—Two large, airy Flats, self contained, own garden, 3 apartments each; 57 Dame street. 21 F

52 MOYNE road, Ranelagh—Comfortably Furnished Sittingroom and Bedroom, piano, hot bath; moderate to gentleman dining out on week days.

74 PEMBROKE road—Combined Room, suit gentleman; well kept house; comfortable, moderate. 21 F

99 STEPHEN'S Green—Well Furnished Drawingroom, with three Bedrooms; cooking, attendance; bath. 22 E

APARTMENTS WANTED.

DOCTOR wants Surgery and Wallingroom, furnished or unfurnished.—Fitzwilliam square district; state terms.—F 1, this office. 23 B

FLAT or small House, near Dublin. Unfurnished, moderate; state accommodation.—No. 290, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 23 B

FLAT Wanted, self contained, Unfurnished, vicinity Stephen's Green.—F 576, this office. 20 F

GENTLEMAN wants comfortable Lodgings; bedroom, sittingroom; partial board. Dundrum district; state terms.—F 828, this office. 22 B

GENTLEMAN requires good Rooms (with Board) this side; reply each by city; terms or Ballsbridge districts preferred; state terms and full particulars.—F 863, this office. 23 B

TWO gentlemen (possibly three) require unfurnished, self contained Flat, with attendance if possible; Pembroke or Ballsbridge district preferred; every convenience, including electric light and telephone; garden desirable; state full particulars and terms.—F 681, Andrew street.

WANTED, for July, August and September, small Furnished Flat with service, Bedroom and Sittingroom, with Hall Board, neighbourhood Dundrock or Clonkeagh trams. Address "Z 3440, Flat," this office.

WANTED, Unfurnished self contained Flat for two ladies; rent about £50; South side preferred.—F 832, this office. 22 A

WANTED, Unfurnished Hall or level Ground Flat, self contained; South side.—F 804, this office. 22 F

YOUNG Lady requires in nursing home or lady's house Board Residence, Dublin or seaside; please state particulars.—F 839, this office. 22 A

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY.

HOUSES TO LET AND WANTED.

AT Kingstown, Sandycove, Dalkey—Several Furnished and Unfurnished Houses and Flats; Furnished and Unfurnished.—Megahey, Auctioneer, Sandycove. 24 2

AT Carrickmines or Foxrock—Wanted, three to four bedroomed House, Furnished or Unfurnished, for July and August; excellent tenants; only two in family. Reply, stating terms, to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street. 21 F

AT Bray—Four Roomed Cottage for August or September; gas, cooker, electric light—607, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 21 F

AT Bray—Furnished moderate, Glenbrook, Mount Merrion Promenade; July, September; two months' tenancy.

AT Kingstown—House to Let, partially furnished, £150; yearly tenancy. Address "Z 3482, House," this office.

FOUR roomed unfurnished Cottage to Let; gas cooker, etc. Apply Mrs. Mooney, Monkstown Farm, or Monkstown Avenue.

KILBOY, Rathdown district—Convenient small House (Furnished or Unfurnished); three months (perhaps longer) fair terms.—Address "Z 3385, this office. 23 B

BRAY—Nice Furnished House to Let immediately, beautifully situated. Address "Z 3393, House," this office.

BRAY—House to Let, four bedrooms and kitchen, sea front, July and August; terms moderate.—900, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 23 F

BRAY—House to Let, furnished, 3 months or separately; 3 bedrooms, sittingroom, kitchen, cooker. 3 Adelaide road. 23 F

BRAY—To Let, Furnished House, sea front, fully furnished; three bedrooms, maid's room, sitting and diningroom, bath (hot and cold), gas, electric light.—M'Cann, Bray. 23 F

BETTYSTOWN—Cottages at Rosevilla, four and five apartments; July, eight and nine pounds. Apply Farrell, Rosevilla.

BRAY—Well Furnished modern detached Villa; 3 bedrooms, 2 reception rooms; 10 minutes' walk station; "sea peeps gate;" 9 guineas; July, August, 7 sea.—907, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 23 F

BRAY—House To Let, Furnished, 4 apartments; July and August, £3 10/- weekly; terms moderate; 3 Adelaide road. 23 F

BOARD Residence, convenient to tram, train, vicinity Blackrock; terms moderate.—No. 2, 297, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock